

# CONTRACT FILES

<b>AMENDMENT OF SOLICITATION/MODIFICATION OF CONTRACT</b>				1. CONTRACT ID CODE M - FPAF		PAGE OF PAGES 1 of 3	
2. AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION NO. P00080		3. EFFECTIVE DATE <b>09 FEB 2004</b>		4. REQUISITION/PURCHASE REQ.NO. SEE SCHEDULE		5. PROJECT NO. (If applicable)	
6. ISSUED BY ASC/ENVK CODE		FA8623		7. ADMINISTERED BY (If other than Item 6)		CODE FA8631	
USAF/AFMC AERONAUTICAL SYSTEMS CENTER BLDG. 1801 10TH STREET SUITE 2 WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433-7626 GAIL M. PORUMB (937) 255-3187 GAIL.PORUMB@WPAFB.AF.MIL				AF PLANT 42 ASC/DET 1 (AFMC) 2503 EAST AVENUE P PALMDALE CA 93550-2196			
8. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONTRACTOR (No., street, county, State and ZIP Code)  PYRAMID SERVICES, INC 115 SOUTH FLORIDA AVE ALAMOGORDO NM 88310 (505) 434-0239				(X)			
				9A. AMENDMENT OF SOLICITATION NO.			
				9B. DATED (SEE ITEM 11)			
				10A. MODIFICATION OF CONTRACT/ORDER NO. F33657-99-C-0021			
10B. DATED (SEE ITEM 13) 28 APR 2000							
CODE OTLA5		FACILITY CODE					
11. THIS ITEM ONLY APPLIES TO AMENDMENTS OF SOLICITATIONS							
<input type="checkbox"/> The above numbered solicitation is amended as set forth in Item 14. The hour and date specified for receipt of Offers <input type="checkbox"/> is extended, <input type="checkbox"/> is not extended.							
Offers must acknowledge receipt of this amendment prior to the hour and date specified in the solicitation or as amended, by one of the following methods: (a) By completing Items 8 and 15, and returning _____ copies of the amendment; (b) By acknowledging receipt of this amendment on each copy of the offer submitted; or (c) By separate letter or telegram which includes a reference to the solicitation and amendment numbers. <b>FAILURE OF YOUR ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO BE RECEIVED AT THE PLACE DESIGNATED FOR THE RECEIPT OF OFFERS PRIOR TO THE HOUR AND DATE SPECIFIED MAY RESULT IN REJECTION OF YOUR OFFER.</b> If by virtue of this amendment you desire to change an offer already submitted, such change may be made by telegram or letter, provided each telegram or letter makes reference to the solicitation and this amendment, and is received prior to the opening hour and date specified.							
12. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA (If required) SEE SCHEDULE							
13. THIS ITEM APPLIES ONLY TO MODIFICATION OF CONTRACTS/ORDERS, IT MODIFIES THE CONTRACT/ORDER NO. AS DESCRIBED IN ITEM 14.							
(X)							
A. THIS CHANGE ORDER IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO: ( ) THE CHANGES SET FORTH IN ITEM 14 ARE MADE IN THE CONTRACT ORDER NO. ITEM 10A.							
B. THE ABOVE NUMBERED CONTRACT/ORDER IS MODIFIED TO REFLECT THE ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES (such as changes in paying office, appropriation data, etc.) SET FORTH IN ITEM 14, PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF FAR 43.103(b).							
X C. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT IS ENTERED INTO PURSUANT TO AUTHORITY OF: Special Contract Requirement AFMCPK-H8 and 52.243-2 Changes -- Cost Reimbursement							
D. OTHER (Specify type of modification and authority)							
E. IMPORTANT: Contractor <input type="checkbox"/> is not, <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is required to sign this document and return 1 copies to the issuing office.							
14. DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION (Organized by UCF section headings, including solicitation/contract subject matter where feasible.)  SUBJECT: Establish CLIN 0070 to Purchase FY 04 Approved Vehicles, including ambulance, Project TTQK98CF37  CHANGE IN ESTIMATED COST: \$278,000.00 (Increase) CHANGE IN OBLIGATION: \$278,000.00 (Increase)							
Except as provided herein, all terms and conditions of the document referenced in Item 9A or 10A, as heretofore changed, remains unchanged and in full force and effect.							
15A. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or print)				16A. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or print)			
VICTOR L. HUTSON Program Manager				GAIL M. PORUMB Contracting Officer			
15B. CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR		15C. DATE SIGNED		16B. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		16C. DATE SIGNED	
 (Signature of person authorized to sign)		2/4/04		 BY (Signature of Contracting Officer)		2 Feb 04	

1. The above numbered contract is hereby modified in accordance with Special Contract Requirement AFMCPK-H8 "Provisions for Materials, Supplies, Parts, Utilities and Equipment" and FAR 52.243-2, "Changes", to authorize the Contractor to purchase FY 04 Financial Plan approved vehicles, including one ambulance at an increase of \$278,000.00 in the estimated cost of the contract. CLIN 0070 is established for this effort.

2. As a result of paragraph 1 above, the subject contract is specifically modified as follows:

a. SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES:

ITEM	SUPPLIES OR SERVICES	Qty Purch Unit	Unit Price Total Item Amount
<b>0070</b>	CLIN Establish	1	\$278,000.00
		Lot	\$278,000.00
	<i>Noun:</i>	FY 04 VEHICLES	
	<i>ACRN:</i>	BP	
	<i>PR/MIPR:</i>	FD2060YA427030	\$278,000.00
	<i>NSN:</i>	N - Not Applicable	
	<i>Contract type:</i>	S - COST	
	<i>Inspection:</i>	DESTINATION	
	<i>Acceptance:</i>	DESTINATION	
	<i>FOB:</i>	DESTINATION	
	<i>Descriptive Data:</i>		
	The Contractor shall purchase FY 04 vehicles, including an ambulance as described in Commercial Item Description, dated 11 Dec 03, as attached in Section J, Attachment 21. Prior to final selection of the vendor, the Contractor shall coordinate the purchase with the ACO, who has final approval authority. Additional vehicles shall be purchased only under the written direction of the PCO via modification to the contract.		
	Project # TTQK98CF37 is assigned to this effort.		

b. SECTION F - DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE:

ITEM	SUPPLIES SCHEDULE DATA	QTY	SHIP TO	MARK FOR	TRANS PRI	DATE
<b>0070</b>		1	EY1443			31 Aug 2004

*Noun:*

FY 04 VEHICLES

*ACRN:*

BP

*Descriptive Data:*

The period of performance for this project is estimated to run through 31 Aug 04.

c. SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION/PAYMENT DATA:

1) Contractor may bill incrementally to the government based on ACO concurrence coinciding with partial payments to the vendor.

2) ACRN BP is established as follows:

ACRN	Appropriation/Lmt Subhead/Supplemental Accounting Data	Obligation Amount
<b>BP</b>	ACRN Establish	\$278,000.00
	57 43080 174 36E8 82399B 000000 00000 000035 672300 F0330L	
	<i>New ACRN Amount:</i> \$278,000.00	
	<i>Funding breakdown:</i> On CLIN 0070: +\$278,000.00	
	<i>PR/MIPR:</i> FD2060YA427030 \$278,000.00	

d. SECTION H - SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS:

*T*

*The following clauses are changed in Section H: (Title Only Change)*

**NAPS AFMCPK-H8 PROVISIONS FOR MATERIALS, SUPPLIES, PARTS, UTILITIES AND EQUIPMENT (CLINS 0005, 0044, 0051, 0054, 0062, 0070 AND OPTION CLINS 0011, 0017, 0023, 0029, 0035) (Feb 2004)**

e. SECTION J - ATTACHMENTS:

*The following attachment/exhibit(s) are modified in Section J:*

**Attachment 8 Funding Recapitulation by ACRN**

*The following attachment/exhibit(s) are added to Section J:*

**Attachment 21 COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTION, FORD E450 TYPE 3 AMBULANCE**

3. This Supplemental Agreement constitutes a full and equitable adjustment and the Contractor releases the Government from any and all liability under the contract for further equitable adjustments arising out of or in connection with the changes effected hereby.

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00001	0001		15-Jun-00	\$30,600.00	\$30,600.00	AA	\$30,600.00	\$30,600.00	\$30,600.00
P00002	0002	00201	31-Jul-00	\$5,690,509.00	\$1,456,231.00	AB	\$1,456,231.00	\$5,721,109.00	\$1,486,831.00
P00002	0002	00202	31-Jul-00		\$792,714.00	AC	\$792,714.00	\$5,721,109.00	\$2,279,545.00
P00002	0003	00301	31-Jul-00	\$2,706,173.00	\$696,464.00	AB	\$2,152,695.00	\$8,427,282.00	\$2,976,009.00
P00002	0003	00302	31-Jul-00		\$373,041.00	AC	\$1,165,755.00	\$8,427,282.00	\$3,349,050.00
P00002	0005	00501	31-Jul-00	\$810,000.00	\$329,633.00	AB	\$2,482,328.00	\$9,237,282.00	\$3,678,683.00
P00002	0006	00601	31-Jul-00	\$190,000.00	\$77,000.00	AB	\$2,559,328.00	\$9,427,282.00	\$3,755,683.00
P00002	0007	00701	31-Jul-00	\$240,754.00	\$95,148.00	AB	\$2,654,476.00	\$9,668,036.00	\$3,850,831.00
P00002	0008	00801	31-Jul-00	\$240,754.00	\$95,148.00	AB	\$2,749,624.00	\$9,908,790.00	\$3,945,979.00
P00003	0042		21-Sep-00	\$46,800.00	\$10,000.00	AD	\$10,000.00	\$9,955,590.00	\$3,955,979.00
P00004	0006	00601	21-Sep-00	\$0.00	\$75,230.00	AB	\$2,824,854.00	\$9,955,590.00	\$4,031,209.00
P00005			8-Nov-00	\$0.00	\$0.00			\$9,955,590.00	\$4,031,209.00
P00006	0043		29-Sep-00	\$1,600.00	\$1,600.00	AE	\$1,600.00	\$9,957,190.00	\$4,032,809.00
P00007	0005	00501	29-Sep-00	\$0.00	\$100,000.00	AB	\$2,924,854.00	\$9,957,190.00	\$4,132,809.00
P00008	0044		30-Oct-00	\$287,000.00	\$287,000.00	AF	\$287,000.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$4,419,809.00
P00009	0002	00203	22-Nov-00	\$0.00	\$1,170,000.00	AG	\$1,170,000.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$5,589,809.00
P00009	0003	00303	22-Nov-00	\$0.00	\$555,000.00	AG	\$1,725,000.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$6,144,809.00
P00009	0005	00502	22-Nov-00	\$0.00	\$47,575.00	AG	\$1,772,575.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$6,192,384.00
P00009	0007	00702	22-Nov-00	\$0.00	\$49,500.00	AG	\$1,822,075.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$6,241,884.00
P00009	0008	00802	22-Nov-00	\$0.00	\$49,500.00	AG	\$1,871,575.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$6,291,384.00
P00010	0003	00304	28-Nov-00	\$0.00	\$130,000.00	AH	\$130,000.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$6,421,384.00
P00011	0002	00203	22-Jan-01	\$0.00	\$2,271,564.00	AG	\$4,143,139.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$8,692,948.00

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00011	0003	00303	22-Jan-01	\$0.00	\$951,668.00	AG	\$5,094,807.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$9,644,616.00
P00011	0005	00502	22-Jan-01	\$0.00	\$332,792.00	AG	\$5,427,599.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$9,977,408.00
P00011	0006	00602	22-Jan-01	\$0.00	\$37,770.00	AG	\$5,465,369.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$10,015,178.00
P00011	0007	00702	22-Jan-01	\$0.00	\$96,106.00	AG	\$5,561,475.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$10,111,284.00
P00011	0008	00802	22-Jan-01	\$0.00	\$96,106.00	AG	\$5,657,581.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$10,207,390.00
P00012			19-Mar-01		\$0.00		\$0.00	\$10,244,190.00	\$10,207,390.00
P00013	0040	004001	29-Mar-01	\$116,733.00	\$116,733.00	AJ	\$116,733.00	\$10,360,923.00	\$10,324,123.00
P00013	0040	004002	29-Mar-01	\$18,571.00	\$18,571.00	AK	\$18,571.00	\$10,379,494.00	\$10,342,694.00
P00014	0045		9-Apr-01	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	AM	\$1,000.00	\$10,380,494.00	\$10,343,694.00
P00015	0046		23-Apr-01	\$4,929.00	\$4,929.00	AL	\$4,929.00	\$10,385,423.00	\$10,348,623.00
P00016			20-Jun-01		\$0.00		\$0.00	\$10,385,423.00	\$10,348,623.00
P00017	0047			\$8,564.00	\$8,564.00	AP	\$8,564.00	\$10,393,987.00	\$10,357,187.00
P00018			29-Jun-00		\$0.00		\$0.00	\$10,393,987.00	\$10,357,187.00
P00019	0009		29-Jun-00	\$6,006,242.00				\$16,400,229.00	\$10,357,187.00
P00019	0009	000901	29-Jun-00		\$1,005,177.00	AN	\$1,005,177.00	\$16,400,229.00	\$11,362,364.00
P00019	0009	000902	29-Jun-00		\$1,697,632.00	AG	\$7,355,213.00	\$16,400,229.00	\$13,059,996.00
P00019	0010		29-Jun-00	\$2,955,600.00	\$1,355,143.00	AG	\$8,710,356.00	\$19,355,829.00	\$14,415,139.00
P00019	0011		29-Jun-00	\$810,000.00	\$374,896.00	AG	\$9,085,252.00	\$20,165,829.00	\$14,790,035.00
P00019	0012		29-Jun-00	\$190,000.00	\$90,626.00	AG	\$9,175,878.00	\$20,355,829.00	\$14,880,661.00
P00019	0013		29-Jun-00	\$262,310.00	\$120,269.00	AG	\$9,296,147.00	\$20,618,139.00	\$15,000,930.00
P00019	0014		29-Jun-00	\$262,310.00	\$120,269.00	AG	\$9,416,416.00	\$20,880,449.00	\$15,121,199.00
P00020	0039	0039AA	28-Sep-01	\$46,475.00	\$46,475.00	AP	\$55,039.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$15,167,674.00

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00021			6-Aug-01		\$0.00			\$20,926,924.00	\$15,167,674.00
P00022	0042	004202	26-Jul-01		\$15,000.00	AQ	\$15,000.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$15,182,674.00
P00024	0009	000902	24-Sep-01		\$400,000.00	AG	\$9,816,416.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$15,582,674.00
P00024	0010		24-Sep-01		\$125,000.00	AG	\$9,941,416.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$15,707,674.00
P00024	0011		24-Sep-01		\$239,695.00	AG	\$10,181,111.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$15,947,369.00
P00024	0012	001201	24-Sep-01		\$55,000.00	AG	\$10,236,111.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$16,002,369.00
P00024	0012	001202	24-Sep-01		\$9,321.00	AR	\$9,321.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$16,011,690.00
P00024	0013		24-Sep-01		\$11,000.00	AG	\$10,247,111.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$16,022,690.00
P00024	0014		24-Sep-01		\$11,000.00	AG	\$10,258,111.00	\$20,926,924.00	\$16,033,690.00
P00025	0048		27-Sep-01	\$319,686.00	\$319,686.00	AK	\$338,257.00	\$21,246,610.00	\$16,353,376.00
P00026	0011		28-Sep-01		\$11,000.00	AG	\$10,269,111.00	\$21,246,610.00	\$16,364,376.00
P00027			12-Oct-01		\$0.00			\$21,246,610.00	\$16,364,376.00
P00028	0009	000902	6-Nov-01	\$1,171,737.00	\$142,031.00	AG	\$10,411,142.00	\$22,418,347.00	\$16,506,407.00
P00028	0010		6-Nov-01	\$30,008.00	(\$130,484.00)	AG	\$10,280,658.00	\$22,448,355.00	\$16,375,923.00
P00028	0011		6-Nov-01		\$0.00	AG	\$10,280,658.00	\$22,448,355.00	\$16,375,923.00
P00028	0012	001201	6-Nov-01		\$11,313.00	AG	\$10,291,971.00	\$22,448,355.00	\$16,387,236.00
P00028	0013		6-Nov-01	\$2,788.00	(\$11,430.00)	AG	\$10,280,541.00	\$22,451,143.00	\$16,375,806.00
P00028	0014		6-Nov-01	\$2,788.00	(\$11,430.00)	AG	\$10,269,111.00	\$22,453,931.00	\$16,364,376.00
P00030	0002	000203	29-Nov-01	(\$14,281.00)	(\$14,281.00)	AG	\$10,254,830.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$16,350,095.00
P00030	0009	000903	29-Nov-01		\$539,000.00	AS	\$539,000.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$16,889,095.00
P00030	0010		29-Nov-01		(\$1,349,659.00)	AG	\$8,905,171.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$15,539,436.00
P00030	0010	001001	29-Nov-01		\$1,349,659.00	AG	\$10,254,830.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$16,889,095.00

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00030	0010	001002	29-Nov-01		\$224,000.00	AS	\$763,000.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,113,095.00
P00030	0011		29-Nov-01		(\$625,591.00)	AG	\$9,629,239.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$16,487,504.00
P00030	0011	001101	29-Nov-01		\$625,591.00	AG	\$10,254,830.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,113,095.00
P00030	0011	001102	29-Nov-01		\$104,741.00	AS	\$867,741.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,217,836.00
P00030	0012	001201	29-Nov-01		\$14,281.00	AG	\$10,269,111.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,232,117.00
P00030	0012	001203	29-Nov-01		\$9,459.00	AS	\$877,200.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,241,576.00
P00030	0013		29-Nov-01		(\$119,839.00)	AG	\$10,149,272.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,121,737.00
P00030	0013	001301	29-Nov-01		\$119,839.00	AG	\$10,269,111.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,241,576.00
P00030	0013	001302	29-Nov-01		\$19,900.00	AS	\$897,100.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,261,476.00
P00030	0014		29-Nov-01		(\$119,839.00)	AG	\$10,149,272.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,141,637.00
P00030	0014	001401	29-Nov-01		\$119,839.00	AG	10,269,111.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,261,476.00
P00030	0014	001402	29-Nov-01		\$19,900.00	AS	917,000.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,281,376.00
P00031	0009	000903	8-Jan-02		\$653,359.00	AS	1,570,359.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$17,934,735.00
P00031	0010	001002	8-Jan-02		\$277,112.00	AS	1,847,471.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$18,211,847.00
P00031	0011	001102	8-Jan-02		\$79,668.00	AS	1,927,139.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$18,291,515.00
P00031	0012	001201	8-Jan-02		(\$112,473.00)	AG	10,156,638.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$18,179,042.00
P00031	0012	001203	8-Jan-02		\$112,473.00	AS	2,039,612.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$18,291,515.00
P00031	0013	001302	8-Jan-02		\$23,694.00	AS	2,063,306.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$18,315,209.00
P00031	0014	001402	8-Jan-02		\$23,694.00	AS	2,087,000.00	\$22,439,650.00	\$18,338,903.00
P00031	0049	004901	8-Jan-02	\$112,473.00	\$112,473.00	AG	10,269,111.00	\$22,552,123.00	\$18,451,376.00
P00031	0049	004902	8-Jan-02	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	AS	2,107,000.00	\$22,572,123.00	\$18,471,376.00
P00023	0051		25-Jan-02	\$532,000.00	\$532,000.00	AU	532,000.00	\$23,104,123.00	\$19,003,376.00

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00032	0050		6-Feb-02	\$7,000.00	\$7,000.00	AT	7,000.00	\$23,111,123.00	\$19,010,376.00
P00033	0009	000903	13-Feb-02		\$1,832,997.00	AS	\$3,919,997.00	\$23,111,123.00	\$20,843,373.00
P00033	0010	001002	13-Feb-02		\$627,200.00	AS	\$4,547,197.00	\$23,111,123.00	\$21,470,573.00
P00033	0010	001003	13-Feb-02		\$130,000.00	AW	130,000.00	\$23,111,123.00	\$21,600,573.00
P00033	0011	001102	13-Feb-02	\$223,178.00	\$223,178.00	AS	\$4,770,375.00	\$23,334,301.00	\$21,823,751.00
P00033	0012	001202	13-Feb-02		(\$9,321.00)	AR	\$0.00	\$23,334,301.00	\$21,814,430.00
P00033	0012	001203	13-Feb-02		\$9,321.00	AS	\$4,779,696.00	\$23,334,301.00	\$21,823,751.00
P00033	0013	001302	13-Feb-02		\$68,125.00	AS	\$4,847,821.00	\$23,334,301.00	\$21,891,876.00
P00033	0014	001402	13-Feb-02		\$68,125.00	AS	\$4,915,946.00	\$23,334,301.00	\$21,960,001.00
P00033	0049	004902	13-Feb-02	(\$6,946.00)	(\$6,946.00)	AS	\$4,909,000.00	\$23,327,355.00	\$21,953,055.00
P00033	0052	005201	13-Feb-02	\$73,761.00	\$73,761.00	AV	\$73,761.00	\$23,401,116.00	\$22,026,816.00
P00033	0052	005202	13-Feb-02	\$9,321.00	\$9,321.00	AR	9,321.00	\$23,410,437.00	\$22,036,137.00
P00034	0053	005301	29-Mar-02	\$356,146.00	\$356,146.00	AK	694,403.00	\$23,766,583.00	\$22,392,283.00
P00034	0053	005302	29-Mar-02	\$30,969.00	\$30,969.00	AX	30,969.00	\$23,797,552.00	\$22,423,252.00
P00035	0009	000903	25-Apr-02		\$907,783.00	AS	\$5,816,783.00	\$23,797,552.00	\$23,331,035.00
P00035	0010	001002	25-Apr-02		\$377,637.00	AS	\$6,194,420.00	\$23,797,552.00	\$23,708,672.00
P00035	0013	001302	25-Apr-02		\$33,540.00	AS	\$6,227,960.00	\$23,797,552.00	\$23,742,212.00
P00035	0014	001402	25-Apr-02		\$33,540.00	AS	\$6,261,500.00	\$23,797,552.00	\$23,775,752.00
P00035	0052	005201	25-Apr-02	\$25,835.00	\$25,835.00	AV	\$99,596.00	\$23,823,387.00	\$23,801,587.00
P00036	Admin- Fix Fund Cite		25-Apr-02					\$23,823,387.00	\$23,801,587.00
P00037	0012	001201	31-May-02		\$6,496.00	AG	\$10,275,607.00	\$23,823,387.00	\$23,808,083.00
P00037	0012	001203	31-May-02		(\$6,946.00)	AS	\$6,254,554.00	\$23,823,387.00	\$23,801,137.00



P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00037	0012	001203	31-May-02		\$450.00	AS	\$6,255,004.00	\$23,823,387.00	\$23,801,587.00
P00037	0049	004901	31-May-02		(\$6,496.00)	AG	10,269,111.00	\$23,823,387.00	\$23,795,091.00
P00037	4902	004902	31-May-02	\$450.00	\$6,946.00	AS	6,261,950.00	\$23,823,837.00	\$23,802,037.00
P00038	0054	0054		\$590,000.00	\$590,000.00	AY	590,000.00	\$24,413,837.00	\$24,392,037.00
P00039	0006	00602	25-Jul-02	(\$4,311.57)	(\$4,311.57)	AG	10,264,799.43	\$24,409,525.43	\$24,387,725.43
P00039	0042		25-Jul-02	\$0.00	\$0.00			\$24,409,525.43	\$24,387,725.43
P00039	0045		25-Jul-02	(\$1,000.00)	(\$1,000.00)	AM	0.00	\$24,408,525.43	\$24,386,725.43
P00039	0050		25-Jul-02	(\$5,000.00)	(\$5,000.00)	AT	2,000.00	\$24,403,525.43	\$24,381,725.43
P00040	0015	001501	28-Jun-02	\$5,973,639.00	\$526,371.00	AS	\$6,788,321.00	\$30,377,164.43	\$24,908,096.43
P00040	0015	001502	28-Jun-02		\$789,995.00	AZ	\$789,995.00	\$30,377,164.43	\$25,698,091.43
P00040	0016	001601	28-Jun-02	\$2,962,830.00	\$329,111.00	AS	\$7,117,432.00	\$33,339,994.43	\$26,027,202.43
P00040	0016	001602	28-Jun-02		\$323,889.00	AZ	1,113,884.00	\$33,339,994.43	\$26,351,091.43
P00040	0017		28-Jun-02	\$810,000.00	\$432,793.00	AS	\$7,550,225.00	\$34,149,994.43	\$26,783,884.43
P00040	0018		28-Jun-02	\$190,000.00	\$95,000.00	AS	\$7,645,225.00	\$34,339,994.43	\$26,878,884.43
P00040	0049	004902	28-Jun-02	(\$20,000.00)	(\$20,000.00)	AS	7,625,225.00	\$34,319,994.43	\$26,858,884.43
P00041	0055		12-Aug-02	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	BA	20,000.00	\$34,339,994.43	\$26,878,884.43
P00042			13-Aug-02		\$0.00			\$34,339,994.43	\$26,878,884.43
P00043			13-Aug-02		\$0.00			\$34,339,994.43	\$26,878,884.43
P00044	0056		11-Sep-02	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	BB	20,000.00	\$34,359,994.43	\$26,898,884.43
P00045	0044		12-Sep-02	(\$7,000.00)	(\$7,000.00)	AF	280,000.00	\$34,352,994.43	\$26,891,884.43
P00045	0057		12-Sep-02	\$7,000.00	\$7,000.00	AF	287,000.00	\$34,359,994.43	\$26,898,884.43
P00046	0015	001501	16-Sep-02		\$1,570,925.00	AS	\$9,196,150.00	\$34,359,994.43	\$28,469,809.43

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00046	0016	001601	16-Sep-02		\$779,000.00	AS	\$9,975,150.00	\$34,359,994.43	\$29,248,809.43
P00046	0018		16-Sep-02		\$3,000.00	AS	\$9,978,150.00	\$34,359,994.43	\$29,251,809.43
P00047	0058		27-Sep-02	\$343,484.00	\$343,484.00	AX	374,453.00	\$34,703,478.43	\$29,595,293.43
P00048	0052	005201	24-Sep-02	\$14,205.00	\$14,205.00	AV	113,801.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$29,609,498.43
P00049	0015	001501	27-Sep-02		\$48,000.00	AS	\$10,026,150.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$29,657,498.43
P00049	0016	001601	27-Sep-02		\$24,000.00	AS	\$10,050,150.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$29,681,498.43
P00049	0017		27-Sep-02		\$95,000.00	AS	\$10,145,150.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$29,776,498.43
P00049	0018		27-Sep-02		\$5,200.00	AS	\$10,150,350.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$29,781,698.43
P00050			30-Sep-02		\$0.00			\$34,717,683.43	\$29,781,698.43
P00051	0015	001503	14-Nov-02		\$655,500.00	BC	\$655,500.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$30,437,198.43
P00051	0016	001603	14-Nov-02		\$325,000.00	BC	\$980,500.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$30,762,198.43
P00051	0017		14-Nov-02		(\$527,793.00)	AS	\$9,622,557.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$30,234,405.43
P00051	0017	001701	14-Nov-02		\$527,793.00	AS	\$10,150,350.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$30,762,198.43
P00051	0017	001702	14-Nov-02		\$118,500.00	BC	\$1,099,000.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$30,880,698.43
P00051	0018		14-Nov-02		(\$103,200.00)	AS	\$10,047,150.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$30,777,498.43
P00051	0018	001801	14-Nov-02		\$103,200.00	AS	10,150,350.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$30,880,698.43
P00051	0018	001802	14-Nov-02		\$11,000.00	BC	\$1,110,000.00	\$34,717,683.43	\$30,891,698.43
P00052	0015	001503	24-Dec-02	\$1,794,168.00	\$1,115,000.00	BC	\$2,225,000.00	\$36,511,851.43	\$32,006,698.43
P00052	0016	001603	24-Dec-02	\$226,462.00	\$150,000.00	BC	\$2,375,000.00	\$36,738,313.43	\$32,156,698.43
P00052	0018	001802	24-Dec-02		\$5,000.00	BC	\$2,380,000.00	\$36,738,313.43	\$32,161,698.43
P00053	0059		3-Feb-03	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	BD	\$5,000.00	\$36,743,313.43	\$32,166,698.43
P00053	0060		3-Feb-03	\$2,500.00	\$2,500.00	BE	2,500.00	\$36,745,813.43	\$32,169,198.43

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00054			13-Jan-03		\$0.00			\$36,745,813.43	\$32,169,198.43
P00055	0015	001503	4-Feb-03		\$965,000.00	BC	\$3,345,000.00	\$36,745,813.43	\$33,134,198.43
P00055	0016	001603	4-Feb-03		\$397,300.00	BC	\$3,742,300.00	\$36,745,813.43	\$33,531,498.43
P00055	0018	001802	4-Feb-03		\$17,700.00	BC	\$3,760,000.00	\$36,745,813.43	\$33,549,198.43
P00056	Admin - Correct Pr		27-Feb-03		\$0.00			\$36,745,813.43	\$33,549,198.43
P00057	0015	001503	20-Mar-03		\$1,808,693.00	BC	\$5,568,693.00	\$36,745,813.43	\$35,357,891.43
P00057	0016	001603	20-Mar-03		\$743,000.00	BC	\$6,311,693.00	\$36,745,813.43	\$36,100,891.43
P00057	0017	001702	20-Mar-03		\$163,707.00	BC	\$6,475,400.00	\$36,745,813.43	\$36,264,598.43
P00057	0018	001802	20-Mar-03		\$53,100.00	BC	\$6,528,500.00	\$36,745,813.43	\$36,317,698.43
P00058	0059		11-Apr-03	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	BD	\$10,000.00	\$36,750,813.43	\$36,322,698.43
P00059	0061	006101	30-Apr-03	\$298,000.00	\$298,000.00	AX	9,494,150.00	\$37,048,813.43	\$36,620,698.43
P00059	0061	006102	30-Apr-03	\$74,359.00	\$74,359.00	BF	\$74,359.00	\$37,123,172.43	\$36,695,057.43
P00060	0015	001503	30-Apr-03		\$288,323.00	BC	\$6,816,823.00	\$36,750,813.43	\$36,983,380.43
P00060	0016	001603	30-Apr-03		\$117,992.00	BC	6,934,815.00	\$36,750,813.43	\$37,101,372.43
P00061	0021	002101	27-Jun-03	\$6,039,696.00	\$1,302,301.00	BC	8,237,116.00	\$42,790,509.43	\$38,403,673.43
P00061	0021	002102	27-Jun-03		\$1,005,177.00	BH	1,005,177.00	\$42,790,509.43	\$39,408,850.43
P00061	0022		27-Jun-03	\$2,977,757.00	\$1,127,925.00	BC	9,365,041.00	\$45,768,266.43	\$40,536,775.43
P00061	0023		27-Jun-03	\$810,000.00	\$309,500.00	BC	9,674,541.00	\$46,578,266.43	\$40,846,275.43
P00061	0024		27-Jun-03	\$190,000.00	\$72,600.00	BC	\$9,747,141.00	\$46,768,266.43	\$40,918,875.43
P00062	0062		24-Jun-03	\$263,000.00	\$263,000.00	BG	\$263,000.00	\$47,031,266.43	\$41,181,875.43
P00063			13-Jun-03	\$0.00	\$0.00			\$47,031,266.43	\$41,181,875.43
P00064	0063		27-Jun-03	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	BJ	\$2,000.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$41,183,875.43

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00065			30-Jun-03	\$0.00	\$0.00			\$47,033,266.43	\$41,183,875.43
P00066			16-Jul-03	\$0.00	\$0.00			\$47,033,266.43	\$41,183,875.43
P00067	0021	002101	28-Jul-03	\$0.00	\$1,067,250.00	BC	\$10,814,391.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$42,251,125.43
P00067	0022		28-Jul-03	\$0.00	\$526,000.00	BC	\$11,340,391.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$42,777,125.43
P00067	0023		28-Jul-03	\$0.00	\$143,250.00	BC	\$11,483,641.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$42,920,375.43
P00067	0024		28-Jul-03	\$0.00	\$33,625.00	BC	\$11,517,266.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$42,954,000.43
P00068	0021	002102	8-Sep-03	\$0.00	\$115,750.00	BH	\$1,120,927.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$43,069,750.43
P00068	0022		8-Sep-03	\$0.00	(\$1,663,925.00)	BC	\$9,853,341.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$41,405,825.43
P00068	0022	002201	8-Sep-03	\$0.00	\$1,663,925.00	BC	\$11,517,266.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$43,069,750.43
P00068	0022	002202	8-Sep-03	\$0.00	\$56,800.00	BH	\$1,177,727.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$43,126,550.43
P00068	0023		8-Sep-03	\$0.00	(\$452,750.00)	BC	\$11,064,516.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$42,673,800.43
P00068	0023	002301	8-Sep-03	\$0.00	\$452,750.00	BC	\$11,517,266.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$43,126,550.43
P00068	0023	002302	8-Sep-03	\$0.00	\$15,400.00	BH	\$1,193,127.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$43,141,950.43
P00068	0024		8-Sep-03	\$0.00	(\$106,225.00)	BC	\$11,411,041.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$43,035,725.43
P00068	0024	002401	8-Sep-03	\$0.00	\$106,225.00	BC	\$11,517,266.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$43,141,950.43
P00068	0024	002402	8-Sep-03	\$0.00	\$3,590.00	BH	1,196,717.00	\$47,033,266.43	\$43,145,540.43
P00068	0064		8-Sep-03	\$28,605.00	\$28,605.00	BK	28,605.00	\$47,061,871.43	\$43,174,145.43
P00069	0065	006501	25-Sep-03	\$385,288.00	\$385,288.00	BF	459,647.00	\$47,447,159.43	\$43,559,433.43
P00070	0021	002101	11-Sep-03		\$474,000.00	BC	\$11,991,266.00	\$47,447,159.43	\$44,033,433.43
P00070	0022	002201	11-Sep-03		\$234,000.00	BC	\$12,225,266.00	\$47,447,159.43	\$44,267,433.43
P00070	0023	002301	11-Sep-03		\$186,220.00	BC	\$12,411,486.00	\$47,447,159.43	\$44,453,653.43
P00070	0024	002401	11-Sep-03		\$14,900.00	BC	\$12,426,386.00	\$47,447,159.43	\$44,468,553.43

P0000#	CLIN	SubCLIN/ Info SubLine	Date	CLIN Value Change	CLIN Obligation Amount	ACRN	Cumulative ACRN Total	Cumulative Contract Value Total	Cumulative Contract Obligation Total
P00070	0066		11-Sep-03	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00	BL	2,000.00	\$47,449,159.43	\$44,470,553.43
P00071	0067		19-Sep-03	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	BD	20,000.00	\$47,459,159.43	\$44,480,553.43
P00072	0023	002301	29-Sep-03	\$190,000.00	\$40,975.00	BC	\$12,467,361.00	\$47,649,159.43	\$44,521,528.43
P00073	0015	001503	30-Sep-03	\$3,216.00	\$3,216.00	BC	\$12,470,577.00	\$47,652,375.43	\$44,524,744.43
P00073	0016	001603	30-Sep-03	(\$13,989.00)	(\$13,989.00)	BC	\$12,456,588.00	\$47,638,386.43	\$44,510,755.43
P00073	0021	002101	30-Sep-03	\$2,741.00	\$3,000.00	BC	\$12,459,588.00	\$47,641,127.43	\$44,513,755.43
P00073	0022	002201	30-Sep-03		\$400.00	BC	\$12,459,988.00	\$47,641,127.43	\$44,514,155.43
P00073	0024	002401	30-Sep-03		\$7,373.00	BC	\$12,467,361.00	\$47,641,127.43	\$44,521,528.43
P00074	0015	001503	3-Nov-03	(\$5,259.74)	(\$5,259.74)	BC	\$12,462,101.26	\$47,635,867.69	\$44,516,268.69
P00074	0023	002301	3-Nov-03		\$5,259.74	BC	\$12,467,361.00	\$47,635,867.69	\$44,521,528.43
P00075	0068		3-Nov-03	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	BM	\$10,000.00	\$47,645,867.69	\$44,531,528.43
P00076	0023	002301	18-Nov-03	(\$5,500.00)	(\$5,500.00)	BC	\$12,461,861.00	\$47,640,367.69	\$44,526,028.43
P00077	0021		5-Dec-03	\$584,745.00			\$12,461,861.00	\$48,225,112.69	\$44,526,028.43
P00077	0023	002301	5-Dec-03		(\$20,000.00)	BC	\$12,441,861.00	\$48,225,112.69	\$44,506,028.43
P00077	0069		5-Dec-03	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	BC	12,461,861.00	\$48,245,112.69	\$44,526,028.43
P00078	0021	001203	15-Dec-03		\$1,698,000.00	BN	\$1,698,000.00	\$48,245,112.69	\$46,224,028.43
P00078	0022	002203	15-Dec-03		\$590,500.00	BN	\$2,288,500.00	\$48,245,112.69	\$46,814,528.43
P00078	0023	002303	15-Dec-03		\$180,945.00	BN	\$2,469,445.00	\$48,245,112.69	\$46,995,473.43
P00078	0024	002403	15-Dec-03		\$30,555.00	BN	2,500,000.00	\$48,245,112.69	\$47,026,028.43
P00080	0070			\$278,000.00	\$278,000.00	BP	278,000.00	\$48,523,112.69	\$47,304,028.43

## **COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTION**

Air Force Plant 42, Palmdale, CA  
11 December 2003

### **Ford E450 Type 3 Ambulance**

Air Force Plant 42, Palmdale, California is seeking proposals for the vehicle described below. Plant 42 is an Aircraft Production and flight Test Installation located in the High Desert of Los Angeles County, with an elevation of 2,543 feet above sea level. Climate is semi-arid desert with high winds most of the year. Problems are the blowing winds, sand and dust that get into areas, which may cause damage to equipment or instruments.

## **Table of Contents**

- 1. SCOPE, PURPOSE, AND CLASSIFICATION**
- 2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS**
- 3. REQUIREMENTS**
- 4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS**
- 5. PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY**
- 6. NOTES**

### **1. SCOPE**

This document covers certified, tested, commercial type, Emergency Medical Services (EMS) ambulances (except military field ambulances) built on chassis that are suitable for the intended application and meet the requirements herein. The ambulances are front or rear wheel driven (4x2) or four wheel driven (4x4) and warranted as specified in Section 6. This document may be used to procure an ambulance and the applicable additional systems and equipment.

#### **1.1.1 DEFINITION OF AMBULANCE.**

The ambulance is defined as a vehicle for emergency medical care which provides: a driver's compartment; a patient compartment to accommodate an emergency medical technician (EMT)/paramedic and two litter patients (one patient located on the primary cot and a secondary patient on a folding litter located on the squad bench) so positioned that the primary patient can be given intensive life-support during transit; equipment and supplies for emergency care at the scene as well as during transport; two-way radio communication; and, when necessary, equipment for light rescue/extrication procedures. The ambulance shall be designed and constructed to afford safety, comfort, and avoid aggravation of the patient's injury or illness.

#### **1.1.2 PURPOSE.**

The purpose of this document is to describe ambulances which are authorized

to display the “Star of Life” symbol. It establishes minimum specifications, test parameters, and essential criteria for ambulance design, performance, equipment, appearance, and to provide a practical degree of standardization. The object is to provide ambulances that are nationally recognized, properly constructed, easily maintained, and, when professionally staffed and provisioned, will function reliably in pre-hospital or other mobile emergency medical service.

### **1.1.3 CERTIFIED “STAR OF LIFE”.**

The ambulance manufacturer/contractor shall furnish the purchaser(s) citing this specification an authenticated certification and label (see 3.19) that certifies a “Star of Life” ambulance and equipment complying with this specification and applicable amendments (if any) in effect on the date of manufacture (see 4.3). Ambulance vehicles so certified may display the registered “Star of Life” symbol as defined by the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), see Figure 4.

## **SALIENT CHARACTERISTICS**

- Type 3, with 10 inch cab extension and 72” x 170” module
- PureAir filtration system for heating and air conditioning in patient compartment
- Velvec Heated mirrors
- Exterior slide out tray over wheel well on the curbside
- 2 external SCBA storage compartments on the street side
- Running Boards
- D-Ring Handles on module doors
- Optima Batteries
- Kussmal 20 amp, auto eject shoreline
- Buell Air horns w/ 10 in trumpets
- Traffic Advisor TA837 over rear doors
- Whelen Edge 4500 Plus lightbar w LLRLLLRL / RRCRRRCRR
- 2 – 9 inch LED lights, one red and one amber to shine through rear door windows when open.
- 7 - 7 inch LED lights to be used as 2 for front grill lights, 2 for intersector lights on front quarter panels, 2 on module intersector lights and one on rear below traffic advisor.
- LED tail lights
- Corner cap strobe lights
- Headlight Flashers
- 2 – 20 inch fluorescent lights in patient compartment and 1 - 12 inch fluorescent light in action area of patient compartment.
- Squad saver safety net at the head of bench
- DriDek in all compartments
- Moonstone Flooring
- EVS seat with built in child seat

- Stryker 6092 Gurney with 3 stage IV pool, Permanent O2 holder, Wheel lock and Safety bar
- Steady burn red light / Required in California
- Inverter/Charger
- Paint Belt, (Red)
- Delivery
- 2 Service / Operators Manuals
- One "Pre-paint" inspection trip for 1

## **SPECIFIC TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS**

**Ford, 2003 E450, Cutaway, 158", 170 Module: 00-30-5350**

**CHASSIS: 00-10-0000**

### **Body**

Type3 – 170' Module – Custom series

10 Inch Extended cab, 13" Travel: 35-10-0000

Headroom, 72" H.R. Type 3 – 170" Module: 35-10-0100

Type 3 – 170" Module – Custom Series: 37-00-0160

Compartments, Zolotone Finish, (1) per compartment: 37-00-0300 Total of (6)

Compartments, Std. Floor 3" Drop down from Door Opening: 37-00-0500 Total of (4)

Compartments B1, B2, D & E are Std. drop down floor

Compartments, Sweepout: 37-00-0600, Total of (2)

Compartments A & F are Std. Sweepout

### **CHASSIS:**

Ford, 2003, E40, Cutaway, 158", custom 170" Module

170X95

Autothrottle OEM Ford

Alternators OEM Ford

### **CHASSIS ADD-ONS:**

Lettering, By Outside Vendor

Location:

# of Days:

### **MIRRORS:**

Mirrors, F3, Velvac, Ht/Remote/Lt, Blk, Med Arm, WELD  
with switch on driver's side bracket

### **OEM HOLES WELDED**

Black. Model #715455

### **1F-30-0000 SUSPENSION:**



2A-72-7000 BUGSHIELDS:  
2F-00-0000 CHASSIS ADD ONS, MISC  
2F-00-00SR Acola Rims  
5U-10-0000 HEATING/AIR CONDITIONING:  
5U-12-5000 Hoses, Heater, Nomex to Rear, STD  
5U-12-6010 Heat/AC, W/C Pureair, F3, 2001 Style

with thermostat in action area.

X5-10-0000 WHEELCOVERS INSTALLED:  
X5-11-4800 WHEEL COVERS – SHIP LOOSE:  
Type 3 – 170" Module – Custom Series –  
35-10-0000 MODULE BODIES:  
35-10-0100 10 Inch Extended Cab, 13" seat travel  
35-10-0920 Headroom, 72" H.R. Type 3 – 170" module  
37-00-0160 Type 3 – 170" Module – Custom Series  
37-00-0300 Compartments, Zolotone Finish (1) per compt  
37-00-0500 Compartments, Std, Floor 3" Drop Down for Door Opening

compts B1, B2, D & E are STD drop down floor

37-00-0600 Compartments, Sweepout

compt "A" & "F" are std sweep out

37-00-0700 Seamless Doors (Pan Doors)  
39-00-0000 Type 3 – 170" Module, 10" Cab Extension  
39-A0-0272 A, Compt, Split, Pureair, 170" Module, 72" H.R.  
39-B1-0250 B1, Compt, Raised, 170" Module, 72" H.R.  
29-B2-0172 B2, Compt, std, 170" Module, 72" H.R.  
39-D0-0250 D, Compt, Low, 170" Module, 72" H.R.  
39-E0-0100 E, Compt, Std, 170" Module  
With Double Doors

39-E0-5000 Comp "E", No Electrical in this compartment  
39-F0-0300 F, Compt, Std, Full Height, 170" Module, 72" H.R.  
3A-10-0000 FUEL FILL HOUSING:  
3A-10-4000 Housing, Fuel Fill, Cast, F3  
3D-WW-0400 WW, Compt, C/S, 6" Slideout Drawer, 170 Module, T9  
3F-10-000 EXTERIOR DIVIDERS:  
3F-10-0900 Divider (1) Diamond Plate  
Compartment "F"

3F-20-0000 SHELF-COMPARTMENT "A"/RF CABINET:  
3F-20-1000 Shelf, Adjustable, (1), RF Cab Custom  
3F-20-1500 Shelf, Additional, (1), RF Cab Custom

3F-30-0000 SHELF- COMPARTMENT "B"/"B1":

3F-30-1000 Shelf, Custom, Adj, Cmpt "B", (1)  
Floor to ceiling adjustment for both shelves

3F-30-1500 Shelf, Custom, Adj. Cmpt "B", (1), Additional  
Floor to ceiling adjustment for both shelves

3F-40-0000 SHELF – COMPARTMENT "D":

3F-50-0000 SHELF – COMPARTMENT "E":

3F-50-2000 Shelf, Custom, Adj, Cmpt "E", (1)  
Floor to ceiling adjustment for both shelves

3F-60-0000 SHELF – COMPARTMENT "F":

3F-60-6000 Shelf, Custom, Adj, Cmpt "F", (1)  
Ceiling to top of compartment plexi door adjustment

3F-70-0000 COMPARTMENT/SHELF, MISC:

3F-70-1700 Reinforcement, Door, SCBA Bracket  
For both "E" Compartment doors

3K-10-0000 ROLL OUT TRAY:

3P-10-0000 WINDOWS:

3P-10-2100 Windows, Upper, CS & Rear/Sliders, Std tint, PAN

3U-10-0000 MODULE ENTRY DOOR HANDLES:

3U-30-2000 Handle, D-Ring, Entry Dr, #501 Key

3U-40-0000 EXTERIOR COMPARTMENT DOOR HANDLES:

3U-40-2000 Handle, D-Ring, Ext compt #501

3U-50-0000 EXTERIOR COMPARTMENT DOOR HANDLES W/ELECTRICAL LOCKS

3U-60-0000 ELECTRICAL LOCKS:

40-10-0000 DOOR HOLD OPENS:

40-10-1600 Hold Opens, Rear Doors, Cast, Grabber (4), 4.5 in, ILOS

45-10-0000 DOOR PANELS

45-10-0500 Door Panels, CS-Care Caddy, rear-Diaplate  
upper panels cs and rear mica

4A-10-0000 FENDER FLARES:

4A-10-1000 Flare, Fender, Rear, Black Rubber

4F-10-0000 BUMPERS:

4F-11-2200 Bumper Rear, w/Step Reinforcement, w/Lts, F3  
skids & flip up

4K-10-0000 RUNNING BOARDS:

4K-10-4000 Running Boards, F3, Standard

4P-10-0000 RUBRAILS:

4U-10-0000 SKIRTRAILS W/BODY SPACERS:

4U-10-2100 Skirtrails, Diamond Plate, 170in box, E-450

4U-11-0000 STONE GUARDS (FRONT):  
4U-11-2000 Stone Guard, Front, Dia Plate, 13.38"  
50-10-0000 KICKPLATES (w/STD REAR STONEGUARDS):  
50-10-1000 Kickplate, w/Recess and (3) Truck Lts  
50-12-0000 RECOVERY DEVICES  
55-10-0000 MODULE ADD-ONS:  
55-10-4300 Storage, SCBA Cylinder, Door  
55-20-1000 Bracket, Spare Tire Mounting  
55-80-1000 DIAMOND PLATE (INSTALLED):  
55-90-1000 MODULE STEPWELL:  
5A-10-0000 MUD FLAPS:  
5A-10-1000 Mud Flaps, Rear, w/Logo  
5F-10-0000 PAINT/BELTS:  
5F-10-2800 Paint Belt, w/Accent & ARS, 20% Upch  
5K-10-0000 PINSTRIPE: - PER ROLL  
5K-10-1600 Pinstripe, Gold, Reflective, 3/8 in  
5P-10-0000 DECAL PACKAGES INSTALLED:  
5P-11-5500 Decal, Blue 16in Star of Life, (1) IATS  
One on the "B2" compartment door, up high and centered  
One on the "D" compartment door, up high and centered  
5V-10-0000 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM:  
60-10-0000 BATTERY SWITCHES:  
60-20-640E Emergency Start, 4 battery system, Fig5B  
60-30-3200 Battery, Optima #800U  
Should be a total of 4 batteries all Optima gel batteries  
65-10-0000 COAX CABLES/ANTENNAS:  
65-30-1000 Coax Cable, (1) Each, Standard, Terminate:  
Terminate:  
With 6' pigtails  
  
65-30-6500 Base – Antenna, Motorola Mount, w/Coax  
6A-10-0000 12VDC POWER SOURCES & OUTLETS:  
6A-22-200E Outlet, Cigar Lighter, STD, (2), A/A  
6A-22-2500 Outlet, Cigar Lighter, IATS, (1)  
6A-23-0900 POWER SOURCE, 12 VDC  
6A-23-2600 Power Source, 12 VDC, 20 Amp (+-), Ignition Hot  
6A-23-2600 Power Source, 12 VDC, 20 Amp (+ -), Ignition Hot  
6A-24-1000 BUSS BARS  
6A-25-0900 JUNCTION POSTS:  
6E-10-0000 ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES  
6F-10-0000 SHORELINE INLETS:  
6F-80-3500 Auto Eject, Kussmaul, 20A, Red cover, ILOS  
6K-10-0000 110 VAC OUTLETS:  
6K-40-1000 Outlet, 110 VAC, Duplex, (2), STD  
(1) outlet in action area  
(1) outlet in the right front cabinet

6K-40-2000 Outlet, 110 VAC, Duplex, IATS  
 6M-50-0000 HEATER, 110 VAC, ADDITIONAL  
 6P-10-0000 ENGINE BLOCKHEATER:  
 6U-10-0000 BATTERY CHARGERS:  
 70-10-0000 CHARGERS/CONVERTERS:  
 75-10-0000 CONVERTERS:  
 7A-10-0000 SWITCHING OPTIONS FOR CONVERTERS:  
 7F-10-0000 INVERTERS:  
 7F-10-9000 Inverter/Charger, Vanner 20-1050CULW  
 7K-10-0000 GENERATORS:  
 7P-10-0000 PREWIRES:  
 7U-10-0000 CONSOLES:  
 7U-10-7000 Console, A/A, Wood, Angled  
 7U-10-9000 Console, ECC, F2, F3, F7, 1997  
 D0-10-0000 GAUGES/METERS:  
 D0-10-1000 Meter, Analog, Amps, Datcon  
 D5-10-0000 ENGINE HOUR METER:  
 DA-10-0000 SEQUENCING/LOAD MANAGEMENT:  
 DF-10-0000 SIREN SPEAKERS:  
 DF-20-5000 AVW System, Grille, 97 + F3, Standard  
 DK-10-0000 SIRENS:  
 DK-10-1400 Siren, Whelen, WS-295-HFSA1, Standard  
 DP-10-0000 AIR HORNS:  
 DP-10-8900 Airhorn Buell, 5440, Dual 10 inch  
 DP-11-0000 SWITCHING OPTIONS FOR AIR HORNS & SIRENS:  
 DP-11-1000 Switch, Siren/Horn Thru Horn Ring  
 DP-11-2500 Switches, Foot (2) Dr Side, (1) Pass  
 DU-10-0000 SWITCHES ADDITIONAL:  
 F0-10-0000 AUDIBLE ALARMS:  
 F0-11-4500 Alarm, Back-up, Auto Reset, ILOS  
 F3-10-0000 VEHICLE EXTERIOR LIGHTING  
 FF-10-0000 LIGHT BAR MOUNTING:  
 FF-13-0000 LIGHT BAR, ARROWSTIK/TRAFFIC ADVISOR  
 FF-15-00SR Traffic Advisor, TA 837L  
     Whelen, TA837L, 6 LED advisor with a red LED at each end.  
 FK-40-0000 WHELEN 5000 SERIES SUPRE ADVANTEDGE+ LT BAR  
 FK-40-00SR Whelen, Edge 4500 Plus, LED  
     Edge 4500 Plus with, L,L,R,L,L,L,R,L,L  
     R,R,C,R,R,R,C,R,R  
 FP-22-0100 CODE 3 (3 x 7) 40 & 41 SERIES LIGHTS:  
 FP-25-4000 INTERSECTION LIGHT HOUSINGS:  
 FU-30-0000 WHELEN HALOGEN 9E WARNING LIGHTS:  
 FU-30-050E Light, 9H, Whelen, Red, STD  
     (2) each side standard location  
     (2) on front standard location  
     (2) on rear in upper outer corners

FU-30-150E Light, 9H, Whelen, Clear, STD  
on center front

FU-30-250E Light, 9H, Whelen, Amber, STD  
on center rear

FU-35-0000 WHELEN STROBE 9E WARNING LIGHTS:

FU-37-5000 WHELEN LINEAR STROBE LIGHTS T1, 3, 9:

FU-37-6000 WHELEN 9L LIGHTS T1, 3, 9:

FU-37-610E Light, 9L, Whelen, Red, IATS

FU-37-650E Light, 9L, Whelen, Amber, IATS

FU-38-0000 WHELEN FLANGES FOR 9E SERIES LIGHTS:

FU-38-0500 Flange, 97 Series, (1) Each

H0-00-0200 WHELEN HALOGEN 6E WARNING LIGHTS

H1-00-000E 6 SERIES LED LIGHTS

H2-10-0000 WHELEN 6E FLANGES:

H5-18-6000 WHELEN HALOGEN 7E WARNING LIGHTS

H5-18-650E Light, 7H, Red, STD

One each outer side below light bar

H5-21-0800 WHELEN STROBE 7E WARNING LIGHTS

H5-56-0000 7 SERIES LED LIGHTS:

H5-56-001E Light, Whelen, 7L, Red, ILOS

2 for upper AVW grill lights

2 for mod intersector lights

2 for front intersector lights

To be programmed to double flash

H5-56-002E Light, Whelen, 7L, Red, IATS  
Rear center load light below traffic advisor

H5-56-015E Light, Whelen, 7L, Clear, ILOS  
For rear load light to be mounted below rear traffic advisor

H5-59-0500 WHELEN FLANGES 7 SERIES LIGHTS

H5-59-1000 Flange, Whelen, For 7E lights (1), Mods  
For 7 Series Intersection Lights

HA-00-1000 WARNING LIGHTS: WELDON 2020

HF-10-0000 CORNER CAP LIGHTS

HF-10-3000 Corner Cap Strobe, (2) Red, (2) Amber, pkg, power pack, switch  
Up graded to include strobes in clearance lights.

HF-12-0000 CLEARANCE LIGHTS:

HF-12-9100 Light, Clearance, Amber LED, ILOS

HF-12-9600 Light, Clearance, Red LED, ILOS  
HK-10-0000 SCENE AND LOAD LIGHTS  
HK-20-110E Light, Halogen, Whelen, 9H, Clr, 13 Deg  
(2) each side as scene lights  
  
HP-20-130E Light, Halogen, Whelen, 9H, Clr, 26 Deg  
(2) on rear as load lights  
  
HP-40-1000 HOUSINGS-CAST-FOR WARNING, SCENE & LOAD LTS  
HU-11-0000 FLASH PATTERN WARNING LIGHTS:  
HU-11-2000 Steadyburn Light Kit, (1) Each  
HU-24-5000 HALOGEN FLASHER(S):  
HU-24-6000 Flasher, Vanner 3860, C/D/E Spec  
HV-30-0000 STROBE POWER SUPPLIES  
HV-30-0500 Flasher, Whelen UPS-64LX  
POWER:  
FLASH  
SWITCHED:  
HV-35-1000 Switch Strobes, (1) Circuit On Separate Switch  
J0-42-0000 HEADLIGHT FLASHER:  
J0-42-2200 Flasher, headlights, Whelen SSF2150  
J0-42-7000 Switch, Neutral Power  
J5-10-000 HARNESS LAYOUT:  
J5-12-0000 Halogen, "E" Spec, Vanner  
JA-10-0000 STOP/TURN/TAIL LIGHTS:  
JA-10-1000 Light, License Tag, (2), Grote 60101  
JA-13-8050 Tail lights, Trucklite, Rectangular, (R,C,A), LED  
JF-10-0000 FOG & DRIVING LIGHTS  
JF-11-0000 SWITCHING OPTIONS FOR FOG & DRIVING LIGHTS:  
JK-10-0000 MODULE FIBERGLASS HEADLINER:  
JK-10-4900 Headliner, Recessed, Closed End, Ty 1/3 – 163/170  
JP-10-0000 12VDC INT LIGHTING – HALOGEN & INCANDESCENT:  
JP-10-0500 Lights, Weldon, 8045, (4) S/S, (3) C/S  
JP-10-7000 Light, Stepwell, Peterson, M126c  
JP-11-1000 Light, Flex Shaft Hella, 7 Inch  
One in bulkhead circuit board cab.  
One on the passenger side of ECC for map reading  
  
JP-11-7000 SWITCHING OPTIONS FOR 12VDC INTERIOR LIGHTING  
JP-12-1500 110 VAC FLOURESCENT LIGHTS:  
JP-15-4500 12VDC INTERIOR LIGHTING – FLUORESCENT:  
JP-16-1100 Light, Fluorescent, Sunray #FL-930NWC, 20in, (1), IATS  
Both to be mounted in headliner above gurney and bench centered.  
JP-16-1200 Light, Fluorescent, Sunray #FL-558NWC, 12IN, (1), IATS  
ILOS light in action area  
JR-50-0000 LIGHTS & MISCELLANEOUS

JR-50-1400 Spotlight, Blue Eye, 400,000 CP  
JU-10-0000 CONDUIT:  
JU-10-1000 Conduit, 1.25 Inch  
FROM:  
TO:

L0-10-0000 CLOCKS:  
L0-10-1500 Clock, Analog, Self cont, 12/24 Hr, 8"  
LOCATION:

LA-10-0000 RADIOS STEREOS & SPEAKERS:  
LF-10-0000 INTERCOMS:  
LK-10-0000 IV WARMERS:  
LP-10-000 SUCTION PUMPS:  
LP-10-0500 Suction Pump, Thomas, Standard  
LU-10-0000 INSULATION:  
LU-10-1000 Insulation, Fiberglass, Unfaced  
NP-10-000 OVERHEAD GRABRAIL:  
N0-10-9000 Grabrail, Overhead, 117 In, Handicap Style  
N0-10-9500 Grabhandle, Entry Doors, (1) C/S – (2) Rear  
N0-11-1000 Grabhandle, 12 In Interior, (1) Each  
(1) on RF cabinet  
(1) on streetside wall cabinet by rear doors  
N5-10-6000 MEDICAL RAILS:  
NA-10-0000 O2 CYLINDER RACKS:  
NA-10-1500 Rack, Versatile, "M" or "H", ILOS  
NA-30-0000 STRAPS, O2:  
NA-30-2800 Strap, Cyl, Ratchet Style, (3) Ea, ILOS  
NF-50-0000 O2 SYSTEMS COMPLETE:  
NF-50-1000 O2 System, LF Stor, (2) O2/(1) Vac Port in A/A, (1) O2 C/S  
Ohio style  
(2) oxygen outlets in action area  
(1) vacuum port in action area  
(1) oxygen outlet cs wall at head of squad bench  
P0-59-0500 O2 SYSTEM PARTS:  
P5-15-0000 VACUUM OUTLETS/PORTS:  
PA-10-0000 SUCTION CONTAINERS:  
PA-10-7200 Panel Vacuum, SSCOR 22000, with regulator  
PA-10-8000 Suction, Cont, Beamis, W/Mnt Bracket, ILOS  
PF-20-0000 COT MOUNTS:  
PF-26-3100 Cot Mount, Stryker 6360-30-10, Dual  
PF-35-4000 Cot Mount, Mods, Rear Safety Hook Installed  
PK-40-1000 COT PLATES:  
PP-20-0500 IV HOOKS:  
PP-20-8500 IV Hook, Cast, Fold Down Recessed, ILOS  
PU-10-0000 KICK PLATES STAINLESS STEEL, ON CABINETS:

PU-10-1000 Kickplate, Brushed SS, Side of Squad Bench  
PU-10-2000 Kickplate, Brushed SS, On Streetside Wall  
R0-10-0000 HANGING HARDWARE:  
R5-10-0000 MISC INSTALLED HARDWARE/EQUIPMENT:  
R5-11-2000 Net, Squad Saver, at Head of Squad Bench  
Attached to end of squad bench, CS wall and overhead liner with  
removable latches.  
R5-11-5500 Seatbelt, Addt'l, Wall of B-2 foot of S/B  
RA-10-0000 DRI-DECK/TURTLETILE:  
RA-10-1000 Dri Deck, Red, All Compt. Floors and Shelves  
RF-10-0000 HOLDER, CYLINDER:  
RK-12-7000 STRAPS, INSTALLED:  
RP-10-0000 REFLECTORS:  
RU-05-0000 INTERIOR CABINETS – Wood  
RU-10-0000 MICA COLOR:  
RU-14-1900 Mica, Dove Gray Over Pewter Brush  
RZ-99-0000 SUB FLOORING:  
T0-10-0000 FLOORING:  
T0-11-8700 Flooring, Loncoin II, Moonstone, Fleckstone #157  
T5-10-0000 SEAMLESS ATTENDANT SEATS:  
T5-11-3000 Seat, EVS, w/Childseat, Gunmetal, ILOS, Mods  
With EVS metal box as seatbase  
T5-25-0000 SEAMLESS UPHOLSTERY:  
T5-25-0500 Uph, Smless, Gunmetal, No Bio, No Post & Wheel  
T5-30-0000 SEWN UPHOLSTERY:  
TF-50-0000 BULKHEAD CABINET:  
TF-51-9500 Cabinet, Bulkhead, 10" Ext, 72Hr, Type3  
NO broom closet behind attendant seat.  
TK-10-3500 O2 DOOR:  
TK-10-5100 Plexi Wrap Around w/Hinge, w/10" ext cab  
TP-10-0100 BULKHEAD SLIDING DOOR:  
TP-10-6000 Standard Bulkhead Sliding Door  
TU-17-1500 Cabinet, Right Front, 2001 Pureair, 72" H.R.  
TU-20-0000 RIGHT FRONT CABINET:  
TU-21-3000 RF CABINET DOORS W/2001 PUREAIR A/C  
TU-21-7250 Door, None, Trim in Aluminum  
V0-10-0000 HARDWARE, LATCHES AND LOCKS:  
V0-10-0500 Handle, C, Pull, Installed, (1) Ea, STD  
V0-10-2000 Latch, Plunger Roller, Installed  
V5-20-1000 SQUAD BENCH:  
V5-20-3800 Squad Bench, Bio-Waste @ Head  
V5-64-0000 LID 170 INCH BOX:  
V5-64-0500 Lid, Squad Bench, Single  
V5-80-0000 HARDWARE:  
V5-80-1000 Handle, Paddle, Squad Bench  
V5-82-2500 Strut, Gas, 60 LB, Installed, ILOS



VA-40-2900 CURBSIDE SPLINT CABINET 163/170 inch Module  
 VA-40-3500 CS Splint, 7in Deep, 2 Sect, Clear Plexi Sliders  
 VA-60-1000 Splint, Over Rear Door w/Pad Underneath  
 VF-20-1000 CURBSIDE REAR CABINET:  
 VF-20-4700 Cabinet, Curbside Rear, Standard, 170", 7" HR  
 VH-H2-0000 CABINET H, BASEWALL 170", T3  
 VH-H2-0100 H, Cabinet, full depth, std  
 VH-I2-0000 CABINET I, BASEWALL 170", T3  
 VH-I2-0100 I, Cabinet, full depth, std  
 VH-M1-0000 CABINET M, BASEWALL 163" & 170", T3  
 VH-M1-0200 M, Cabinet, Full height  
 VH-O1-0000 CABINET O, BASEWALL 163" & 170", T3  
 VH-O1-0100 O, Cabinet, full height, std  
 VH-Q0-0000 CABINET CPR, BASEWALL, 149", 163" & 170", T1 & T3  
 VH-Q0-0100 CPR, side seat, std  
 VH-Q0-0200 CPR, side seat, drop down tray  
 VH-Q0-0300 CPR, side seat, flip up lid  
 VI-J2-0000 CABINET J, STREETSIDE UPPER 170", T3  
 VI-J2-0300 J, Cabinet, 72" H.R.  
 VI-K1-0000 CABINET K, STREETSIDE UPPER 163" & 170", T3  
 VI-K1-0200 K, Cabinet, 72" H.R.  
 VI-L1-0000 CABINET L, STREETSIDE UPPER 163" & 170", T3  
 VI-L1-0155 L, Cabinet, L1, L2, std, 72" H.R., Full F  
 VK-11-0E00 CABINET OPTIONS:  
 VK-15-2000 BASEWALL DOORS:  
 VK-15-3000 Cab H, Plexi Slider  
 DK-15-8000 Cab I, Clear Plexi Slider  
 VK-16-0000 Cab M, Clear Plexi Slider  
 VK-16-4000 Cab O, Clear Plexi Slider  
 VP-10-5500 CPR DROP DOWN TRAY WORK SURFACE  
 VP-10-5650 CPR Drop Down Tray, ABS, Gray  
 VP-10-5900 ACTION AREA WORK SURFACE  
 VP-10-5958 A/A Tray, 163"/170", w/o Bio, ABS, Gray  
 VP-15-6000 ACTION AREA 163 INCH BOX:  
 VP-15-7000 Cab, A/A, Without Biowaste, 163 In  
 VU-14-4000 Shelf, Interior, Adj, in Cabinet:  
 VU-14-4000 Shelf, Interior, Adj, in Cabinet:  
 VU-14-4200 Shelf, Interior, Non-Wood, Adj, in Cabinet:  
 VU-14-4200 Shelf, Interior, Non-Wood, Adj, in Cabinet:  
 VU-14-4200 Shelf, Interior, Non-Wood, Adj, in Cabinet:  
 VU-14-4200 Shelf, Interior, Non-Wood, Adj, in Cabinet:  
 VU-14-4200 Shelf, Interior, Non-Wood, Adj, in Cabinet:  
 VU-15-1000 Cab "J" Clear Plexi Slider  
 VU-15-3000 Cab "K" Clear Plexi Slider  
 VU-15-9000 Cab "L1" Wood Door  
 Hinged on right.

VU-16-2000 Cab "L2" Clear Plexi Slider  
VU-45-0000 VERTICAL DIVIDERS:  
VU-45-1000 Divider, Vertical, Streetside Upper Cabinet  
VU-50-0000 DRUG BOX:  
X0-10-0000 ATTENDANT SEATBASE:  
XP-10-0500 Attendant Seat Base, F, STD  
X0-10-4000 Att Seat Base, Pedestal, Swivel  
XX-19-0940 Fire Medic Emblems Installed  
YY-00-0000 SHIP LOOSE ITEMS:  
YY-10-6400 Ship Loose, W.C. Standard Items  
YY-13-3000 Spare Tire Shipped Loose  
YY-15-0000 DECAL PACKAGES LOOSE:  
ZZ-10-0000 WARRANTIES  
ZZ-10-0100 Warranty, Conversion, 12 Month/12K Miles, Std  
ZZ-10-0200 Warranty, Paint, 12 Month/12K Miles, Std  
ZZ-10-0300 Warranty, Structural, 15 Years, Std, Mods  
ZZ-10-1800 Warranty, Lifetime, Mod Electrical  
ZZ-10-9900 EMS SUPPLIES SHIP LOOSE  
ZZ-25-0485 COT, 6092, 3 IV RH, PERM O2, STR NET, WH LCK, SAF BAR, PL HDL  
ZZ-25-0615 FLOWMETER, 0-15LPM, W/OHIO ADAPT  
ZZ-25-1055 REGULATOR, 50PSI, #0799-1738  
ZZ-ZZ-0200 End of Order

## Applicable Documents 2.

**2.1 The following documents form a part of this specification, to the extent specified. Unless a specific issue is identified, the issue in effect, on date of invitation for bids or request for proposal, shall apply.**

### **FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS:**

L-S-300 - Sheeting and Tape, Reflective, Non-exposed Lens, Adhesive Backing.

RR-C-901/3 - Cylinders, Compressed Gas: With Valve or Plug and Cap; ICC3aa.

### **FEDERAL STANDARDS:**

Federal Standard No. 297 - Rustproofing of Automotive Vehicles

*Activities outside the Federal Government may obtain copies of Federal Specifications, Standards, and Handbooks as outlined under General Information in the Index of Federal Specifications and Standards and at the prices indicated in the Index. The Index, which includes cumulative monthly supplements as issued, is for sale on a subscription basis by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.*

*Single copies of this document and other Federal Specifications required by activities outside the Federal Government for bidding purposes are available from Business Service Centers at the General Services Administration Regional Offices in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington (DC), Atlanta, Chicago, Kansas City (MO), Fort Worth, Denver, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Seattle (Auburn, WA).*

*Federal Government activities may obtain copies of Federal Specifications, Standards, and Handbooks, and the Index of Federal Specifications and Standards*

*from established distribution points in their agencies.*

**MILITARY STANDARDS:**

MIL-STD-461 Interface Standard - Requirements for the Control of Electromagnetic Interference Characteristics of Subsystems and Equipment.

MIL-STD-1223 Non-tactical Wheeled Vehicles, Painting, Identification Marking and Data Plate Standards.

*Copies of Military Specifications and Standards required by suppliers in connection with specific procurement functions should be obtained from the procuring activity or as directed by the contracting officer.*

**LAWS AND REGULATIONS:**

29 CFR 1910.1030: Bloodborne Pathogens

40 CFR 86: Control of Air Pollution from New Motor Vehicles and New Motor Vehicle Engines.

47 CFR, PART 89: Public Safety Radio Services (FCC)

**5**

KKK-A-1822 E

49 CFR 393: Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSR)

49 CFR 571: Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS)

*The Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and the Federal Register (FR) are for sale on a subscription basis by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. When indicated, reprints of certain regulations may be obtained from the Federal agency responsible for issuance thereof.*

**2.2 OTHER PUBLICATIONS.**

The following documents form a part of this specification to the extent specified. Unless a specific issue is identified, the issue in effect on date of invitation for bids or request for proposal shall apply.

**STATE OF CALIFORNIA MOTOR VEHICLE CODE**

*Application for copies should be addressed to: Department of Motor Vehicles, 2570 24th Street, Sacramento, California 95809.*

**THE TIRE AND RIM ASSOCIATION, INC., YEARBOOK:**

*Application for copies should be addressed to The Tire and Rim Association, Inc., 175 Montrose W. Ave., Suite 150, Copley, Ohio 44321. Phone (216) 666-8121.*

**SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS (SAE), INC., STANDARDS AND RECOMMENDED PRACTICES:**

Technical Division, SAE, 400 Commonwealth Dr. Warrendale, PA 15096

J163 - Low Tension Wiring and Cable Terminals and Splice Clips.

J537 - Storage Batteries.

J541 - Voltage Drop for Starting Motor Circuits.

J551 - Measurement of Electromagnetic Radiation from Motor Vehicles and Devices.

J553 - Circuit Breakers.

J561 - Electrical Terminals, Eyelet and Spade Type.

J575 - Tests for Motor Vehicle Lighting Devices & Components.

J576 - Plastic Materials, For Use In Optical Parts Such As Lenses and Reflectors of Motor Vehicle Lighting Devices.

J578 - Color Specification for Electric Signal Lighting Devices.

J595 - Flashing Warning Lamps for Authorized Emergency, Maintenance, and Service Vehicles.

J638 - Test Procedure and Ratings for Hot Water Heaters for Motor Vehicles.  
J639 - Safety Practices for Mechanical Vapor Compression Refrigeration Equipment or Systems Used To Cool Passenger Compartment of Motor Vehicles.  
J689 - Approach, Departure, and Ramp Breakover Angles.  
J682 - Rear Wheel Splash and Stone Throw Protection.  
J683 - Tire Chain Clearance.  
J771 - Automotive Printed Circuits.  
J858 - Electrical Terminals, Blade Type.  
J928 - Electrical Terminals, Pin and Receptacle Type.  
J994 - Backup Alarms, Performance Test and Application.  
J1054 -Warning Lamp, Alternating Flashers.  
J1127 -Battery Cable.  
J1128 -Low Tension Primary Cable.

**6**

KKK-A-1822 E

J1292 -Automobile, Truck, Truck-Tractor, Trailer, and Motor Coach Wiring.  
J1349 -Engine Power Test Code, Spark Ignition and Diesel.  
J1318 -Strobe Warning Lights.

**NATIONAL TRUCK EQUIPMENT ASSOCIATION / AMD:**

AMD Standard 001 - Static Load For Ambulance Body Structure Test.  
AMD Standard 002 - Body Door Retention Components Test.  
AMD Standard 003 - Oxygen Tank Retention System Test (Main and Portable Bottles).  
AMD Standard 004 - Litter Retention System Test.  
AMD Standard 005 - Ambulance 12 Volt DC Electrical Systems Test.  
AMD Standard 006 - Sound Level Test Code.  
AMD Standard 007 - Carbon Monoxide Levels For Patient Compartment Interiors.  
AMD Standard 008 - Ambulance Patient Compartment Grab Rail (Load Test).  
AMD Standard 009 - Alternating Current (AC) Electrical Systems .  
AMD Standard 010 - Water Spray Test For Ambulances  
AMD Standard 011 - Ambulance Equipment Temperature Test  
AMD Standard 012 – Ambient Temperature Tests (Heating and Air Conditioning)  
AMD Standard 013 - Weight Distribution Test  
AMD Standard 014 - Cooling System Test  
AMD Standard 015 - Ambulance Main Oxygen System Test

*Application for copies should be addressed to the Ambulance Manufacturer's Division (AMD) of the National Truck Equipment Association, 37400 Hills Tech Drive, Farmington Hills, MI 48331.(248) 489-7090, FAX (248) 489-8590.*

WWW.NTEA.COM

**AMERICAN COLLEGE OF EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS (ACEP):**

Guidelines for Ambulance Equipment.. Copies can be obtained from:  
ACEP, P.O. Box 619911, Dallas, TX 75261-9911

**AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM)**

**STANDARDS:**

F 920 Standard Specification for Minimum Performance and Safety Requirements for Resuscitators Intended for Use with Humans.

F 960 Standard Specification for Medical and Surgical Suction and Drainage Systems

**NATIONAL EMSC (Emergency Medical Services for Children)**

**RESOURCE ALLIANCE:**

–COMMITTEE ON AMBULANCE EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES,  
Guidelines for pediatric equipment and supplies for Basic and Advanced life support  
ambulances (reprint) (0540) A check list is also available, item 0813 Minimum  
listing of ambulance equipment and supplies (ALS and BLS) for infants, children,

7

KKK-A-1822 E

and young adults. Copies of the list can be obtained by phone at: (202) 884-4927, or at  
[www.ems-c.org/products/frame.htm](http://www.ems-c.org/products/frame.htm) and request item 0540 or 0813.

**AUTOMOTIVE MANUFACTURERS EQUIPMENT COMPLIANCE AGENCY  
(AMECA):**

Approval of Motor Vehicle Safety Equipment (emergency lights and sirens)  
*P.O. Box 76960, National Capitol Station Washington, D.C. 20013 or 1090 Vermont  
Avenue,*

*N.W., Suite 1200, Washington, D.C. 20005.*

*Technical society and technical association specifications and standards are generally  
available for reference from libraries. They are also distributed among technical groups  
and using Federal agencies.*

**2.3 ORDER OF PRECEDENCE.**

In the event of a conflict between the text of this specification and the references cited  
herein, the text of this specification shall take precedence.

8

KKK-A-1822 E

**Requirements 3.****3.1 GENERAL VEHICULAR DESIGN, TYPES,  
AND FLOOR PLAN.****3.1.1 DESIGN.**

The ambulance and the allied equipment furnished under this specification  
shall be the manufacturer's current commercial vehicle of the Type, Class,  
and Configuration specified. The ambulance shall be complete with the  
operating accessories, as specified herein. It shall be furnished with such  
modifications and attachments as may be necessary to enable the vehicle to  
function reliably and efficiently in sustained operation. The design of the  
vehicle and the specified equipment shall permit accessibility for servicing,  
replacement, and adjustment of component parts and accessories with  
minimum disturbance to other components and systems. The term "heavyduty",  
as used to describe an item, shall mean in excess of the standard quantity,  
quality, or capacity and represents the best, most durable, strongest, etc.,  
part, component, system, etc., that is commercially available on the OEM  
chassis.

**3.1.2 TYPE I AMBULANCE.**

Type I vehicle, Class 1 or 2, Configuration A or B, shall be a chassis furnished  
with a 2-door enclosed cab. The chassis-cab shall be suitable for subsequent  
mounting of a transferable, modular, ambulance body conforming to the  
requirements specified herein (see Figure 1).

**3.1.2.1 TYPE I - AD (Additional Duty) AMBULANCE.**

Type I-AD, Class 1 or 2, Configuration A, B, or other user specified configurations such as for critical patient or neonatal transport, shall be a conventional truck, cab-chassis with modular body, and increased GVWR, storage, and payload. Additionally, other on board systems or equipment may be specified for rescue or fire suppression or combination of applications. The chassis shall be suitable for mounting of a transferable modular ambulance body conforming to the requirements herein.

### **3.1.3 TYPE II AMBULANCE.**

Type II vehicle, Class 1 or 2, Configuration A or B, shall be OEM chassis manufacturer's commercial, long wheelbase, integral van. This vehicle shall be suitable for subsequent ambulance conversion/modification in compliance with the requirements herein (see Figure 2).

### **3.1.4 TYPE III AMBULANCE.**

Type III, Class 1 or 2, Configuration A or B shall be a "cutaway" van with a transferable, modular, ambulance body or unitized cab-body mounted on a chassis. The chassis with unitized cab-body or front section cab-chassis shall be suitable for the subsequent fabrication, conversion, or modification into an ambulance incorporating the requirements and the equipment specified herein (see Figure 3).

#### **3.1.4.1 TYPE III- AD (Additional Duty) AMBULANCE.**

Type III-AD, Class 1 or 2, Configuration A, B, or other user specified configurations such as for critical patient or neonatal transport, shall be a cutaway cab-chassis with modular body, and increased GVWR, storage, and payload. Additionally, other on board systems or equipment may be specified for rescue or fire suppression or combination of applications. The chassis shall be suitable for mounting of a transferable modular ambulance body conforming to the requirements herein.

### **3.1.5 CONFIGURATION OF PATIENT COMPARTMENT.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-c), Configuration "B", Basic Life Support (BLS) shall be provided in the patient compartment. All litters shall be loaded to position the patient's head forward in the vehicle.

#### **3.1.5.1 CONFIGURATION "A" (ALS).**

When specified for Types I or III (see 6.2-b), Advanced Life Support (ALS) applications, one primary patient shall be on a wheeled elevating cot and a secondary patient lying on a folding stretcher or combination stretcher chair on the squad bench, or one primary patient and three secondary seated patients on the squad bench (see 3.11.4) or EMTs/ Paramedics. The primary cot shall be center mounted or, when specified (3.15.4 M-21), a dual position mount shall be furnished. Unless otherwise specified (see 3.15.3-28), a (CPR) seat conforming to all specification requirements shall be furnished on the left (street) side of the body facing the patient's thoracic region, and include a seat belt and padding at the EMT's head region. Space shall also be furnished in the action wall/counter area for placement of a cardiac monitor/defibrillator. When specified (see 3.15.4 M-25), a crash stable mounting bracket for securing the cardiac monitor/defibrillator shall be furnished. A locking drug kit compartment per 3.15.3-14 and high intensity light per 3.15.3-8 shall also be furnished. Two each, I-V hangers (per 3.11.9) shall be provided for the primary patient and secondary patient, one at the patient's head and one at the patient's lower extremities.



**3.1.5.2 CONFIGURATION “B” (BLS).**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-c), Configuration “B” shall provide for one primary patient on a wheeled elevating cot and one secondary patient on a folding stretcher or combination stretcher/chair on a squad bench, which is also capable of accommodating three seated patients

(see cots 3.11.5) or EMTs (see 3.10.3).

**NOTE: IT IS PREFERABLE THAT THE PRIMARY PATIENT’S COT BE POSITIONED ON THE LEFT (STREET) SIDE OR CENTERED IN THE AMBULANCE PATIENT COMPARTMENT. A PATIENT WILL BE LESS LIKELY TO ASPIRATE FLUIDS OR OTHER STOMACH CONTENTS IF THEY ARE PLACED ON THEIR LEFT SIDE (RECOVERY POSITION) WITH THE RIGHT SIDE UP. THIS POSITION ALSO PERMITS EASIER VISUAL MONITORING OF THE PATIENT.**

**10**

KKK-A-1822 E

**3.1.6 FOUR WHEEL DRIVE, CLASS 2, 4x4.**

When a 4x4 chassis is specified (see 6.2-b), the additional curb weight of the 4x4 chassis above the 4x2 chassis will reduce the payload proportionally. When available, a Class 2 ambulance shall be an original chassis manufacturer’s (OEM) 4x4 chassis for Type 1 ambulances, or an OEM 4x2 model with a professionally engineered conversion to a four wheel drive (4x4) conforming to all applicable requirements herein. All workmanship, welding, mechanical fit, grade, and quality of components and materials used in conversions shall be equal to or greater than OEM manufacturer’s production 4x4 units. Conversion components shall not interfere with other body, chassis, or mechanical parts through the complete range of suspension and wheel angle travel and allow proper alignment of axles. The tracking and wheelbase of the front/rear axles shall be identical on both sides of the vehicle. When available, the chassis manufacturer’s OEM components used on the chassis manufacturer’s other models with the same or greater GAWRs and GVWRs shall be furnished, including, but not limited to: spring hangers, shackles, drive axle, integral transmission/transfer case, universal joints, steering linkage, stabilizer bars, radius and torque rods, transfer case shaft linkage, brake calipers, pads, rotors, shock absorbers, and springs. When available, the chassis manufacturer’s guidelines/requirements for 4x4 conversions shall be followed. The design of the 4x4 conversion shall minimize the height of the vehicle’s chassis. The 4x4 converter shall include a complete chassis modifier FMVSS certification and sticker. The 4x4 converter shall provide to the purchaser a full parts and labor warranty covering all added 4x4 parts and materials, including workmanship and design. The warranty shall also cover all OEM components affected or modified by the conversion process. This warranty shall be at least equivalent, in mileage and time, to the OEM chassis manufacturer’s warranty, including any extended warranties required or furnished. Accompanying each conversion shall be complete manuals showing operation, maintenance, and repair procedures, chassis manufacturer’s part numbers, drawings for components used in the conversion, and dimensioned drawings for manufactured parts, alignment procedures, and specifications.

**3.2 VEHICLE, AMBULANCE COMPONENTS, EQUIPMENT, AND ACCESSORIES.**

The emergency medical care vehicles; including chassis, ambulance body, equipment, devices, medical accessories, and electronic equipment shall be standard commercial products, tested and certified to meet or exceed the requirements of this specification. The ambulance shall comply with all Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS) and other Federal and state regulations applicable or specified for the year of manufacture. The chassis, components, and optional items shall be as represented in the chassis manufacturer's current technical data. The ambulance body, equipment, and accessories shall be as represented in their respective manufacturer's current technical data. Data shall be limited to specifications and technical materials identical to that furnished to the authorized company representatives and shall be furnished to the engineering/technical offices of the procuring activity and the supplier's (contractor's) offices prior to acceptance of the ambulance. The supplier shall provide total standardization and interchangeability between similar vehicles, equipment, items, and accessories specified for all ambulance units under each contract.

### **3.3 RECOVERED MATERIALS.**

All equipment, material, and articles required under this specification are to be new or fabricated from new materials produced from recovered materials. The term "recovered materials" means materials which have been collected or recovered from solid waste and reprocessed to become a source of raw materials, as opposed to virgin raw materials. None of the above shall be interpreted to mean that the use of used or rebuilt products is allowed under this document.

### **3.4 VEHICLE OPERATION, PERFORMANCE, AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS.**

#### **3.4.1 OPERATION AND PERFORMANCE.**

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, all requirements in Section 3.4 shall be met with the ambulance loaded to meet or exceed the minimum specified payload including all specified equipment and devices installed and operating at the maximum power-consuming condition, i.e., air conditioning, lights, radio(s), etc., with the chassis performing in accordance with the specified chassis manufacturer's technical data. The vehicle shall be capable of operating safely and efficiently under environmental conditions outlined herein or as specified in the invitation for bid, contract, or order. When specified by the purchaser for ambulances requiring higher GVWR's to carry additional specialty equipment, e.g. medical; rescue; neonatal; (see 6.2-d), lower performance levels are acceptable in Paragraphs 3.4.6 through 3.4.8.2.

#### **3.4.2 TEMPERATURE CONDITIONS.**

The ambulance, including all required systems, equipment, and permanently installed medical devices (except when medical devices are regulated by another agency) furnished inside the ambulance, when serviced and maintained in accordance with the OEM manufacturer's recommendations (4.4), shall be capable of being stored without damage or deterioration in ambient temperatures of -34° C to 52° C (- 30° F to 125° F). Testing shall be in accordance with AMD Standard 011.

1) The ambulance and ambulance equipment shall be cold soaked for 6 hours at -34° C (-30° F) followed by a 1 hour cold soak at -18° C (0° F). All of the vehicle's non-engine powered equipment systems shall then be tested and operated at the -18° C (0° F) temperature. The engine shall then be started and all remaining chassis and ambulance



systems shall be tested.

2) The ambulance and ambulance equipment shall be heat soaked at 53° C (125° F) for 6 hours followed by 1 hour heat soak at 43° C (110° F). All the vehicles non-engine powered systems shall then be tested and operated at the 43° C (110° F) temperature. The engine shall then be started and all remaining chassis systems and equipment shall be tested.

## **12**

KKK-A-1822 E

Medical devices, such as resuscitation and suctioning apparatus, shall be cold tested for the required flow performance on 12 volt DC vehicle power and 115 volt AC power modes (see 3.12.1.1).

Type certification from medical and other equipment manufacturers is acceptable.

### **3.4.3 NOISE AND SOUND LEVEL LIMITS, EXTERIOR.**

Unless more stringent sound levels are regulated by the states and municipalities where the ambulance will be based, the exterior noise level produced by the vehicle, except siren, shall not exceed Federal regulations.

### **3.4.4 VEHICLE PERFORMANCE.**

The ambulance shall provide a smooth, stable ride, with minimum noise and without abnormal vibration. The ambulance to be certified shall be tested under conditions in paragraph 4.4.4.

### **3.4.5 BRAKES.**

The ambulance braking system as delivered to the user shall comply to performance values required by Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS), and when available from the chassis manufacturer shall include ABS.

### **3.4.6 SPEED.**

The vehicles shall be capable of a sustained speed of not less than 105 km/hr (65 mph) over dry, hard surfaced, level roads, at sea level, and passing speeds of 113 km/hr (70 mph) when tested under normal ambient conditions.

### **3.4.7 ACCELERATION.**

Vehicle shall have a minimum average acceleration, at sea level, of 0-88 km/hr (0-55 mph) within 25 seconds. Test shall be performed under normal ambient conditions. Test under 4.4.4.

### **3.4.8 GRADEABILITY.**

At full payload, the vehicle shall be capable of meeting the following requirements. The determination shall be made by actual test or chassis manufacturer's certified computer prediction or chassis manufacturer's certification.

#### **3.4.8.1 GRADEABILITY AT SPEED.**

Minimum gradeability at speed shall be 89 km/hr (55 mph) on a 3% (1.72 degrees) grade.

#### **3.4.8.2 MINIMUM LOW SPEED GRADEABILITY.**

The minimum low speed gradeability of 8 km/hr (5 mph) on a 35% (19.3 degrees) grade is required for Class I (4x2) vehicles and 45% (24.2 degrees) grade for Class 2 (4x4) vehicles in the low 4x4 range.

### **3.4.9 FUEL RANGE.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-e), the ambulance shall be capable of being driven for at least 402 km (250 miles) without refueling under the conditions in 4.4.4.

## **13**

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.4.10 FORDING.**

The vehicle shall be capable of three fordings, without water entering patient and equipment compartments while being driven through a minimum of 20 cm (8 in.) of water, at speeds of 8 km/hr (5 mph), for a distance of at least 30.5 m (100 feet). Test under 4.4.4.

### **3.4.11 VEHICLE PHYSICAL DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS.**

#### **3.4.11.1 LENGTH.**

Overall length of the ambulance shall not exceed 671 cm (22 ft), including bumpers, but excluding rear step and bumper guards. Purchaser may specify (see 6.2-f) additional length if necessary to accommodate special equipment or larger bodies and crew cabs but should consult with the manufacturer to determine that other safety, handling, and functional characteristics are not compromised.

#### **3.4.11.2 WIDTH.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-g), the overall (OA) width of ambulance bodies having single rear wheels shall be between 200 and 213 cm (79 and 84 in.), excluding mirrors and lights. The ambulance body sides, on a chassis with dual rear wheels, shall be within +/- 6.35 cm (+/- 2.5 in.) of the overall width of the tires (outside sidewalls) (see 3.5.6, 3.6.5.6, and 3.9.7). Tires shall not extend beyond the fenders. Unless approved by the purchaser and permitted by state laws, the maximum ambulance body width shall not exceed 244 cm (96 in.), excluding mirrors, lights, and other safety appurtenances. The wide track axle shall be furnished on dual rear wheeled vehicles, unless a narrow ambulance body is specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-g).

#### **3.4.11.3 HEIGHT.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-h), overall height of the ambulance at curb weight (see 3.5.1) shall not exceed 279 cm (110 in.), including roof mounted equipment, but excluding two-way radio antenna(s).

#### **3.4.11.4 GROUND CLEARANCE.**

With the exception of the chassis manufacturer's furnished and installed components, the lowest part of the vehicle, when loaded to the GVWR, shall have a minimum of 20 cm (8 in.) of ground clearance, and 15 cm. (6") for chassis mounted components.

#### **3.4.11.5 ANGLE OF APPROACH, RAMP BREAKOVER, AND DEPARTURE.**

With the exception of the chassis manufacturer's furnished and installed components, the ambulance, loaded to the GVWR (including payload 3.5.2) with bumpers and rear step (down if folding style), shall provide not less than the following clearance, measured in accordance with SAE J689

Approach angle 20 degrees

Ramp breakover 10 degrees

Departure angle 10 degrees

**14**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **3.4.11.6 TURNING RADIUS.**

Shall not be greater than chassis OEM standard.

#### **3.4.11.7 FLOOR HEIGHT.**

The finished floor (loading) heights shall not exceed 84 cm (33 in.) on Class 1 (4x2) vehicles and 97 cm (38 in.) for Class 2 (4x4) vehicles. The height shall be measured at curb weight

plus full payload but minus patients and personnel. The use of an automotive “dump valve” on air suspension vehicles is acceptable to achieve the loading height requirement. The system shall include an interlock that only permits vehicle lowering when the vehicle is in neutral or park, and the parking brake is set.

### **3.5 VEHICLE WEIGHT RATINGS AND PAYLOAD.**

#### **3.5.1 CURB WEIGHT.**

Curb weight is the total weight of the complete ambulance and is defined as: chassis (including batteries, spare tire, jack tire changing tools), cab, body, minimum required equipment per this specification, and a full complement of fuel, lubricants, and coolant, excluding optional equipment in 3.15.3 and 3.15.4, and any non-portable vehicle mounted rescue (extrication) equipment, permanently mounted fire suppression system and equipment including nozzles, hoses, tanks, pumps, etc. and including a full complement of water and related foam, chemicals, etc..

#### **3.5.2 PAYLOAD ALLOWANCE.**

Each vehicle’s payload allowance shall be determined and displayed in accordance with the weight/payload certification form (sticker) depicted on page 14. Sticker shall be located in a conspicuous location in the vehicle. Payload shall be over and above the specified curb weight (see 3.5.1) of the vehicle and include specified options, miscellaneous medical equipment, and communications equipment that is appropriately distributed within the vehicle. The usable payload for modular Type I AD, or Type IIIAD (with increased GVWR e.g. 14,000 lbs.) ambulances shall be specified by the customer.

**WARNING: DUE TO POTENTIAL HAZARDS AND DAMAGE TO VEHICLE’S CHASSIS, THE AMBULANCE SHALL NOT BE OVERLOADED. THE PURCHASER SHOULD CONSULT WITH THE AMBULANCE AND/OR CHASSIS MANUFACTURER(S) TO DETERMINE ACTUAL RESERVE CAPACITY ABOVE THIS SPECIFIED MINIMUM REQUIRED HEREIN.**

Unless additional payload is specified (see 6.2-I) by the purchaser, the required minimum payload per vehicle shall be as follows:

1. Single, rear wheeled, modular ambulances (Type I or III).— 680 kg (1500 lbs.)
2. Single, rear wheeled, van ambulances (Type II).— 771.11 kg (1700 lbs.)
3. Dual, rear wheeled, modular ambulances (Type I or III).— 793.79 kg (1750 lbs.)

### **15**

KKK-A-1822 E

4. Additional Duty Modular Ambulances (Type I or IIIAD) — payload as specified by customer. The payload shall be evenly distributed throughout the vehicle and shall consist of the following:

1. Driver and EMT at 79 kg (175 lbs.) each.
2. Two patients at 79 kg (175 lbs.) each.
3. Main and portable oxygen bottles.
4. Stretchers, cots, and patient handling equipment.
5. Portable, removable, medical devices.
6. Durable and disposable medical items.
7. Optional vehicle equipment such as battery charger, inverter, or any other optional items or equipment not supplied as a base vehicle requirement.
8. Communications equipment.
9. Extrication and rescue equipment.
10. Portable fire extinguishers in addition to units required in 3.15.2 as specified by

purchaser.

**16**

KKK-A-1822 E

**NOTICE: THIS VEHICLE, AS MANUFACTURED, CONFORMS TO THE PAYLOAD REQUIREMENTS OF THE FEDERAL AMBULANCE SPECIFICATION KKK-A-1822. USERS SHALL NOT LOAD VEHICLES ABOVE THE GVWR. USERS SHOULD DETERMINE THAT THE ACTUAL LOAD, TO BE PLACED ON THE VEHICLE, DOES NOT EXCEED THE USABLE PAYLOAD.**

Ambulance Manufacturer's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Chassis Model, Year of Manufacture \_\_\_\_\_

1. Vehicle Type and Class \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

2. Chassis Manufacturer GAWR-Front \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

3. Chassis Manufacturer GAWR-Rear \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

4. Chassis Manufacturer GAWR \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

5. Minimum Payload per KKK-A-1822 Or  
As Specified. (Para. 3.5.2) \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

6. Curb Weight-Front Base Vehicle \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

7. Curb Weight-Rear Base Vehicle \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

8. Curb Weight Base Vehicle  
(Item 6 Plus Item 7) (Para. 3.5.1) \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

9. Payload of Basic Vehicle  
(Item 4 Minus Item 8)  
Must Meet or Exceed Item 5 \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

10. Total Weight of Options as Specified On Vehicle \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

11. REMAINING USABLE PAYLOAD  
(ACTUAL WEIGHT USER MAY ADD)  
(Item 9 Minus Item 10) \_\_\_\_\_ kg( lbs.)

**CAUTION:**

**THIS STICKER/PLATE SHALL BE MOUNTED ON THE BODY (MODULE) IN A CONSPICUOUS LOCATION.**

The certification sticker is shown here as a suggested format.  
Deviation in dimensions are acceptable. All text must be included  
in manufacturer's stickers.

**17**

KKK-A-1822 E

**3.5.3 GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING (GVWR).**

The ambulance gross vehicle weight rating shall equal or exceed the combination of the vehicle's curb weight and payload weight. The chassis manufacturer's rating label shall show the actual gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) and the gross axle weight rating (GAWR) of the vehicle (also see 3.19).

**3.5.4 WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION.**

To provide for maximum safety, purchasers and manufacturers shall locate vehicle mounted components, equipment, and supplies to provide a vehicle that is laterally balanced and has front/rear loading that is proportional to axle ratings. The weight distribution of a properly

loaded ambulance on a level surface shall permit conformance to the braking requirements in FMVSS 105 and for air brake vehicles FMVSS 121. The right and left wheel of each axle (at curb weight see 3.5.1) of a completed ambulance shall be weighed to determine weight distribution. The weight between the right and left side of a given axle, when on a level surface, shall be within 5 percent when calculated in accordance with 4.4.3.1 and tested in accordance with AMD Standard 013. The ambulance manufacturer shall locate the center of gravity (CG) of the ambulance/ambulance body to determine and assure the purchaser that the CG of the completed ambulance does not exceed the maximum limits set by the chassis manufacturer. To meet the above weight distribution requirements, consideration shall be given by the purchaser and manufacturer to locate equipment and components to permit inherently proper lateral balance, front/rear axle loading, and center of gravity.

**WARNING: AMBULANCE PURCHASERS SHOULD PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO THE FRONT/REAR WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION OF THE VEHICLE IN ORDER TO MAXIMIZE HANDLING CHARACTERISTICS, TRACTION, AND BRAKING PERFORMANCE. WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION SHOULD BE PROPORTIONAL TO THE FRONT AND REAR GAWR'S.**

### **3.5.5 RATINGS.**

Vehicle and component ratings shall be the chassis manufacturer's published ratings and shall not be raised above the chassis manufacturer's rating. When ratings are not published or chassis has been modified, the verification data of the component manufacturer's rating shall be made available to the appropriate offices of the procuring activity.

### **3.5.6 CAB TO AXLE (CA), TYPE I AND III VEHICLES.**

Cab to axle (CA) dimension of the vehicle chassis shall permit a minimum of 50 percent of the outside body length (including cab extensions) forward of the rear axle centerline, plus cab to body clearance. Bodies designed with wheel openings shall have the rear wheels centered, +/- 5 cm (2 in.) longitudinally, within the opening, and +/- 13 mm (0.5 in.) laterally.

## **3.6 CHASSIS, POWER UNIT, AND COMPONENTS.**

### **3.6.1 CHASSIS-FRAME.**

The chassis shall include the chassis manufacturer's ambulance component package or, if not available, chassis manufacturer's heavy duty components that will enhance vehicles reliability, durability, safety, and comfort. The chassis-frame and components shall be constructed to withstand the strains of on-off road service and any special service and equipment requirements specified herein. All chassis (including cab) components shall be as represented in the chassis manufacturer's technical data.

### **3.6.2 VEHICLE LUBRICATION.**

The chassis components, devices, accessories, and added equipment requiring lubrication shall be fully equipped with lubrication fittings, as provided by the chassis or equipment manufacturer.

### **3.6.3 POWER UNIT, ENGINES.**

#### **3.6.3.1 POWER UNIT.**

The power unit shall meet or exceed the required vehicle performance specified herein (see 3.4), at not more than the engine manufacturer's recommended operating engine speed. It shall be of such design and construction that it will provide a smooth flow of



power, at all rpm's, without undue vibration, strain, or overheating of engine parts.

### **3.6.3.2 ENGINE LOW TEMPERATURE STARTING.**

The engine shall start satisfactorily without the aid of engine block preheating devices (except glow plugs or combustion air preheater) at - 18° C (0° F), for the diesel engine, and - 28.9° C (- 20° F) when a gasoline engine is specified (see 6.2-j). When specified by the purchaser, auxiliary engine/battery heating and/or starting devices (see 3.6.3.2.1) shall be provided to meet other starting requirements. Verification test shall be performed during the environmental test.

#### **3.6.3.2.1 POWER PLANT HEATERS, MINIMUM - 34° C (- 30° F) STARTABILITY.**

In addition to the chassis manufacturers standard block heater on diesel engines, when specified (see 3.15.3-16)), the manufacturer's standard power plant heater(s) (coolant or immersion type crankcase heaters and battery heaters) shall be furnished for the gasoline engine, which permits starting an engine at - 34°C (- 30° F).

### **3.6.3.3 DIESEL ENGINE.**

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the chassis manufacturer's standard or optional horsepower/displacement diesel engine and power train shall be provided, complying with requirements of 3.4. Net horsepower rating shall conform to SAE J1349. Additionally, the chassis manufacturer's block heater shall also be furnished. For type I-AD vehicle's the power train shall meet the performance requirements specified herein or as specified or approved by the purchaser.

### **3.6.3.4 GASOLINE ENGINE.**

When specified (see 6.2-j), a gasoline engine shall be furnished which permits warranted operation on unleaded gasoline, when operated in accordance with OEM's manual. When specified (see 6.2-yy) or required for export, the vehicle shall be capable of warranted operation on either leaded or unleaded gasoline. Engine horsepower and torque requirements shall be sufficient to comply with the requirements specified in 3.4. Net horsepower ratings shall conform to SAE J1349. Vehicle(s) being offered/supplied with catalytic converters shall be identified to all purchasers.

**NOTICE: PURCHASERS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT, BECAUSE OF THE SEVERE OPERATING CONDITIONS TO WHICH AN AMBULANCE IS EXPOSED, THE USE OF A GASOLINE ENGINE RESULTS IN SUBSTANTIALLY HIGHER UNDERHOOD AND UNDER VEHICLE TEMPERATURES WHICH COULD SERIOUSLY IMPACT VEHICLE RELIABILITY, DEPENDABILITY, SAFETY, AND MAY RESULT IN SOME MANUFACTURER'S CHASSIS WARRANTY BEING VOIDED.**

### **3.6.4 POWER UNIT COMPONENTS.**

#### **3.6.4.1 OIL FILTER.**

The oil filter shall be the chassis manufacturer's standard for the engine offered.

#### **3.6.4.2 AIR FILTER.**

The air filter shall be the chassis manufacturer's standard for the engine offered.

#### **3.6.4.3 AIR POLLUTION CONTROL (see 6.2-k).**

Vehicles destined for the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands,

Guam and American Samoa shall comply with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations governing Control of Air Pollution from New Motor Vehicles and New Motor Vehicle Engines in effect on date of manufacture of the chassis/engine. In

addition, vehicles destined for California shall comply with State of California regulations governing air pollution control in effect the date of manufacture. When specified (3.15.3-17), the vehicle shall comply with the EPA high altitude regulations. For export vehicles, the chassis/ engine manufacturer's export vehicle emission package shall be furnished that complies with destination requirements.

#### **3.6.4.4 FUEL SYSTEM.**

The fuel system shall conform to FMCSR, Subpart E, 393.65 and 3.4.9 herein. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-e), fuel tank(s) capacity shall meet the range requirements in part 3.4.9. When more than one tank is furnished, tanks shall be interconnected and, when available from the chassis manufacturer, separately controlled and shall have a dash-mounted fuel gauge controlled by a selector switch which will permit separate fuel level readings for each tank. When available from the chassis manufacturer, the Class 2 ambulance shall have the fuel tank(s) protected by a metal shield (skid-plate) and shall be located in an area which will be free from hazards encountered in off-road, cross-country operation. A permanent plate at the fuel filler opening shall be furnished specifying type of fuel required.

#### **3.6.4.5 COOLING SYSTEM.**

The engine cooling system shall be a closed, air free, liquid state type with a coolant overflow recovery tank. The supplier shall provide the heaviest duty components and maximum size cooling system available from the chassis manufacturer. The cooling system design shall maintain the engine at safe operating temperatures at all drivable altitudes and grades encountered during

**20**

**KKK-A-1822 E**

on and off road vehicle use. Verification test: the cooling system shall be capable of maintaining a safe stabilized engine operating temperature for a minimum of one hour, at a minimum ambient temperature of 38° C (100° F), at all altitudes up to 3048 m (10,000 ft). For gasoline engines, the cooling system shall be capable of maintaining a safe operating temperature for not less than 40 minutes, at sea level, in a minimum ambient temperature of 35° C (95° F). Testing shall be at the engine speed required to maintain the generating systems as specified in 3.7.6 and shall be tested in accordance with AMD Standard 014.

##### **3.6.4.5.1 ANTIFREEZE.**

The cooling system shall be protected with the chassis manufacturer's recommended type and concentration of permanent type antifreeze.

#### **3.6.4.6 EXHAUST SYSTEM.**

Vehicle shall be equipped with an exhaust system in accordance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, Part 393.83. The exhaust system shall be suspended using not less than three hangers, excluding the manifold attachment. The exhaust shall discharge at the vertical side(s) of the ambulance at a maximum distance of 25 mm (1 in.) beyond the side of the module and be angled /positioned to project the exhaust away from the door(s) to minimize fumes and contaminants entering the interior. On modular vehicles, the tailpipe outlet shall not terminate within 15 cm (6 in.) of the vertical axis of the fuel tank filler opening(s). Modifications or extensions made to the OEM exhaust system shall meet or exceed chassis manufacturer's requirements in terms of backpressure, components, design, and workmanship.

#### **3.6.5 DRIVE TRAIN.**

### **3.6.5.1 DRIVE TRAIN COMPONENTS.**

The drive train and component's torque capacity shall meet or exceed the maximum torque developed in the lowest gear ratio by the engine. Transmission and controls shall comply with FMVSS 101 and 102.

### **3.6.5.2 AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-l ), the chassis manufacturer's automatic transmission shall be provided. The transmission shall provide not less than four speeds forward and one reverse and shall be equipped with the chassis manufacturer's heaviest duty oil cooler.

#### **3.6.5.2.1 AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION AUXILIARY HEAVY-DUTY OIL COOLER.**

When specified (see 3.15.3-20), a heavy-duty, fin type auxiliary transmission oil cooler in addition to the OEM basic cooler (3.6.5.2) shall be provided and installed, in series, in a suitable location except behind the radiator.

### **3.6.5.3 TRANSFER CASE FOR CLASS 2 AMBULANCE.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2 l), a part-time four wheel drive system shall be provided for Class 2 vehicles. These vehicles shall be furnished with 2 speed transfer case that is integral with the main transmission. A shift pattern located on the shift knob or decal, within the cab, shall be provided. Front-wheel drive hubs (see 3.6.5.9) and special traction rear-end differential (see 3.6.5.8), shall also be furnished on 4x4 vehicles. When furnished as part of a Class 2 conversion, the differential shall be identical to or heavier duty than the unit furnished on the OEM's original 4x4 Type I, Class 2 chassis.

#### **3.6.5.3.1 HEAVY-DUTY SKID PLATE (CLASS 2, (4X4)).**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-l) and when available from the chassis manufacturer, a heavy-duty skid plate shall be installed protecting engine, transmission, and transfer case from ground contact if there is less than 38 cm (15 in.) of clearance to the ground. Skid plate shall be demountable for servicing the engine and transmission. Openings shall be provided to enable draining of transmission and servicing the underside of the engine. For fuel tank protection, see 3.6.4.4.

### **3.6.5.4 CLUTCH.**

Vehicles with manual transmissions shall be furnished with the manufacturer's largest, heavy duty clutch available for the engine and model offered.

### **3.6.5.5 DRIVE-LINE.**

The driveline (driveshaft, U-joints, etc.) shall be balanced and supported to perform throughout the design speed range without whipping or vibrating. Modifications resulting from lengthening the wheelbase or from 4x4 conversion shall be of chassis manufacturer's approved design.

### **3.6.5.6 AXLE, RATINGS, RATIOS.**

Axle ratings shall exceed the load imposed on each axle, measured at the ground, when vehicle is loaded. When specified (see 6.2-l) that the vehicle is used in mountainous terrain, manufacturer shall provide the highest numerical axle ratio. The chassis OEM "wide dual" rear axle shall be furnished on dual rear wheel chassis, unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-m) for a narrow modular body.

### **3.6.5.7 BRAKE SYSTEMS, SERVICE AND PARKING.**

Chassis manufacturer's heaviest duty, power assisted brakes, linings, and parking brake shall be furnished on the chassis model offered. ABS brakes shall be furnished



when available. When air brakes are furnished, the system shall be designed to provide braking proportional to the front - rear weight distribution of the fully loaded vehicle. Additionally an air drier with moisture ejector shall be furnished and shall include a heater to prevent icing.

#### **3.6.5.8 SPECIAL TRACTION (REAR END) DIFFERENTIAL.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-l) or if not available from chassis manufacturer, all vehicles shall have a positive traction, limited slip differential or automatic, locking type differential.

#### **3.6.5.9 DRIVE HUBS, FRONT WHEEL, (4X4, CLASS 2).**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-l), and when available from the chassis manufacturer, automatic type front wheel locking hubs shall be provided. Additionally, when a 4x4 conversion is furnished, the heaviest duty front hubs available from the axle manufacturer shall be furnished.

**22**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **3.6.5.10 SUSPENSION.**

Vehicle shall be equipped with laterally matched sets (front and rear) of spring, torsion, or air suspension system components. Components shall have a rated capacity in excess of the load imposed on each member. For better riding quality, vehicle springs shall have chassis manufacturer's lowest clamped deflection rating (smoothest riding suspension) for the model offered. Suspension stabilizer bar(s) shall be furnished for front and rear, when available from chassis manufacturer for the model chassis furnished. Only corrections permitted by the chassis manufacturer to compensate for lean due to normal spring tolerance variations are permitted. Correction of lean due to imbalance is not permitted. VEHICLE SHALL BE BALANCED.

#### **3.6.5.11 SPRING STOPS.**

The chassis manufacturer's standard spring bumpers and axle stops shall be furnished. The stops/bumpers shall prevent the wheel and axles from striking the engine, oil pan, fenders, and body under all conditions of operation. Additionally, when a 4x4 conversion is furnished, spring stops/bumpers shall be provided and, at a minimum, be of OEM quality.

#### **3.6.5.12 SHOCK ABSORBERS.**

Shock absorbers, double-acting type, heaviest duty available from chassis manufacturer for model offered, shall be furnished on the front and rear axles. Class 2 (4x4) vehicles shall additionally be furnished with quad front shocks when available from chassis manufacturer.

#### **3.6.6 STEERING.**

The OE chassis manufacturer's standard, power assisted steering shall be furnished.

#### **3.6.7 WHEELS.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-m), Types I and III vehicles shall be equipped with dual rear wheels. Type II vehicles shall be equipped with single, front and rear wheels. Wheels shall conform to the recommendations of the Tire and Rim Association, Inc., and shall be identical in type, size, and load rating for all wheels on the vehicle, including the spare.

#### **3.6.8 TIRES.**

Tires shall be as furnished by the chassis manufacturer and shall be OEM tubeless, steel belted radials. All tires furnished shall comply to FMVSS 120.

**3.6.9 RESERVED.**

**3.6.10 SPARE TIRE AND STORAGE.**

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-o), one inflated spare wheel/tire assembly identical to those on the vehicle shall be furnished. The spare assembly shall be stored in an accessible weather protected compartment or area. When available from the chassis manufacturer, the spare tire shall be located under the rear of the vehicle. The spare tire assembly shall be accessed by the chassis manufacturer's winch type carrier. An equivalent winch carrier assembly may be retrofitted on other chassis. When locating spare tire assembly under the vehicle, all other specification requirements (e.g. departure angle, ground clearance, weight distribution) shall be in compliance. Access door shall be fitted with suitable latch and lock when accessible from outside the vehicle. Loose or removable panel(s)/door(s) shall not be acceptable. The spare tire assembly shall be accessible without removal of the patients from the compartment. The spare assembly and tools shall have restraining device(s) to eliminate rattling and dislocation in case of an accident. The carrier design shall enable removal and mounting of the spare assembly using only the tools specified in 3.6.13 (see 3.11.3).

**3.6.11 TIRE CHAINS AND CLEARANCE.**

Tire chain clearance on the furnished body shall be provided for all driving wheels per SAE J683. Additionally, sufficient chain clearance shall be provided to permit off road operation with the ambulance loaded to the maximum payload. When specified (see 6.2-ggg), an automatic tire chain system shall be furnished and installed. The system shall be engaged by the driver. When disengaged, the chain system shall swing up and away from the tire to provide ground clearance. The system shall not interfere with any other system or equipment, nor the normal operation of the vehicle.

**3.6.12 WHEEL TIRE BALANCING.**

Wheel/tire, hubs, and brake drum assemblies of the vehicle shall be in balance to a minimum of 112 km/hr (70 mph).

**3.6.13 TOOLS (TIRE CHANGING).**

When provided as original equipment from the chassis manufacturer vehicle shall be furnished with tools required for exchanging mounted tire assembly with the spare assembly and shall include at least a jack, jack handle, and wheel nut wrench. The jack height, when closed, shall permit its location under the axle or other satisfactory lift point at any wheel with the tire flat. The jack, without having to block the jack, shall be capable of raising any wheel of the loaded vehicle to a height adequate to permit removal and replacement of the wheel and tire assembly. Tools shall be stored in accordance with 3.6.10.

**3.6.14 HUBCAPS.**

Manufacturer's (OEM) standard hubcap or wheel cover shall be fitted on each wheel except the spare. Vehicles with dual wheels and Class 2 modular vehicles (see 3.1.6) do not require hubcaps.

**3.7 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM AND COMPONENTS.**

**3.7.1 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM (REFERENCE FIGURE 5A or 5B).**

The ambulance electrical system shall be equipped with, but not limited to, the following: dual, chassis manufacturer's 12 volt batteries; generating, starting, lighting, visual and audible warning systems; specified electronics equipment and devices

(including master consoles located in the cab and patient compartment); and other specified accessory wiring. The electrical systems and equipment shall comply with all applicable FMVSS, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSR), and shall also conform to all the applicable SAE recommended standards and practices, whether or not specifically referenced in this document, while complying with the subparagraphs herein. ALL ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS SHALL BE SELECTED TO MINIMIZE ELECTRICAL LOADS THEREBY NOT EXCEEDING THE VEHICLE'S GENERATING SYSTEM CAPACITY. All electrical system components and wiring shall be readily accessible through access panels for checking and maintenance. All switches, indicators, and controls shall be located and installed in a manner that facilitates easy removal and servicing. All exterior housings of lamps, switches, electronic devices, connectors, and fixtures shall be corrosion resistant and weatherproofed. Electrical fixtures attached to the sides of the ambulance below the 191 cm (75 in.) level shall be near flush mounted and not protrude more than 51 mm (2 in.), except for such items as spotlights and ventilators. All electrical devices and equipment installed, including the electromagnetic coils of high current solenoids, and relays etc, which produce RFI, shall include filters, suppressers, or shielding to prevent electromagnetic radiation and the resultant interference to radios and other electronic equipment (see 3.7.12). Vehicles equipped with electronic engine controls shall be immune from interference caused by radio transmissions.

**WARNING: ELECTRICAL LOADS SHALL BE MINIMIZED. ADDITIONAL ELECTRICAL LOADS ABOVE THOSE REQUIRED BY THIS SPECIFICATION SHOULD BE AVOIDED BECAUSE HEAVY LOADS CAUSE ALTERNATOR AND BATTERY FAILURES. FAILURE OF THESE COMPONENTS WILL LIKELY RESULT IN THE AMBULANCE NOT BEING ABLE TO COMPLETE ITS MISSION.**

The electrical system shall include patient compartment outlets for 12 volt power (see 3.7.7.3) for medical equipment. A driver compartment console-mounted "module disconnect switch or device" (see 3.7.7.4) shall be provided which controls the equipment as defined in Figure 5, page 87.

#### **3.7.1.1 WARNING INDICATORS.**

The electrical system shall incorporate a warning light panel located in the driver's compartment. It shall provide indicator lights for showing: open patient compartment entry door(s) (see 3.10.8); open equipment compartment door(s); and when batteries are turned on by the battery disconnect switch (when furnished) (see 3.7.7). The "Door Open" warning lights shall be red, flash, and approximately 13 mm (1/2 in.) in diameter, or equal, in area. The battery indicator light shall be green with a lens approximately 13 mm (1/2 in.) in diameter, or equal, in area. Electronic displays that are visible in all ambient light, that projects narrative information may be used in lieu of discrete, colored, indicator/warning lights provided the projected message is at least as visible as the basic required warning light and complies with FMVSS 101 for displays.. The use of "high intensity" LEDs in lieu of the 13 mm warning light is acceptable. Warning indicators shall be identified and marked per 3.7.11.

#### **3.7.2 WIRING INSTALLATION.**

The ambulance body and accessory electrical equipment shall be served by circuit(s) separate and distinct from vehicle chassis circuits. All wiring provided by the ambulance

manufacturer shall be copper and conform to all the SAE J1292 requirements and shall have type SXL or GXL high temperature cross linked polyethylene, or better, insulation conforming to SAE J1127 and J1128. The use of multi conductor or ribbon cables are permitted provided they are not exposed to under hood or under vehicle temperatures/conditions. The wiring shall be permanently color coded or marked the entire length of the wire for identification with easily read numbers and/or letters and routed in conduit or high temperature looms with a rating of 149° C (300° F). When cables are supplied by a component manufacturer to interconnect system components, these cables need not be continuously color coded/identified. They shall be coded/identified at the termination or interconnection points. All added wiring shall be located in accessible, enclosed, protected locations and kept at least 15 cm (6 in.) away from exhaust system components. Electrical wiring and components shall not terminate in the oxygen storage compartment except for the oxygen controlled solenoid, compartment light, and switch plunger or trigger device. Wiring necessarily passing through an oxygen compartment shall be protected from damage (see 3.11.3). All conduits, looms, and wiring shall be secured to the body or frame with insulated metal cable straps in order to prevent sagging and movement which results in chafing, pinching, snagging, or any other damage. All apertures on the vehicle shall be properly grommeted for passing wiring and conform to SAE 1292. All items used for protecting or securing the wiring shall be appropriate for the specific application and be standard automotive, aircraft, marine, or electronic hardware. Cable ties shall not be used to support harnesses, but may be used for bundling purposes. Electrical panels that are accessible to accidental contact shall have a protective cover, shield, etc. to prevent shorts that can result in injury, fire, or damage to the electrical system.

### **3.7.2.1 WIRING CRITERIA.**

All wiring (including grounds), devices, switches, outlets, etc., except circuit breakers, shall be rated to carry at least 125 percent of the maximum ampere load for which the circuit is protected. A service loop of wire or harness shall be provided at all electrical components, terminals, and connection points that permits at least two replacements of the wire(s) termination. All splices and terminals provided shall comply with SAE J163, J561, or J928 as applicable. All wiring between the cab/chassis and module in Type I and III ambulances shall be connected to a terminal strip(s), block(s), or multi-pin connector(s) near the point of entry to the patient module. All terminals shall be permanently numbered or coded. Terminal strip(s), block(s), or multi-pin connector(s) shall be readily accessible for checking and service. All exterior wiring to lights or any other component shall utilize sealed connectors or splices.

The ambulance electrical system shall

incorporate a master circuit breaker panel with circuit breakers or other electronic, non-disposable, current protection devices, in each circuit, which comply with SAE J553 Type I, or Type III (if circuit breaker is readily accessible for resetting by the driver or EMT). When multiconductor cables/ribbon cables are used for low current (self limiting) circuits, additional fuses/circuit breakers are not required. Additionally, one 15 ampere circuit breaker shall be provided for future use. For high current circuits, where SAE Type I breakers are not

**Circuit Breaker Rating (AMPS) /**

**Minimum Wire Size (AWG)**

10 A - 16 GA

15 A - 14 GA  
20 A - 12 GA  
30 A - 10 GA  
40 A - 8 GA  
50 A - 6 GA  
75 A - 4 GA  
100 A - 2 GA  
125 A - 0 GA  
150 A - 00 GA

## **26**

KKK-A-1822 E

commercially produced, protection for these circuits may be provided with other types of circuit breakers. All circuit breakers shall be securely mounted, easily removable, and readily accessible for inspection and service. All electrical and electronic components, switches, connectors, circuit breakers, lamps, and indicators, including the vehicle batteries, shall be marked with an easily read identification code number and/or letter. Complete, highly legible, wiring diagrams and schematics, including identification codes and parts list for the ambulance's standard and optional equipment furnished, shall be included in the service manual and be supplied with each ambulance in accordance with paragraph 6.8

### **3.7.2.2 PRINTED CIRCUITS.**

When printed circuits are utilized, they shall conform to SAE J771. Printed circuit boards shall be securely mounted and protected from physical damage and accidental shorts. Printed circuit board connections and components shall conform to all other specification requirements.

### **3.7.3 GROUNDING.**

A. Dedicated grounds for all appliances, circuits, etc. shall be furnished. The use of appliance mounting screws/hardware shall not be used for grounding purposes unless specifically designed for such use by the appliance manufacturer.

B. To provide RF grounding and minimize potential interference with chassis manufacturer's

computers, the module and chassis cab shall be connected to the chassis frame with a separate dedicated minimum 19 mm (3/4"), braided ground strap with soldered ends that are secured to cleaned metal surfaces on the body and frame with star washers, etc. To prevent corrosion, both ends of the attached ground strap shall then be sealed with either rustproofing compounds or non-hardening battery terminal sealer. (Note: Regular stranded copper wire, while providing a DC ground, does not provide RF grounding.)

### **3.7.4 WINDSHIELD WIPERS AND WASHERS.**

Vehicle shall be equipped with dual, electric, multi-speed, windshield wipers and washer complying with FMVSS 104. When specified (see 6.2-p), the OEM intermittent wipers shall be furnished.

### **3.7.5 HORNS.**

The chassis manufacturer's dual electric horns shall be furnished. (see siren section for switching arrangements, (3.14.6)).

### **3.7.6 ELECTRICAL GENERATING SYSTEM (REFERENCE FIGURE 5A or 5B ).**



Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-q), the ambulance shall, when available from the chassis manufacturer, be equipped with standard or optional generating system designed for ambulance applications, and shall be nominally rated at 14 volts, with a minimum under hood temperature of 93° C (200° F). As a minimum, the generating system shall be capable of supplying at its regulated voltage, at 93° C (200° F), the continuous electrical load which consists of the following electrical equipment and systems: engine/transmission control system; headlights (low beam); all FMVSS 108 lights; windshield wipers (low speed); cab air conditioning (at coldest setting with highest blower speed); radio in receiving mode (or equal load, if not equipped); patient module dome lighting (in the high intensity setting); patient module air conditioning (at coldest setting with highest blower speed); emergency warning lighting system (in the daytime "primary" mode) (3.8.2); and 20 amp medical load or equal.

**WARNING: 1. ADDITIONAL (OPTIONAL), CONTINUOUS LOAD, ELECTRICAL DEVICES OR SYSTEMS, (ADDITIONAL WARNING LIGHTS, ON BOARD 115 VOLT AC SUPPLY, ETC.), ARE PERMITTED, PROVIDING RESERVE OR ADDITIONAL GENERATING CAPACITY IS AVAILABLE OR ADDED.**

**2. MANUFACTURERS/PURCHASERS SHOULD NOTE THAT THE "COLD", MAXIMUM RPM, OUTPUT RATING OF THE ALTERNATOR MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY HIGHER THAN THE HOT 93° C (200° F) OPERATIONAL SPEED RATINGS.**

The generating system shall supply the maximum electrical load, at the regulated voltage, at 93° C (200° F) under hood temperature, and with an engine speed not exceeding of the furnished engine manufacturer's high idle setting in order to maintain battery charge at the regulated voltage. The throttle control device, specified in 3.7.6.1, shall control the engine RPM necessary to maintain the heating and air conditioning systems, at full operating capacity, and to maintain the generating system's required output when the vehicle is stationary. The 12 volt electrical system shall incorporate an ammeter (see 3.7.6.2), and a voltmeter or voltage warning device (see 3.7.6.3) which are functionally connected as shown in Figure 5A or 5B. The final stage manufacturer/supplier shall test each ambulance prior to delivery and provide, to the purchaser, a written certification (tag) indicating the amount of generating capacity remaining, at the regulated voltage, at 93° C (200° F), after supplying the total electrical load as manufactured (including the purchaser options). Testing and tagging shall be in accordance with "AMD Standard 005, Ambulance Electrical System."

**3.7.6.1 ENGINE HIGH-IDLE SPEED CONTROL, AUTOMATIC.**

An engine high-idle speed control shall be furnished on all vehicles which automatically increases the engine speed (RPM) to the engine manufacturer's recommended setting to sustain the ambulance's total continuous electrical load at the regulated voltage, and provide maximum heating/air conditioning output. The device shall be preset so that, when activated, it will operate the engine at the appropriate RPM (see 3.7.6). The device shall operate only when switched to the "ON" position and the transmission is in "NEUTRAL", "PARK" and the parking brake is applied (when required by the chassis manufacturer). For transmissions without a "PARK" position, the device shall only function with the transmission in "NEUTRAL" and with the parking

brake applied. The device shall disengage when the operator depresses the service brake pedal or the transmission is placed in gear, and automatically re-engages when the service brake is released or when the transmission is placed in neutral or park. The device shall be furnished by the chassis manufacturer when available.

**28**

KKK-A-1822 E

**NOTE: DIESEL ENGINE MANUFACTURERS STATE THAT THEIR ENGINES SHOULD BE SET AT AN ELEVATED SPEED DURING EXTENDED IDLE PERIODS. ADDITIONALLY, THE ELEVATED IDLE SPEED REDUCES TORSIONAL VIBRATION WHICH CAUSES ALTERNATOR BELT SLIP PAGE.**

### **3.7.6.2 AMMETER.**

The electrical system (see Figure 5A or 5B) shall incorporate a center scale ammeter or equivalent electronic digital display which is capable of indicating a current of +/- 150 amperes or greater to exceed the worst case ampere load. The ammeter shunt, Hall Effect, or other current sensing device shall be electrically located in the electrical system to indicate all the current going to (charging) or from (discharging) the vehicle's batteries. When specified, furnished, (see 6.2) or when the chassis manufacturer disallows the cutting of power leads, a "Hall Effect" or other similar current sensing device shall be furnished in place of the ammeter shunt. The shunt or other current monitoring device shall not exceed 150 MV drop at maximum current. The ammeter and shunt, or equivalent device, shall have a combined accuracy of +/- 10 percent of the full scale reading. The meter shall be mounted in a location highly visible to the vehicle operator and shall be illuminated for night operation. The shunt or monitoring device shall be protected against physical damage, weather, road spray, and shall be mounted in an easily accessible location, and shall minimize the length of the power cables.

### **3.7.6.3 VOLTMETER OR VOLTAGE MONITOR.**

A voltmeter, or equivalent electronic device, illuminated for nighttime operation, which constantly monitors the 12 volt electrical system or a warning device and indicates abnormally high or low electrical system voltages, shall be furnished. The device furnished must be mounted so it is clearly visible to the driver at all times.

### **3.7.7 BATTERY SYSTEM.**

Two 12 volt batteries (or additional batteries as required by the chassis manufacturer) for ambulance use shall be furnished. When installed by the chassis manufacturer, a labeled "Battery Disconnect Switch" (or a switch operated solenoid) shall be furnished per Figure 5A. All electrical loads added by the ambulance manufacturer shall be controlled by an illuminated "Module Disconnect" switch or an illuminated, switch controlled, solenoid as shown in Figure 5A or 5B. Unless otherwise specified (see 3.15.3-5), the batteries shall be equivalent to the chassis OEM batteries. When high cycle batteries are specified (Delco / Delphi 1150 or 1151, or equal), ratings for each battery shall not be less than 700 cold cranking amps, and 180 minutes reserve capacity. Battery ratings shall conform to SAE J537. Batteries shall be located in a ventilated area, sealed off from occupant compartments, and shall be readily accessible for servicing and removal. When batteries are mounted in the engine compartment, they shall be provided with a heat shield as a safeguard against high under hood temperatures.

If the chassis manufacturer furnishes and installs the "Battery Disconnect Switch"(Fig.5A), it shall be clearly visible to the driver, in the seated position. If the switch is not visible, a green indicator light, shall be furnished indicating the batteries are "ON" (see 3.7.1.1).

**29**

KKK-A-1822 E

Battery switch / device wiring and added/ modified starting motor circuit wiring shall meet or exceed the SAE J1127 for high temperature SGX wire and SAE J541 for maximum voltage drop requirements for 12 volt heavy-duty applications.

When specified (see 6.2-R), the batteries, on Types I & III vehicles, shall be located in the module, sealed from the interior, or on Type II vehicles, in a compartment or lower skirt. Batteries shall be on a slide out tray or be readily available for service. When relocating batteries, the method of relocation shall be approved by the chassis manufacturer.

**NOTES: 1. MODULE BATTERY LOCATIONS CAN PROVIDE FOR IMPROVED FRONT/REAR AND LATERAL WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION AND FOR A LOWER CENTER OF GRAVITY.**

**2. PURCHASERS SHOULD SPECIFY A BATTERY CONDITIONER TO RECHARGE WHEN NECESSARY, AND TO MANTAIN CHASSIS BATTERIES IN THEIR FULL STATE OF CHARGE REGARDLESS OF PARASITIC LOADS. (THE BATTERY CONDITIONER WILL RECHARGE PORTABLE EQUIPMENT BATTERIES WITHOUT DRAINING CHASSIS BATTERIES. SEE 3.7.7.2)**

**3.7.7.1 BATTERY CHARGER OR CONDITIONER.**

When specified (see 3.15.3-7), either a 12 volt DC taper type battery charger or automatic charger/conditioner shall be provided. The charger/conditioner shall be listed by an organization meeting the requirements in Paragraph 3.7.8 and connected to the 12 volt DC battery system as shown in Figure 5A or 5B, and Figure 7. The charger shall be capable of supplying a minimum of 10 amperes charging current. The charger/conditioner shall be permanently mounted, in the vehicle, in a properly ventilated, accessible location and wired to the 115 volt AC utility power as specified in 3.7.8 and Figure 6.

When a battery conditioner is provided, it shall monitor the battery state of charge and, as necessary, automatically charge or maintain the batteries without gassing, depleting fluid level, overheating, or overcharging.

**3.7.7.2 PORTABLE EQUIPMENT CHARGING CIRCUIT.**

A circuit shall be furnished (Figure 7) for charging all portable battery powered devices, i.e. suction units, hand lights, defibrillators, portable radios, etc. This circuit shall prevent discharge of chassis batteries by only permitting the charging of portable devices when the vehicle is either running or the battery conditioner is connected to shore power(operational). Circuit breaker protection shall be provided and shall have a minimum of 10 amp capability. An additional tagged, identified lead shall be furnished in both the cab and module for connection of additional (future) portable equipment that requires recharging. When specified by the purchaser, (see 3.15.3-7) additional leads shall be furnished, and shall be located in areas as designated by the purchaser. A permanently mounted decal or engraved plate shall be furnished in a conspicuous location in



the cab stating, "This vehicle is equipped with a battery conditioner to maintain batteries in a full state of charge, and a dedicated 12 volt recharging circuit for portable battery powered equipment. For operation, vehicle shall be plugged into 115 volt AC shore power during periods of non-use".

**30**

KKK-A-1822 E

**3.7.7.3 INTERNAL 12 VOLT DC POWER (REFERENCE FIGURE 5A or 5B).**

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, two automotive "Power Point" type connectors shall be furnished (see 6.2-s), in the patient compartment. Each connector shall be rated for 12 volt DC, 20 ampere capacity, and be on a separately protected circuit. This circuit shall also include a (low voltage drop) "Schottky" diode to isolate medical equipment batteries from any electrical loads that the remainder of the ambulance electrical system may impose. The "Schottky" diode shall be heat-sink mounted, have an inverse voltage rating of at least 45 volts and also be rated to carry the maximum short circuit current, until the circuit breaker opens. The diode shall be physically located in an accessible location and be electrically connected between the circuit breaker and the "action wall" mounted connectors. When specified (see 6.2-s), the receptacles shall be a military type connector of the following generic designation, MS3112E12-3S or its interchangeable commercial equivalent. The polarity of the connector shall be as follows: Pin A (+ 12V), Pin B (Ground), Pin C (not used). The receptacles shall be located on a vertical surface of the "action wall" or other location specified by the purchaser. The mating plug attached to the medical equipment shall be an MS3116F12-3P or its interchangeable commercial equivalent.

The polarity for the plug shall be the same as above. Two unwired plugs shall be furnished and tagged with polarity requirements, and shall be plugged into the connectors. (NOTE: These connectors are widely available directly from most major industrial electronics distributors.)

**3.7.7.4 MASTER MODULE DISCONNECT SWITCH OR DEVICE.**

This switch (see Figure 5A or 5B) shall be located in the driver's compartment, be legibly marked, illuminated when "ON", and rated to carry at least 125 percent of the circuit's maximum current.

**3.7.8 115 VOLT OR 115/230 AC UTILITY POWER (REFERENCE FIGURE 6).**

Unless otherwise specified, the ambulance shall be furnished with a 2-wire plus ground 115 volt AC wiring system that is separate and distinct from the vehicle's 12 volt DC wiring system(s). The AC electrical system, including wiring and associated equipment, shall comply with AMD Standard 009. Listing shall be by a nationally recognized testing laboratory, recognized by OSHA under Appendix A to 29 CFR 1910.7. The AC system is to be utilized while the vehicle is stationary for powering maintenance devices, medical equipment battery chargers, and when specified (see 3.15.3 & 6.2), vehicle battery conditioner/charger, and any other device(s) deemed necessary by the purchaser. The AC system shall incorporate a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) device and a minimum 15 ampere circuit breaker which can be used as a master AC disconnect switch. The GFCI and circuit breaker may be an integral unit. The AC wiring shall utilize stranded wire in armored cable, nonmetallic sheathed cable, "Type SO" or better flexible cable rated at 600V and 90° C., covered with a minimum 149° C (300° F) flame retardant wire loom, or approved wire in conduit. When an onboard AC supply is specified (see 3.7.8.3), an automatic transfer switch shall be

furnished which turns off this onboard AC supply (interlock) and disconnects its output, when the AC utility power is applied. When the 12 VDC battery charger (see 3.15.3-7) and any power plant heater(s) (see 3.15.3-16) are furnished and connected to this system, they shall be wired so that they can be energized only from the utility power, and not the onboard AC supply. The onboard AC system shall not be utilized for operational ambulance interior lighting, such as dome and cot lights.

**31**

KKK-A-1822 E

**3.7.8.1 UTILITY POWER CONNECTOR.**

Unless additional capacity is required, a 115 volt AC (male) plug (NEMA 5-15P), rated at 15 amps (similar to a Levitan 4937, Arrow-Hart 527WP or equal), with spring loaded cover assembly suitable for wet locations, shall be installed on the driver's side of the ambulance body in close proximity to driver's door. The connection shall be permanently labeled with the following:

THIS CONNECTION IS FOR 115 VOLT AC, 60 Hz, 15 AMPERE SUPPLY.

**NOTE: THE ABOVE LABEL SHALL REFLECT ACTUAL VOLTAGE AND CURRENT CONNECTIONS IF OTHER THAN SHOWN.**

This receptacle shall energize the vehicle's internal AC circuit(s) from an external power source (utility power). The purchaser's stationary utility power circuit supplying the ambulance's 115 volt AC power should incorporate ground fault protection. A proper mating, weatherproof, 15 ampere or more when required, female receptacle (NEMA 5-15R) shall also be furnished without cable and tagged specifying the size, type of wire necessary, and the polarity of the future hookup.

**3.7.8.2 ELECTRICAL 115 VOLT AC RECEPTACLES.**

The patient compartment shall be furnished with a pair of 2 wire plus ground duplex 115 volt AC receptacles. Receptacles shall be near flush, vertically mounted. One outlet shall be located on the primary patient action wall and the other shall located in the right front cabinet / storage area. Both outlets shall be at least 31 cm (12 in.) from any oxygen outlet. An indicator shall be located within each 115 volt AC receptacle as a line monitor indicating a live (hot) circuit. The receptacles shall be labeled with the following: "115 VOLT AC."

**3.7.8.3 SOLID STATE INVERTER FOR ON BOARD 115 VOLT AC POWER.**

When specified under 3.15.3-6, a DC to AC inverter shall be provided in conjunction with the onboard 115 volt AC wiring system (3.7.8.) The device furnished shall be capable of continuously delivering at least 750 watts of sine wave type regulated AC power to safely power all types of electrical or electronic loads and maintain a frequency of 60 +/-4 Hz. The single phase output sine wave type regulated voltage, with minimal harmonic distortion, shall not rise to more than an RMS value of 135 volts nor drop to less than 105 volts from no load to full load, at an 80 percent power factor, over the 12.8 to 14.8 range of the DC input voltage. The device shall be capable of operating all types of AC loads, including resistive and reactive (either inductive or capacitive) over the temperature range in 3.4.2. The installation shall include an "ON-OFF" switch to activate the device. This switch shall be located on the EMT's control panel or cab console, have a red "ON" indicator, and be labeled with the following:

"115 VOLT AC Inverter." A decal shall be provided near this switch, which states that "WHEN

OPERATING THE 115 VOLT AC SYSTEM, ALL UNNECESSARY 12 VOLT DC ELECTRICAL LOADS SHOULD BE TURNED OFF.” The inverter shall have integral GFCI protection and shall be wired per Figures 5A or 5B, and 6.

**32**

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.7.9 DRIVER COMPARTMENT CONTROLS.**

In addition to the left-hand drive controls and switches, the final stage ambulance manufacturer shall provide and locate, within easy normal reach of the driver, the specified controls and instruments. The battery switch (when furnished), and module disconnect switch or device (see 3.7.7.4) shall be different in feel from each other and be supplied with a handle or knob, which feels different to the touch than the other switches, or be physically isolated from them.

### **3.7.10 PATIENT COMPARTMENT CONTROLS.**

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-t), the patient compartment controls, switches, and instruments shall be panel mounted and located within normal reach of the seated EMT (3.10.3).

### **3.7.11 MARKING OF SWITCHES, INDICATORS, AND CONTROL DEVICES.**

All switches, indicators, and control devices supplied by the end product manufacturer of the ambulance shall be clearly visible to the ambulance personnel. They shall be perceptively and permanently identified with at least 12 point letters for the noun or function, and 8 point letters for the remainder of the legend. The identifications shall be contrasting colors etched or engraved in plastic or metal, or printed and laminated in see through plastic, and grouped according to function, and mounted in illuminated or backlit panel(s) or the console.

### **3.7.12 ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION AND SUPPRESSION.**

In addition to OEM chassis, all added electrically operated or electrical generating devices, including alternators, air conditioning, warning light systems, electromagnetic coils of high current solenoids and relays, and medical equipment, shall be electromagnetic radiation suppressed, filtered, or shielded to prevent interference to radios and telemetry equipment aboard the vehicle and the surrounding area and shall not exceed SAE J551 limits. Type certification for these devices is acceptable. When specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-u), the completed ambulance vehicle shall be tested and certified to demonstrate that the RFI does not exceed the maximum limits of SAE J551. When specified by the purchaser, electrically operated medical equipment, both installed and portable, furnished shall comply to MIL-STD-461, Interface Standard Requirements for the Control of Electromagnetic Interference Characteristics of Subsystems and Equipment.

## **3.8 LIGHTING, EXTERIOR AND INTERIOR.**

### **3.8.1 AMBULANCE EXTERIOR LIGHTING.**

The basic exterior ambulance lighting shall comply to FMVSS No. 108 and the requirements herein, and include daytime running lights when standard from the chassis manufacturer, amber colored front and rear directional signals and hazard warning lights (except on Type II ambulances, if amber lenses are not available from OEM). The lower front and rear side marker lights shall flash in conjunction with the directional signals. Backup lights/loading light(s), clearance lamps (when applicable), ambulance emergency lights (3.8.2), floodlights (3.8.3), and spotlight(s) (3.8.4) (see Figures 1, 2, and 3), shall be furnished as specified.

The ambulance manufacturer shall furnish light assemblies that are stainless steel, plastic, or other weather resistant materials, that are installed in a manner that will not cause electrolysis of light housings or vehicle body.

**33**

KKK-A-1822 E

**NOTE: TO MINIMIZE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM LOADING AND REDUCE MAINTENANCE, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE (LED) STOP/TAIL, DIRECTIONAL AND MARKER LIGHTS SHALL BE FURNISHED WHEN SPECIFIED BY THE PURCHASER, (SEE 6.2 - FFF) ON MODULAR BODIES.**

### **3.8.2 AMBULANCE EMERGENCY LIGHTING.**

As specified (see 6.2-v), a strobe, halogen, HID, LED, or any other source of light for the emergency lighting system shall provide the ambulance with 360 degrees of conspicuity for safety during its missions. The system shall display highly perceptible and attention getting signals that function in a modal system, and convey the message in the "PRIMARY MODE" - "Clear the Right-of-Way" and in the "SECONDARY MODE" - "Hazard, Vehicle Stopped on Right-of-Way." The ambulance standard warning light system shall not impose a continuous average electrical load exceeding 40 amperes at 14.2 volts and 42 amperes with the optional second amber rear light.

**WARNING: PURCHASERS SHOULD NOT SPECIFY WARNING LIGHTS BEYOND THOSE REQUIRED HEREIN. ADDITIONAL LIGHTING WILL UTILIZE RESERVE ALTERNATOR CAPACITY AND COULD RESULT IN OVER LOADED ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS. (SEE WARNINGS IN PARAGRAPHS 3.7.1. AND 3.7.6)**

Additional warning lights are not required but, if specified (see 6.2-v), shall not obscure the light output of the standard warning light system. Additional warning light systems furnished shall be separately switched. Any warning devices furnished, in addition to the specified system, shall be compensated for with reserve or additional generating capacity as required in 3.7.6.

#### **3.8.2.1 EMERGENCY LIGHTING SYSTEM CONFIGURATION.**

The ambulance standard emergency warning light system shall contain twelve fixed red lights, one fixed clear light and one or two fixed amber or SAE "selective yellow" light(s), (see 6.2-v). These lights shall function in a dual mode system as shown in Table I below and meet the physical and photometric requirements of 3.8.2.2. The upper body warning lights shall be mounted at the extreme upper corner areas of the ambulance body, below the horizontal roofline. The single clear light shall be centered between the two front facing, red, upper corner lights or in a dedicated housing mounted forward of the body on the cab roof (see Figures 1, 2, and 3). If due to limited body dimensions and physical size of the outboard forward facing lights, the lights may also be mounted in dedicated housings on the cab roof. The standard warning lights shall not be obstructed by doors or other ancillary equipment. The amber light(s) shall be symmetrically located between the two rear facing red lights. The red "grille" lights shall be located at least 76 cm (30 in.) above the ground and below the bottom edge of the windshield and be laterally separated by at least 46 cm (18 in.), measured from centerline to centerline of each lamp. The lateral facing intersection

**34**

KKK-A-1822 E

## MODAL EMERGENCY LIGHTING SYSTEM

Front and Front Rear Center Grille and Fender

Rear Corners Upper Center

MODE OF  
OPERATION  
COLOR &  
LOCATION

PRIMARY

"Clear the Right-of-Way"

SECONDARY

"Hazard-Vehicle Stopped on  
Right-of-Way"

**RED CLEAR AMBER RED**

ON ON ON ON

ON OFF ON OFF

## FLASH PATTERN

**MINIMUM FLASH ENERGY, Cd-S PER FLASH, PER FIXTURE**

**COLOR RED CLEAR AMBER**

**LOCATION**

**DAY**

**NIGHT**

GRILL & FENDERS UPPER BODY FRONT CENTER REAR CENTER\*  
CORNERS

160 Cd-S @ HV 240 Cd-S @ HV 900 Cd-S @ HV 600 Cd-S @ HV

80 Cd-S @ + 5° H 120 Cd-S @ + 5° H 450 Cd-S @ + 5° H 300 Cd-S @ + 5° H

Points Points Points Points

12 Cd-S @ All 32 Cd-S @ All 96 Cd-S @ All 72 Cd-S @ All

5° V - 45° H Points 5° V - 45° H Points 5° V - 45° H Points 5° V - 45° H Points

10 - 30% of the above

\* Single center rear or combined dual rear (Optional)

## TABLE 1

**35**

**KKK-A-1822 E**

lights shall be mounted as close as possible to the front upper edge of each front fender and may be angled forward a maximum of 30 degrees. All warning lights furnished shall be mounted to project their highest intensity beams on the horizontal plane, (see 3.8.2.4).

### 3.8.2.2 PHOTOMETRIC, CHROMATICITY, AND PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS.

Each emergency light shall flash 75 to 125 times per minute. The chromaticity values of the lights shall conform to SAE J578, for their respective color, except for the red lights, which in addition may conform to the following expanded boundary limits of:  $y = 0.34$ ;  $y = 0.32$ ;  $x = 0.62$ . All warning lights shall project a beam spread of at least 5 degrees up and 5 degrees down and at least 45 degrees left and right of H-V. Each light shall produce flash energy, (Cd-s) per flash, measured from the H-V to all the extreme test point coordinates and shall be tested at all 5° increments. At no point shall the Cd-s values drop to less than the minimum values as shown in the table above when tested at 14.2 volts. Flash energy shall be determined in accordance with the SAE J845 method for determining the flash energy of a light. Testing shall be conducted on the device(s) as manufactured including use of the actual light source and all other related system components.

### 3.8.2.3 SWITCHING ARRANGEMENTS.

The emergency light switches shall be wired and arranged to provide the warning light signal



modes and combinations as specified. All emergency light switches shall be labeled (see 3.7.11) and each Primary/Secondary mode switch shall have an amber or red indicator light to show the driver which mode is activated. When strobe lights are furnished or, when specified (see 6.2-v) for incandescent lights, a day-night switch shall be provided. When specified (see 6.2-v) from the lighting system manufacturer, an automatic switch to the "Secondary Mode" when the gear selector is placed in the "Park/Neutral" position, with a manual override to the "Primary Mode" shall be furnished. Additionally, when specified (see 6.2-v) from the lighting system manufacturer, the lighting system shall provide an ambient light sensing circuit to automatically switch to the "Night" position while in the "Secondary Mode". A manual override to the daytime (bright) mode shall be provided. Operators manual (3.20) shall include suggestive management instructions for the warning systems.

#### **3.8.2.4 HARDWARE CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALLATION.**

The emergency lighting system shall be comprised of components and devices that comply to the general requirements and tests of SAE J575g, J576d, J578, and J551, as applicable for the unit. Warning lights shall be firmly fastened to reinforced body surfaces in accordance with the lighting manufacturer's requirements and recommendations and include aiming wedges to compensate for sloped body surfaces, grill, hood and fender angles or mold release angles on roof caps. The ambulance manufacturer shall aim the lights to assure that all lighting performance requirements herein are met. The lights shall be aimed either mechanically or optically on the horizontal axis with a tolerance of +0 degrees to -3 degrees. All switches, connectors, and wiring shall be rated to carry a minimum of 125 percent of their maximum ampere load. When halogen or other long duty cycle light source is used, the duty cycle of any device shall not exceed 50 percent. When strobe lights are furnished, all high voltage leads and connections shall be insulated and enclosed, or weather proof connectors, with the proper voltage rating shall be used.

**36**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **3.8.2.5 TESTS, WARNING LIGHT SYSTEM.**

The lighting manufacturers shall furnish and certify or the ambulance manufacturer shall measure and record the total average current load of the standard emergency warning light system on the vehicle as manufactured at the regulated voltage of 14.2 V, when operated in the mode which draws maximum current. This load current test shall be conducted during the "ambulance's electrical system test" (3.7.6 and AMD Std. 005). The warning light system and related components and devices shall conform to temperature conditions in 3.4.2 and be tested and approved by an Automotive Manufacturers Equipment Compliance Agency (AMECA) accredited laboratory independent from the lighting device manufacturer's own labs and listed with the AMECA for compliance with the requirements in this specification.

#### **3.8.3 FLOOD AND LOADING LIGHT (EXTERIOR).**

Flood and loading lights shall be not less than 191 cm (75 in.) above the ground and unobstructed by open doors. Floodlights shall be located on the sides, and a patient loading light on the rear of the ambulance. They shall be firmly fastened to reinforced body surfaces, below the roofline. When specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-w) two flood lights shall be

furnished on each side, and two patient loading lights shall be furnished on the rear. These flood lights shall be mounted on fixed body surfaces, and should have the maximum possible spacing between them. The lamp(s) H-V shall be projected downward, either mechanically or optically, at an angle of 12 to 18 degrees from the horizontal plane and the lighting on each side of the ambulance shall provide a minimum of 800 beam candle power and produce a flood light pattern similar to a H7619 sealed beam lamp. Floodlight switches shall be located on the cab console and control each side independently. Loading light(s) shall provide a minimum of 500 candle power beam and shall illuminate the area surrounding the back loading doors. The light(s) shall produce a light pattern equivalent to a 4406 sealed beam. Loading light(s) shall automatically be activated when rear doors are opened and may be incorporated with the FMVSS backup lighting system.

#### **3.8.4 SPOTLIGHT.**

A hand held spotlight shall be provided with a minimum 100,000 CP lamp, corrosion proof housing with momentary switch, and minimum 244 cm (8 ft.) heavy-duty coiled cord. It shall be hard wired to the vehicle 12 volt DC system (for anti-theft reasons) and stowed in a holder in a compartment/area, accessible to the driver and passenger. When specified (see 3.15.3-25), a remote controlled spotlight shall be furnished, having an "ON"/"OFF" panel switch and variable speed fingertip control. Searchlight shall be a minimum 13 cm (5 in.) diameter, 100,000 CP sealed beam. Lights shall be operable over 360 degrees horizontal sweep and approximately 90 degrees vertical range. Remote control, exterior, light housings shall be chrome plated, bronze, brass, or other materials with intrinsically corrosion resistant construction.

#### **3.8.5 AMBULANCE INTERIOR LIGHTING.**

The basic interior ambulance lighting configuration shall be designed to minimize electrical loads and include: A driver's compartment dome light; instrument panel lights; master switch panel; and console light(s). When specified (see 3.15.3-33), a map light for the front seat passenger shall be furnished. Lighting shall be designed and located so that no glare is reflected into the driver's eyes or his line of vision, from switch control panels or other areas that are illuminated while the vehicle is in motion. The patient compartment dome lighting (3.8.5.1) shall be sufficient to illuminate the step-well (3.10.12). The EMT's control panel shall be separately illuminated. All lights shall have lamp shells and housings grounded.

##### **3.8.5.1 PATIENT COMPARTMENT ILLUMINATION.**

Normal white illumination (dome and EMT's switch panel lighting) in the patient compartment shall not be less than 15 foot candle intensity, measured along the centerline of the clear floor without any outside ambient light. The primary cot shall be provided with a minimum of 35 foot candles of illumination measured on at least 90 percent of the cot's surface area. Blue light(s) or lenses shall not be used. Patient compartment lights shall not be powered by the vehicle's 115 volt AC system if so equipped. The patient compartment dome lighting (in the dim setting) and loading lamp(s) shall be automatically activated when the patient compartment doors are opened. All interior dome lighting, including "checkout" lights, shall be near flush mounted and not protrude more than 3.8 cm (1.5 in.). The use of fluorescent lighting which operates on 12 volts DC, meets

the above performance and interference requirements of paragraph 3.7.12, can be used in lieu of incandescent lighting. Fluorescent fixture(s) shall have a removable cover that positively locks in place. The fluorescent tube shall be positively locked in place to preclude loosening due to vehicle movement or vibration. Dome lighting shall not consume more than 15 amps in the bright setting and shall have two separately protected and controlled circuits. Switches, electronic controls, or fireproofed rheostats may be used to control lighting.

### **3.8.5.2 PATIENT COMPARTMENT “CHECKOUT LIGHTS”.**

When specified (see 3.15.3-9), two “patient compartment checkout lights” shall be furnished with 6 candle power lamps, or equal, and 5 minute timer switch that is wired directly to the ammeter shunt (battery side of load disconnect switch). (See Figure 5A and 5B). One of the light fixtures shall be located towards the front of the patient compartment and one towards the rear. The checkout lights may be integrated into the standard patient compartment lighting by activating two of the lamps in the “dim” circuit.

**NOTE: USE OF CHECKOUT LIGHTS MINIMIZES BATTERY CYCLING, PRECLUDES THE NECESSITY FOR TURNING ON BATTERIES, AND USE OF HIGHER POWER COMPARTMENT LIGHTING.**

### **3.9 CAB-BODY DRIVER COMPARTMENT AND EQUIPMENT.**

#### **3.9.1 DRIVER’S COMPARTMENT, CAB-BODY STRUCTURE.**

All cab compartments shall be of sufficient size to accommodate a driver and assistant, with space to perform driving and control activities. The cab (Type I) or the cab-body (Types II and III) shall be organized and designed with the specified and required equipment and accessories for ease of operation and safety.

**38**

KKK-A-1822 E

The partition and door, when provided between cab and patient compartment on Type II and Type III vehicles, shall not interfere with or restrict the OEM’s full range of front seat adjustment.

The cab and cab-body shall comply with Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 108, 111, 113, 115, 120, 124, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 219, 301, and 302. Types II and III vehicles, of the integral cab-body design, shall be equipped with front doors and window openings equal to the Type I conventional truck cab and conform to 3.9.2 thru 3.9.8. All ambulance Types shall be provided with a partition between the cab or driver’s compartment and the patient’s compartment (see 3.10.2 and 3.10.15).

#### **3.9.2 CAB-BODY PROVISIONS.**

Cab-body section shall provide a right and left side, weatherproofed, forward hinged door with opening side windows and, when available from the OEM: crank or push open vent windows; door stops; external key operated door locks with two sets of keys; trim or closed panels and headliner (washable vinyl upholstery, or flooring type materials); floor covering (OEM’s heat, noise and appearance trim packages); panel mounted instruments; and seat(s). All exposed interior surfaces shall be painted. Hardware and other exterior exposed metal trim shall be chrome plated, stainless steel, or anodized aluminum. When specified by the purchaser (see 3.10.15.2 and 3.15.3-29), a console shall be furnished that will contain a map book, clip board, radio control head(s) speaker(s), etc. The console



shall be furnished per purchaser's specifications. Additionally, the vehicle shall be furnished with at least the following equipment:

- a. Dual sun visors (padded).
- b. Armrests, mounted on each side door.
- c. Compartment ventilation, other than windows.
- d. Key operated ignition/starter switch.
- e. Ammeter and voltmeter (see 3.7.6.2 and 3.7.6.3).
- f. Fuel gauge(s).
- g. Oil pressure gauge.
- h. Engine temperature gauge.
- i. Speedometer with odometer.
- j. Environmental controls (heater-defroster/air conditioner, etc.).
- k. Seatbelts and shoulder harness for driver and passenger, when available from chassis manufacturer.
- l. Dual outside mirrors (3.9.5).
- m. Cab lighting and controls.
- n. Tinted windshield.
- o. Dual electric horn(s).
- p. Throttle control (see 3.7.6.1).

**39**

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.9.3 CAB COMPARTMENT DRIVER AND ASSISTANT SEAT.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-x), the driver's compartment shall be furnished with at least two individual bucket-type seats (driver and assistant) or, when specified (see 6.2-x), bench style seating for three. The seats shall be frame constructed with cushioned springs or foam rubber, padded and upholstered to provide maximum riding comfort. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-x), the seats shall be covered with fire-retardant (per FMVSS-302), washable, nonabsorbent material. Driver's seat shall have the OEM's full, unobstructed range of longitudinal adjustment, and a minimum of 30 percent of the range of inclination, but not less than the angle furnished on the chassis manufacturer's standard non-reclining high back seat.

### **3.9.4 CONTROLS AND OPERATING MECHANISM.**

All controls and operating mechanisms shall be located for left-hand drive. Lever controls, equipment, items, and devices shall be installed, located, and stowed for the convenience of the purpose intended and shall not interfere with the ambulance personnel or patient's ingress or egress of respective compartments.

### **3.9.5 OUTSIDE REARVIEW MIRRORS.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-y), dual, firmly secured, vibrationless, rearview mirrors, having a combination flat/convex mirror system, shall be furnished. Convex shall be a minimum 13 cm (5 in.) diameter [approx. 130 sq. cm, (20 sq. in.)]. Mirrors shall have the largest usable reflective area practical for the designed ambulance, totaling at least 806 square centimeters (125 square in.) per vehicle. Unless the mirror assembly is manufactured as an integral assembly, all four mirror head faces shall be independently adjustable. Hardware and mirror heads shall be chromed, polished stainless steel, or polished aluminum.

### **3.9.6 BUMPERS AND STEPS.**

Chassis manufacturer's standard chrome bumper shall be furnished in the front of the chassis. The rear of the ambulance shall be furnished with a sturdy, full-width, rear bumper, with step secured to the vehicle's chassis-frame. The rear bumper and step shall be adequate to support a test weight of 227 kg (500 pounds) without flexing. A step shall be furnished at the back (loading) door opening, if the patient compartment floor is more than 46 cm (18 in.) above the ground. Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser for Class 2 vehicles (see 6.2-z), the step installation shall be equal distance +/- 5 cm (2 in.) between the ground and the floor. The bumper-step shall be designed to prevent the accumulation of mud, ice, or snow and made of anti-skid open grating metal (a folding style step if specified in 3.15.3-

21). These steps shall not be located or exposed to the interior of the ambulance when the door(s) are closed. All necessary steps shall be at least the width of the door opening for which they are provided. The step's tread shall have a minimum depth of 13 cm (5 in.) and a maximum depth of 25 cm (10 in.). If the step protrudes more than 18 cm (7 in.) from the rear of the vehicle, a fold-up step shall be furnished.

#### **3.9.6.1 OVERRIDE FRONT GRILLE GUARD.**

When specified and permitted by the chassis manufacturer (see 3.15.3-22), an override protection (high-rise heavy-duty grille guard) shall be furnished to protect the vehicle grille, siren speakers, grill lights, radiator, and air conditioner condenser. The heavy-duty grille guard shall be custom fit to the front bumper and bolted to the vehicle frame. The grille guard shall be of all steel construction with not less than 9.5 mm 10 mm (3/8") thick side plates and two horizontal 5.0 cm (2 in.) diameter tube crossmembers. The grille guard shall be of a height to extend from the bottom edge of the front bumper to not less than 20.3 cm (8 in.) above the top edge. Unless otherwise stated in ordering data, the grille guard shall be chrome plated or painted to match the vehicle exterior color.

**WARNING: PURCHASERS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT GRILLE GUARDS ADD ADDITIONAL FRONT END WEIGHT AND SHOULD NOT BE ORDERED UNLESS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.**

#### **3.9.6.2 BUMPER GUARDS.**

When specified and permitted by the chassis manufacturer (3.15.3-22) or required for protection of grille mount siren speakers which extend beyond the face of the bumper, a set of bumper guards shall be furnished. Bumper guards shall be rubber faced, 30 cm (12 in.) to 36+cm (14 in.) high, polished aluminum, chromed steel, or polished stainless steel. They shall bolt or clamp to the bumper or chassis, and shall protect the bumper, siren speakers, grill lights, etc.

#### **3.9.7 BODY PROTECTION.**

##### **3.9.7.1 FENDERS.**

Fenders and wheel housings (see 3.10.13) shall be provided to cover all tires. Fender extension(s) over dual rear tires are permitted on ambulance bodies to cover tires, providing they are less than 20 cm (8 in.) wide, reinforced, secured, and may be painted black, unless polished metal is specified (see 3.4.11.2 and 6.2-aa).

##### **3.9.7.2 RUNNING BOARDS.**

When specified (see 3.15.3-30), bright finish, aluminum running boards shall be provided from the rear of the front wheel opening to the rear of the cab (Type I); to the front of the rear wheel opening (Type II); and to the front of the modular body (Type III).

All running boards shall be securely attached to the cab and/or body, as required, and include nonmetallic spacers to prevent contact of dissimilar metals and prevent trapping of dirt and water between the running board and the cab body. All running boards shall be gusseted and provide brackets to prevent flexing, sagging, and damage. Design of the running boards may incorporate mud flaps. Running board installation shall conform to chassis manufacturer's recommendation.

#### **3.9.7.3 MUD FLAPS.**

When specified (see 3.15.3-31, mud flaps, at least as wide as the tire(s), shall be provided per SAE J682 behind the front and rear wheels and shall be reinforced at the point of attachment to the vehicle. Mud flaps may be incorporated into the running boards.

#### **3.9.7.4 MUD/STONE GUARDS.**

When specified (see 3.15.3-15), bright finish, aluminum diamond plate shall be provided to protect the lower part of Type I and Type III ambulances.

**41**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **3.9.7.5 RUB RAIL.**

When specified on Type I and III bodies (see 3.15.3-19), a body rub rail, minimum 25.4 mm (1") thick x 50.8 mm (2") wide, shall be provided that extends the full length of the right and left sides of the lower third section of the module. The rub rail shall be firmly attached to the body.

#### **3.9.7.6 FUEL FILL SPLASH PLATES.**

The painted surface of the ambulance body shall be protected from discoloration due to spilled fuel during refueling. Protection shall be provided by a drain in the fuel fill housing(s) or by splash plate(s) under the fuel fill opening.

#### **3.9.8 ENGINE HOOD.**

Engine hood and cowl shall be fitted to prevent precipitation, heat, odors, and noise from entering the interior of the cab and body. Cab compartment engine covers, on Types II and III ambulances, shall be removable for easy access to engine and components.

#### **3.9.9 CAB CONNECTING BELLOWS FOR TYPE I VEHICLE.**

A flexible, weather-tight bellows, fabricated from EPDM, Hypalon, sheet or molded rubber, or other durable materials that meet the temperature requirements herein and resist ozone, sunlight, oil, fungus, and will not crack, rot or deteriorate, shall be provided between the Type I cab and the modular body. Bellows shall be designed for proper fit and finish and be able to absorb lateral, vertical, and torsional displacement due to body/cab movement. Window in the cab or body shall be of the sliding type, shall be aligned, and connect with the modular body window opening (see 3.10.2, 3.10.14 and 3.10.15) and shall conform to requirements of the partition.

#### **3.10 AMBULANCE BODY AND PATIENT AREA.**

##### **3.10.1 BODY ACCOMMODATIONS.**

The ambulance body and patient compartment shall be sufficient in size to transport occupants, as specified in Configuration A or B (see 3.1.5), and accommodate and store all the stretchers, cots, and litters through the range of dimensions as specified in Table II. There shall be space around the patients to permit a technician to administer life support treatment to at least one patient during transit (see dimensional parameters 3.10.4).

42

KKK-A-1822 E

## **TABLE II AMBULANCE STRETCHERS, COTS, AND LITTERS**

**Dimensions cm/in.**

**Length Width Bed Height**

**Stretchers, Cots, and Litters Minimum Minimum Maximum (Collapsed)**

**Style 1** —Wheeled Cot (Elevating) 191/75 56/22 38/15\*

**Style 2** —Wheeled Cot (Elevating

with Additional Front Roll-In Wheels) 200/79 33/13 56/22

**Style 3** —Folding Stretcher or

Combination Stretcher Chair 189/73.5 48/19 21/8.25

**Style 4** —Navy Stokes Litter

(Resting On Floor) 215/84.75 60/23.5 19/7.5

**Style 5** —Standard Army and

NATO Litters (With Poles) \*\* 227/90 58/23 17/6.75

**Notes:** \* Measured to top of positioned 7.6 cm (3 in.) thick mattress.

\*\* Dimensions of Army and NATO litters are in accordance with North Atlantic Treaty Organization, Standardization agreement STANAG No. 2040.

### **3.10.2 CAB/PATIENT COMPARTMENT ACCESS WINDOW.**

The ambulance and body bulkheads shall have an aligned window opening of at least 968 square centimeters (150 square in.), for visual checking and voice communications between the cab and the patient's compartment for Type I vehicles and, when specified (see 3.10.15.2), in lieu of walkthru door on Types II & III. The window shall be latchable from the cab side and shall be an adjustable, transparent, shatterproof panel (see 3.9.9 and 3.10.14).

### **3.10.3 EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN (EMT) SEATING.**

The EMT shall be provided with a seat conforming to FMVSS 207, when applicable FMVSS 210, and be equipped with a safety belt and a padded back and a padded headrest. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-bb), the seat shall be not less than 46 cm (18 in.) deep by 46 cm (18 in.) wide and 38 to 46 cm (15 to 18 in.) high, measured to the top of the seat cushion (see 3.11.1.1) and adjustable a minimum of 10 cm (4 in.) (front to rear) when a bucket type seat is furnished. The EMT shall be seated at the head of the primary patient, near the bulkhead or partition behind cab compartment, facing rearward (see 3.1.5.) The space under the seat may be designed as a storage compartment or utilized for other equipment. The EMT seat shall be upholstered per 3.11.4. When an ambulance manufacturer's fabricated seat is furnished, the padded backrest shall be the maximum practical width and height. When specified and available (see 6.2-BB), an EMT seat with integral infant/child safety seat shall be furnished and conform with all requirements including FMVSS 213.

43

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.10.4 PATIENT COMPARTMENT INTERIOR DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS.**

The patient compartment shall provide, but not be limited to, a minimum of 9.2 cubic meters (325 cubic feet) of space, less 1 cubic meter (35 cubic feet) for cabinets, while complying with the following:

Length: Unless otherwise specified or permitted by the purchaser (see 6.2-cc), length, measured

from the partition to the inside edge of the rear loading doors at the floor, shall be at least 310 cm (122 in.). This length in the compartment shall provide at least 64 cm (25 in.) and not more than 76 cm (30 in.) of unobstructed space at the head of the primary patient, measured from the face of the backrest of the EMT seat to the forward edge of the cot. A minimum of 25 cm (10 in.) shall be provided, from the end of the mattress to the rear loading doors, to permit clearance for traction or long board splints.

Width: The width of the compartment, after installation of the cabinets, shall provide 46 cm (18 in.) +/- 15 cm (6 in.) of clear aisle walkway between cot and base of squad bench, with the cot located in the street side (non-centered) position. Height: Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-dd), the patient compartment shall provide at least 152 cm (60 in.) height, over the primary patient area, measured from floor to ceiling panels.

### **3.10.5 BODY, GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.**

For modular construction, the body shall be all welded aluminum or, when specified or approved by the purchaser (see 6.2-ee), other lightweight, inherently corrosion resistant materials of equal, or greater, strength. The exterior of the body shall be finished smooth with symmetrically radiused corners and edges, including rub-rails when specified (see 3.15.3-19), and shall include doors and windows specified herein.

Ambulance body, as a unit, shall be designed and built to provide impact and patient compartment penetration resistance and shall be of sufficient strength to support the entire weight of the fully loaded vehicle on its top or side, if overturned, without separation of joints or permanently deforming roof bow or reinforcements, body posts, doors, stringers, floor, inner linings, outer panels, rub-rails, and other reinforcements. Wood, or wood products, shall not be used for structural framing. As evidence that the ambulance body meets the above criteria, the manufacturers body (fabricated, modified, or converted), excluding the conventional cab, shall furnish for each body model (Type) a certification that the ambulance body meets Static Load Test for Ambulance Body Structure, AMD Standard No. 001. Additionally, the roof structure, liner, and outer skin or cap shall be designed and constructed to prevent separation and the possible ejection of patients or crew in the event of an accident and shall include welded and, if necessary, reinforced attachments to the body.

**WARNING: ANY ABSORBENT MATERIAL SUCH AS CARPETING, FABRIC, OR INSIDE/OUTSIDE PLASTIC TYPE CARPETING, ETC. THAT RESISTS CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATION SHALL NOT BE USED IN ANY STORAGE OR PATIENT COMPARTMENT.**

### **3.10.6 AMBULANCE BODY STRUCTURE.**

All parts of the ambulance body and attachments shall be fastened with rust-resistant fasteners in a manner which will preclude loosening. Cabinets, benches, partitions, oxygen cylinder holders, guide rails, and cot holders shall be attached to metal tapping plates and/or framing welded to the body structure. These components shall be fastened by welding, bolting, or self-tapping (threading) machine screws, on at least 46 cm (18 in.) centers or less, as applicable to the component being installed. Sheet metal, self-tapping wood/metal screws, nails, staples, etc. shall not be used in assembling the ambulance structure, except for self-threading sheet metal screws used for light trim panels and for retention of wood or composite sub-flooring.



Vehicles furnished with fiberglass/plastic, exterior roof panel shall have the center section embedded with metal wire screening (see 3.14.3 for a radio antenna ground plane). Ambulance bodies with an extended roof shall have the roof structural members permanently fastened to structural members of the body (welded, bolted, and sealed) to prevent separation in an accident. Body structure shall, as necessary, include gusseting to provide diagonal strength. Drip rail(s) shall be provided around the entire modular body and have drain points at each corner. Drip rails shall also be furnished over each entry and compartment door. When structure permits, drip rail shall extend 2.5 cm (1 in.) beyond the edge of the doors. Body skirt(s) shall not extend more than 8 cm (3 in.) below the vehicle cab/body. The body, roof, and panel joints shall be watertight. All openings between the chassis-body and occupant carrying compartments, including the bulkhead between cab and body of Type I and III (see 3.9.9), shall be sealed to prevent intrusion of water, dust, and exhaust gases.

### **3.10.7 BODY MOUNTING.**

On Types I and III ambulance bodies, to reduce stress on body and frame, minimize height above the frame, and isolate the patient compartment from noise and vibration, full floating, automotive style, rubber body mounts or other chassis manufacturer's approved body mounting systems shall be furnished with a minimum four per side on bodies up to 371 cm (146 in.) and five per side on bodies over 371 cm (146 in.). Reinforcements or filler blocks shall be used where mounting device(s) may deform frame flanges. Mounting devices shall be locked units which will minimize loosening, but which may be re-tightened, if necessary. Modular bodies shall be interchangeable with other chassis of the same manufacturer having the same cab to axle (CA) dimension (reference 3.5.6).

### **3.10.8 DOORS.**

Two patient compartment door openings shall be provided. There shall be a door opening on the right forward side, and at the rear of the body for loading a patient on a cot. The side opening shall have a single forward hinged or sliding door for Types I and III, double hinged doors for Type II, or if specified (see 6.2-ff) a sliding type door for Type II vehicles shall be furnished. Door(s) shall provide a minimum right side clear opening of 76 cm (30 in.) wide and of 160 cm (63 in.) high for Types I and III and the chassis manufacturer's standard opening for Type II vehicles. Should the rear doors be rendered inoperable, the side door and interior configuration shall permit emergency removal of the patient either on a backboard or other device used for spinal immobilization. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-ff), e.g. wide offset, rear loading door(s) shall cover a clear opening of not less than 117 cm (46 in.) in height for Type II and a minimum height of 117 cm (46 in.) for Types I & III and 112 cm (44 in.) in width for Types I and III and the chassis manufacturer's standard opening for Type II vehicles. All ambulance body doors shall be equipped with not less than 1613 sq. cm (250 square in.) of safety glass area per door. Doors shall be designed for easy release and meet the requirements of 3.10.9. A "Door-Open" warning device shall signal (indicate in the cab) when doors are not closed (see 3.7.1.1). Each door shall have effective compression or overlapping seals to prevent leakage of exhaust fumes, dust, water, and air. Doors may contain and be equipped with recessed compartments as applicable to the interior for storage of supplies and devices.

Patient compartment doors, on Types I & III, shall be flush or near flush style, full box type construction with removable inner panel. Inner panel shall be finished with a durable, washable type material and include trim moldings around all unfinished, exposed edges. A red light or reflector, minimum 7.6 cm (3 in.) diameter, shall be installed, one on the interior surface of the side, and each rear door. The reflectors shall be so positioned as to provide maximum visibility when the doors are in the fully open position. At the manufacturer's option, red reflective tape, with the equivalent surface area, conforming to FMVSS 108 may be furnished in lieu of the reflector.

#### **3.10.8.1 PROTECTION OF PATIENTS AND CREW.**

Upholstered padding/cushions shall be provided at the upper interior areas of the door frames. Similar padding/cushions shall also be furnished at other areas that may be capable of causing injury.

#### **3.10.9 DOOR LATCHES, HINGES, AND HARDWARE.**

Door latches, hinges, and hardware furnished by chassis and ambulance manufacturers shall comply with FMVSS 206. When doors are open, the hinges, latches, and door-checks shall not protrude into the access area. All doors shall have hardware or devices to prevent inadvertent opening and closing. To facilitate entry and exit from the vehicle, a minimum 15 cm (6 in.), tubular or semi-oval, minimum 19 mm (3/4") wide (diameter), grab handle shall be provided on the inside of each door or the adjacent body structure (in addition to a door operating handle). Door stops, to prevent damage to body sides, and a handle with latches, operable from inside (even if key locked externally) and from outside of the body after unlocking, shall be furnished.

One external operated lock, with key per door opening, shall be provided. All patient compartment door locks shall be identically keyed. Hardware shall be chrome plated, bright finish, stainless steel, anodized aluminum, or other powder coated metal. Inside door latch handles shall be designed and placed so they cannot be operated when accidentally hit or used as a grab handle. Ambulance body, side and rear door hardware, installed by the ambulance body manufacturer, shall be tested to ensure installation meets or exceeds the requirements of

AMD Standard 002 - Body and Door Retention Components Tests.

#### **3.10.10 FLOOR.**

Floor shall be at the lowest level permitted by the chassis/body, but not exceed the height permitted in 3.4.11.7. It shall be flat, except when the area near the rear entrance door is sloped for a lower entering height, and with the exception of cot related hardware, shall be unencumbered in the door(s) access and work area. All floor areas shall withstand a distributed load of 73 kg / 1000 sq. cm (150 lbs./sq. ft.). Metal floors shall be reinforced to eliminate "oil canning" and insulated against outside heat and cold. The subfloor of the Types I and III patient compartment shall be water resistant. When plywood is utilized, it shall be water resistant, not less than 13 mm (1/2 in.) thick, 5 ply minimum, and be supported by body framework. Under the subfloor of the Type I and III vehicles shall be a aluminum heatshield/ splash pan, minimum 1.3 mm (0.050"), with silicone or other non-hardening sealant evenly distributed around it's perimeter. The subfloor of the Type II patient compartment shall be not less than 13 mm (1/2 in.) thick density, marine or exterior grade plywood. Fiberglass, aluminum, or other non-hydroscopic composites, with at least the equivalent strength of plywood may be used as the subfloor. Particle board or equivalent type materials are not acceptable.

Additionally, noise/thermal insulation shall be provided under the floor as necessary. Voids or pockets, where water or moisture can become trapped to cause rotting and unsanitary conditions, are not acceptable. Voids and pockets shall be filled with sealer or caulking compound. Flooring shall extend the full length and width of the patient compartment or body (including space under the cabinets, unless otherwise insulated).

#### **3.10.11 FLOOR COVERINGS AND COLOR.**

Floor covering shall be easily cleaned, sanitized, and harmonize with the interior color and décor of the patient compartment. The floor covering shall be seamless, one piece, no wax type, solid linoleum, vinyl, or poured epoxy or acrylic not less than 1.6 mm (1/16 in.) thick and permanently applied to the subfloor. The floor material shall cover the entire length and width of the compartment's working area. The covering of joints (corners, etc.), where the sidewalls and covering meet, shall be sealed and bordered with corrosion resistant cove molding or the covering shall extend at least 7.6 cm (3 in.) up the sidewalls. Cabinets at floor level shall be finished with floor covering material. Floor covering shall comply with FMVSS 302.

#### **3.10.12 STEPWELL (SIDE DOOR).**

Steps shall be provided in the door openings, if the floor is more than 46 cm (18 in.) above the ground. Stepwell, when applicable, shall be the enclosed two-step type. Height of the bottom step shall not exceed 46 cm +/- 5 cm (18 +/- 2 in.) (Types I and III vehicles), and 56 cm (22 in.) (Type II) with the exception of Class 2 vehicles. Stepwells shall be lighted by interior lights and all step surfaces shall be fabricated from reinforced, bright finish, aluminum diamond plate or covered with anti-slip material.

#### **3.10.13 WHEELHOUSINGS.**

Wheel housings of Type I and III vehicles shall include metal or plastic splash shields between the body wheel housing and the wheel(s) (see 3.9.7) extending over the top of the tires to the bottom of the body side skirting. Wheel house openings shall comply with SAE J683 to allow for tire chain usage and easy tire removal and service. Chassis manufacturer's standard wheel housings will be acceptable. Wheel housings shall be undercoated or rustproofed.

#### **3.10.14 WINDOWS.**

Glazing shall comply to FMVSS 205 and unless otherwise specified (see 3.15.3-12), the patient's compartment shall not have windows, except the viewing panel in the partition or bulkhead(s) (see 3.10.15) and in the side and rear doors (see 3.10.8). All windows shall be tinted and when specified (see 6.2-gg), upper windows shall open and, when vertical windows are furnished, shall have provisions to prevent accidental closure.

**47**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **3.10.15 BULKHEAD/ PARTITION FOR TYPE II AND III VEHICLES.**

A full height and width partition or bulkhead (with or without compartments), having rollbar characteristics and a walkthru opening with a door shall be placed between the driver and patient's compartment. This partition shall be located directly behind the driver and companion seats when in the rearmost position. The partition shall be secured on the sides, ceiling, and floor by welding or bolting to tapping plates.

##### **3.10.15.1 DOOR / WALKTHRU.**

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser to delete walkthru or to specify or approve alternate door opening dimensions (see 6.2-hh), the door opening shall be at least 43 cm



(17 in.) wide and 117 cm (46 in.) high and shall provide an aisle between the compartments. The door shall have at least a 968 sq. cm (150 square in.), transparent, shatterproof viewing panel in the center section at the driver's eye level. The door shall be secured with a driver's side self-latching device in the open and closed positions. (see 3.10.2).

#### **3.10.15.2 WALKTHRU DELETION.**

When specified (see 6.2-hh), the partition door shall be deleted and a window, as specified in 3.10.2, shall be furnished. When specified (see 6.2-hh), additional compartments shall also be furnished in the space normally occupied by the door opening, including the area above the required pass thru window. Further, a console (see 3.15.3-29) may be specified between the driver and passenger seat.

**NOTE: PURCHASER SHOULD CONSIDER DELETING THE WALKTHRU BECAUSE, IN ADDITION TO PROVIDING INCREASED SPACE FOR COMPARTMENTS AND THE CAPABILITY OF ADDING A RADIO CONTROL HEAD/MAP BOOK CONSOLE (SEE 3.9.2 and 3.15.3-29) BETWEEN THE FRONT SEATS, THE DELETION OF THE DOOR ALSO PROVIDES FOR ISOLATION OF THE DRIVER FROM VIOLENT PATIENTS AND THE SEPARATION OF INDIVIDUALS THAT MAY BE ACCOMPANYING THE PATIENT WHO COULD INTERFERE WITH PATIENT CARE.**

#### **3.10.16 INSULATION.**

The entire body, sides, ends, and roof of the patient's compartment shall be completely insulated to enhance the performance of the environmental systems, specified in 3.4.2 and 3.13, and prevent external noise from entering the vehicle interior. The insulation shall be a nonsettling type, vermin-proof, mildew-proof, fire retardant, non-toxic, and non-hygroscopic. If fiberglass insulation is used, it shall not be exposed to water, e.g. door panels.

#### **3.10.17 INTERIOR SURFACES.**

The interior of the body shall be free of all sharp projections. All hangers or supports for equipment and devices shall be mounted as flush as possible with the surrounding surface. The finish of the entire patient compartment, including interiors of storage cabinets, shall be: impervious to soap and water, disinfectants, mildew, fire resistant, comply with FMVSS 302; and be easily cleaned/disinfected (carpeting, cloth, and fabrics are not acceptable). Interior body lining and cabinetry materials, excluding the cab compartment (see 3.9), shall be selected to minimize dead weight and shall be plastic laminated or painted aluminum

**48**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **ITEM CUBIC METERS CUBIC FEET**

Medicine dispensary cabinet(s) 0.17 6

Medical supplies cabinet 0.25 9

Linen supplies 0.11 4

Trash receptacle compartment and  
sharps disposal container 0.06 2

Oxygen installation (main) (see 3.12) 0.17 6

Oxygen unit (portable) 0.06 2

Telemetry equipment 0.06 2

Radio equipment & antenna 0.03 1

Storage, miscellaneous 0.06 2

Vacuum aspirator unit 0.03 1

Air conditioning unit As Required

Heating system As Required

panels or plastic laminated wood or of other lightweight, equivalent strength materials such as fiberglass, composites, and fiberglass reinforced plastics. Panels shall be installed in a manner that prevents sagging, deflection, warpage, or vibration. The ceiling/headliner shall be of similar lightweight materials. For interior colors, see 3.16.2.

### **3.11 STORAGE COMPARTMENTS.**

Storage compartments shall be furnished for all items required by this specification and/or specified by the purchaser and include storage for, but not be limited to, backboards, portable cots/litters, stair chairs, and any other specified patient handling devices.

Any absorbent material such as carpeting, fabric, or inside/outside plastic type carpeting, etc. that resists cleaning and decontamination shall not be used in any storage or patient compartment.

#### **3.11.1 INTERIOR STOWAGE ACCOMMODATIONS.**

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-ii), the interior of the patient compartment shall provide a minimum volume of 1 cubic meter (35 cubic feet) of enclosed stowage cabinetry, compartment space, and shelf space which shall be conveniently located for medical supplies, devices, and installed systems as applicable for the service intended. Enclosed compartments and spaces shall be located at, in, or on the partition, sidewalls, overhead, squad bench, technician seat, and doors.

Compartment(s) under the floor, with opening panel(s) inside the patient compartment, shall not be acceptable. At a minimum stowage shall be required for the items as shown below:

#### **MINIMUM VOLUME**

**49**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **3.11.1.1 LOCATION OF MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES.**

Location of medical supplies and equipment shall be dictated by their relative importance and shall be readily accessible to the Emergency Medical Technician (EMT). Priority shall be given to items necessary to cope with life threatening conditions at the scene and in transit. The equipment and supplies necessary for airway maintenance, ventilation, oxygenation, and suction shall be at the head of the primary litter (action area). When items for cardiac monitoring/ defibrillation, mechanized CPR, administration of intravenous fluids/medications, and the monitoring of blood pressure are furnished, they shall also be readily available to the EMT at the action area. Supplies, devices, tools, etc., shall be stored in enclosed compartments and drawers designed to accommodate the respective items. All medical devices and equipment shall be stowed or properly fastened in/on the action area or in cabinets or to the rail system(s) brackets, when specified (3.15.4 M1), to prevent items from becoming projectiles in the patient compartment that can cause injury while the vehicle is in motion or involved in an accident.

#### **3.11.1.2 INTERIOR COMPARTMENT WITH EXTERIOR ACCESS.**

When specified by the purchaser, on Types I and III vehicles (see 3.15.3-32), an interior/exterior compartment with 2 shelves, or other interior configuration as specified by the purchaser, shall be provided in the front, right corner of the body or other location as specified. This compartment shall also have an exterior door and, unless otherwise specified (see 3.15.3-32) or permitted by the purchaser, a roll-up, inside door with an enclosed, roller assembly. When viewed from the vehicle's interior, this compartment shall have the following minimum dimensions: W 76 cm (30"), D 46 cm (18"), and H 102 cm (40"). The door shall be equipped with the necessary gaskets, seals or other vibration and noise silencing devices, a positive mechanical latch and a grab handle to facilitate opening and closing. The shelves shall be adjustable and have an approximate 3/4" lip covered with automotive edge molding.

#### **3.11.1.3 WASTE AND SHARPS DISPOSAL.**

The following shall be furnished: A trash receptacle compartment, with closure over opening, for general waste shall be furnished with a plastic/rubber trash can and disposable plastic liners, with 12 spare liners. The trash compartment shall be accessible to the EMT seat and to the head of the squad bench. The consignee shall furnish bags/liners that meet OSHA requirements, for disposing regulated medical waste (as defined by OSHA). A sharps receptacle compartment/storage or a commercially available container mounted in a convenient area shall be furnished for retention of a sharps container that meets OSHA requirements.

#### **3.11.2 EXTERIOR STORAGE ACCOMMODATIONS.**

On Types I & III and when specified (see 6.2-ii) on Type II vehicles, outside entered, weatherproof, storage compartments shall be provided in the ambulance body for extrication, spare tire, oxygen, and miscellaneous equipment. When specified, (see 6.2-ii), additional exterior storage compartments shall be furnished. Exterior compartment doors and hardware shall be flush or near flush style construction. All doors shall have spring or gas tube type, hold open devices that permit one hand closure. Hardware (hinges, locks, latches, etc.) shall be rust resistant. All exterior compartments shall have latches with locks and shall be keyed alike. All exterior compartments, except the long narrow backboard storage compartment, shall be automatically lighted when opened. When top and vertically hinged doors are furnished, they shall employ ratchet or spring loaded or gas tube hold open devices.

##### **3.11.2.1 EXTRICATION EQUIPMENT AND STORAGE.**

The extrication equipment compartments, maximum of two, shall provide at least 0.28 cu meters (10 cu feet) of storage accommodations. Small hand-tools shall be contained in a single pouch type carrying device. An example of items and other miscellaneous extrication equipment which shall be stored in the extrication storage compartment(s) follows. The contractor shall furnish specific items as specified under 3.15.3-18:

- a. One wrench; 30 cm (12"), adjustable, open end.
- b. One screwdriver; 30 cm (12"), regular blade (slot).
- c. One screwdriver; 30 cm (12"), Phillips type.
- d. One hacksaw; with 12, wire blades (carbide).
- e. One pliers; 25 cm (10"), vise grip and one pair, channel lock pliers.
- f. One hammer; 1.4 kg (3 lb.), 38 cm (15") handle (engineer style).
- g. One fire ax; flat head.

- h. One crowbar; 130 cm (51"), pinch point.
- i. One wrecking bar; 61 cm (24"), combination tool.
- j. One bolt cutter; 91 cm (36"), jaw opening of 32 mm (1 1/4") or greater.
- k. One power jack; portable, hydraulic and spreader tool kit, hand powered, minimum 4,064 kg (4 ton) capacity.
- l. One shovel; pointed blade (folding type).
- m. One tin snip; double action, minimum 20 cm (8").
- n. Two ropes; synthetic, kernmantle, 15 m (50') x 19 mm (3/4") diameter each.
- o. Three pairs gloves; leather (gauntlets).
- p. Three pairs goggles; clear eye protective.
- q. One cold chisel; and one center punch; 13 mm (1/2") x 305 mm (12").
- r. One cold chisel; 25 mm (1") x 305 mm (12").
- s. One seatbelt cutter.
- t. Two utility knives; curved blade.
- u. One rope; weighted, polypropylene, 30 m (100 ft.) , 13 cm (1/2") diameter.
- v. One pair lineman's rubber gloves with leather shells.
- w. Two lights; portable, battery operated.
- x. One fire blanket and case (min. 152 cm (5 ft.) x 183 cm (6 ft.)).
- y. Two baling hooks.
- z. Three hard-hats with face and eye protection device.
- aa. One spring loaded, window punch.
- bb. Twelve (12) hardwood, shoring blocks, 51 mm (2") x 102 mm (4") x 254 mm (10") with rope handles.
- cc. Four blocks; hardwood, cribbing, 102 mm (4") x 102 mm (4") x 304 mm (12") with rope handles.
- dd. Four blocks; hardwood, cribbing, wedge shaped, with rope handles.
- ee. One come-along, 1814 kg (2 ton), chain type with hooks.

**51**

KKK-A-1822 E

- ff. Two alloy steel, rescue, pull chains, 3 m (10 ft.) minimum, with grab hooks and rings.
- gg. One gun kit; air cutting, 1722 kPa (250 psi), with cylinder and chisels.
- hh. One truck jack, hydraulic, 2722 kg (3 ton).
- ii. Two extrication straps, synthetic fabric, 2.7 m (9 feet), with quick release buckles.
- jj. One extrication, loop sling, 2.5 cm (1") wide nylon, or equal, 183 cm (6 ft.) circumference with closure ring.

**3.11.3 STORAGE COMPARTMENTS AND CABINETS DESIGN.**

Storage cabinets, drawers, and kits shall be easily opened but shall not come open in transit.

For rapid identification of contents, medical supply cabinets above the litter patients, shall have shatterproof, transparent or lightly tinted, sliding doors provided with two recessed metal finger cups, near flush grip, or low profile handles. Storage compartments shall be divided into sections, shelves shall be adjustable, drawers shall be marine style slide or tilt, and all shall be removable.

Sliding doors for cabinets designed to carry light weight items such as dressings, bandages, etc. shall automatically latch or be fitted with friction holding devices when in a closed position.

Other compartments designed to carry heavier items such as first aid and drug kits, portable and spare oxygen bottles, suction units, etc. shall have positively locked latches that are bolted to the door and the door frame structure and are designed to remain closed in an accident, including rollovers. Use of sheet metal or wood screws is not acceptable. Side cabinet shelves shall be no more than 51 cm (20 in.) in depth, when located above the vehicle belt level. Storage compartments, cabinets, and support equipment area interior surfaces shall be finished in accordance with 3.10.17. To preclude injury, in the event of an accident, all cabinets shall be firmly anchored (bolted or welded) to tapping plates of the body structure (3.10.6).

Tops of the cabinets and shelves shall be surrounded by a lip of not less than 13 mm (1/2") in height covered in a soft, pliable molding. All shelves shall be continuously adjustable.

Storage for the main oxygen cylinder (see 3.12.1) shall be accessible for replacement from an outside position. The oxygen compartment shall be provided with at least a 58 sq. cm (9 sq. in.) louvered device to dissipate/vent leaking oxygen to the outside of the ambulance.

Oxygen cylinder compartment shall not be utilized for storage of any other equipment.

Any wiring and electrical devices within this compartment shall comply with 3.7.2.

Oxygen cylinder(s) shall be mounted with a restraining device(s), as required for the crashworthiness tests of AMD Standard 003, Oxygen Tank Retention System.

#### **3.11.4 SQUAD BENCH, SEATS, AND BACKRESTS.**

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser (see 6.2) the squad bench shall have post cups and/or wheel cups to prevent lateral and longitudinal movement and support the Style 3 folding stretcher, combination stretcher chair specified (see 3.10.1 and 3.11.5), or other purchaser specified stretcher (3.15.4 M16, or Style 5). Unless otherwise specified, (see 6.2) the squad bench top shall be between 48 cm (19") and 56 cm (22") wide, a minimum of 183 cm (72") long, and a height of between 43 cm (17") and 51 cm (20") measured from the floor to the top of the padded seat. Top opening squad bench platform(s) shall be fitted with an automatic hold open device, and when closed, a latching device for safety.

All seats in the patient compartment shall be padded, at least 46 cm (18") wide, and have the largest practical padded backrest. Padding furnished shall be rubber or polyester urethane foam of a medium to firm density, in covered, finish thickness of at least 6.3 cm (2.5 in.) for seats, and approximately 5.1 cm (2 in.) for head and backrests. All padding and upholstery shall be fire retardant and meet FMVSS 302. Additionally, the upholstery shall be non-absorbent, washable and impervious to disinfectants. Non-OEM seats shall have 40 oz. reinforced vinyl upholstery. To facilitate cleaning and disinfecting, all seats furnished and installed by the ambulance manufacturer shall be cleanable to OSHA standards, and all exposed surfaces shall be free of vent devices that would permit the entrapment of biological contaminants. Squad bench shall be furnished with at least three sets of lap (Type I) safety belts for seated occupants and for retention of a cot/stretcher when positioned on the squad bench. The belts shall be positioned at the patient's chest, hips, and legs. Seatbelts shall comply to FMVSS 209. The anchorages for the side facing seatbelt assembly shall withstand a minimum of 1134 kg



(2,500 lbs.) force when tested in accordance with FMVSS 210-S5.1. Other side facing seats shall have a Type I lap safety belt.

Sealed storage shall be provided for the specified oxygen bottle, when located under the rear of the squad bench, with separate compartment under the front of the bench, and the maximum possible cubic foot volume. The squad bench cover latching device(s) shall be a quick release, slam type latch similar to a Cleveland Model 3300 TL with 3400-15 striker pin. For configuration A (ALS) or, when specified (see 3.15.3-28), a side facing seat located on the street side of the vehicle at the patients thoracic region shall be furnished. This seat shall also be furnished with a seat belt meeting the above requirements and shall have rear and lateral padding at the head areas.

### **3.11.5 STRETCHERS, COTS AND LITTERS.**

When specified (see 3.10.1, 3.15.4 - M10, & 6.2-jj), the ambulance supplier shall provide the following: a Style 1 or Style 2 (with roll-in feature) cot for the primary patient, and a Style 3 folding stretcher or a combination stretcher chair, each with legs and two wheels designed to permit a patient to be carried (or wheeled) on stairways and through other narrow areas (see 3.11.5.1). Stretchers, cots, and litters shall conform to the dimensions of Table II (see 3.10.1). Length and width measurements shall be taken at the metal framing, excluding joint fittings. Wheeled cots shall include foot and head pulls, when available from the cot manufacturer, and a polyester foam mattress at least 8 cm (3 in.) thick or an equivalent mattress covered with vinyl coated, nylon fabric or other non-porous fabric conforming to FMVSS 302, or equivalent, and restraint straps per 3.11.8.1.

#### **3.11.5.1 COMBINATION STRETCHER CHAIR.**

When specified in 3.15.4 M16, a Combination Stretcher Chair, shall be furnished, in lieu of the stored stairway stretcher specified in 3.11.5. The stretcher shall conform to the dimensions of Style 3 in Table II (see 3.10.3). Stretcher shall have posts, wheels, folding handles at foot-end, straps, and convert to a stair chair or stretcher.

#### **3.11.6 SEAT SAFETY BELTS AND ANCHORAGES.**

All seats shall comply with FMVSS 207. Safety belts and anchorages shall comply with FMVSS 208, 209, and 210, except as otherwise specified (3.11.4). Seatbelts shall have retractor devices for all seat positions in the vehicle, including the squad bench.

#### **3.11.7 LITTER FASTENERS AND ANCHORAGES.**

A crash stable side or center mounting cot fastener assembly with quick release latch shall be furnished. It shall secure the Style 1 or Style 2 wheeled cot or infant transporter to the ambulance body. Style 4 and Style 5 litters need not be provided with fastening devices unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-jj). The installed cot fastener device(s) for wheeled cots shall be tested to comply with a 2200 lb. pull test in accordance with AMD Standard 004, Litter Retention System. Additional cot related hardware is permitted, provided the patient compartment exit/entry is not encumbered with the cot in place. The furnished devices shall have a bright colored finish, if the device presents a tripping hazard in the entry/exit area when the cot is removed.

**WARNING: USERS SHALL NOT USE OR INSTALL ANY COT OR INFANT TRANSPORTER THAT IS NOT SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR USE/ INTERFACE WITH THE FASTENER ASSEMBLY/AMBULANCE, AND IS MANUFACTURED, INSTALLED AND TESTED/ CERTIFIED AS REQUIRED HEREIN AND AMD 004.**

**3.11.8 PATIENT RESTRAINTS.****3.11.8.1 COT STRAPS.**

At least three strap type restraining devices (chest, hip, and knee) shall be provided per stretcher, cot, and litter to prevent longitudinal or transverse dislodgment of the patient during transit. Additionally, the head of the cot shall be furnished with upper torso (over shoulder) restraints that mitigate forward motion of the patient during severe braking or in a frontal impact accident. Restraining straps shall incorporate metal-to-metal quick release buckles, be not less than 51 mm (2 in.) wide, and fabricated from nylon or other materials easily cleaned and disinfected.

**3.11.8.2 INFANT/CHILD CARRIER.**

When specified (see 3.15.4 M26) an infant/child spinal immobilization/carrier device shall be furnished that safely secures those patients to the cot.

**3.11.9 I.V. HOLDERS FOR INTRAVENOUS FLUID CONTAINERS.**

Two near flush style, I.V. ceiling holders specifically designed for holding I.V.'s, with a Velcro type strap to hold and control I.V. bags/bottles, shall be provided. The ceiling holders shall not protrude more than 2.5 cm (1 in.), be located on or adjacent to the side wall, one at the head of the primary patient and one at the head of the secondary patient's cot (squad bench). When an ALS configuration (see 3.1.5.1) is specified, one additional I.V. hanger shall be furnished for each patient, at the lower extremities. When specified (3.15.4 M2), a fold down, rigid, telescoping I.V. pole and holder shall be provided on the left side of the cot.

**WARNING: SWING DOWN I-V HANGERS THAT CAN CAUSE INJURY SHALL NOT BE SPECIFIED OR FURNISHED.**

**54**

KKK-A-1822 E

**3.12 OXYGEN AND SUCTION SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT.**

The ambulance manufacturer, as required, shall furnish devices/equipment under 3.12 through 3.12.4 complying to this specification or to other Medical Associations approved standard(s) (e.g. ASTM). The specified device shall be tested and certified by an independent, medical testing laboratory for EMS use.

**3.12.1 OXYGEN, MAIN SUPPLY AND INSTALLATION.**

The ambulance shall have a hospital type piped medical oxygen system capable of storing and supplying a minimum of 3,000 liters (see cylinder data 6.7) of medical oxygen. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-kk for additional sizes or aluminum or composite bottles), the main oxygen supply shall be from a single "M" size cylinder which consignee will provide and install at the time the vehicle is placed in service. Cylinder(s), when furnished, shall conform to Federal Specification

RR-C-901, DOT Specification 3AA2015 and MS-39226-8. Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-kk), the oxygen cylinder shall be located in an area that provides for proper balance and weight distribution (see Paragraph 3.5.4).

The cylinder controls shall be accessible from the inside and outside of the vehicle. The bottle pressure gauge or equivalent device shall be visible from the EMT's seat and/or the squad bench. The oxygen bottle shall be accessible for changing from the exterior of the body and, on Type II vehicles, through a sealed door. Access to the bottle, when located under the squad bench, shall also be through the rear half of a two section, squad bench cover.

If necessary, or when specified (see 3.15.4 M8), a remote bottle pressure indicator, such as a multi-light indicator showing "Full", "3/4", "1/2" and "1/4", and "Empty" or a digital indicator or other analog type that displays bottle capacity, in at least 25 percent increments, shall be furnished and mounted on the EMT panel. Systems with audible alarms shall have a resettable, audible alarm that sounds when the capacity is down to 20-25 percent. A shutoff valve or solenoid, when specified, shall be furnished in the 344 kPa (50 psi) line, and shall be located on the EMT panel. If a solenoid is utilized, a readily accessible, emergency bypass valve shall be furnished and identified. The purchaser shall specify the type of quick disconnect, action wall device (see 6.2-II) to be used to interface the flow meter and oxygen powered, manually triggered (resuscitator) valve (see 3.15.4 M7 and M20). E.g. DISS, NCG, or an Ohmeda type connector. A cylinder changing wrench shall be furnished, chained, and clipped within the oxygen cylinder compartment. The contractor shall install all other components and accessories required for the piped oxygen system which shall include, but not be limited to: a pressure regulator preset to 344 +/- 34 kPa (50 +/- 5 psi) line pressure, non-ferrous piping and/or low pressure, electrically conductive, hose approved for medical oxygen at the flow rate specified in 3.12.1.1. **INDUSTRIAL OR WELDING TYPE OXYGEN HOSE SHALL NOT BE USED.** Oxygen piping shall be concealed and not exposed to the elements, securely supported to prevent damage, and be readily accessible for inspection and replacement. Oxygen shall be piped to a self-sealing duplex oxygen outlet station for the primary patient and, when specified (see 3.15.4 M9), for the secondary patient. Oxygen outlet shall be located within 89 cm (35") from the center of the patient's head when in the supine position with the cot located in the position closest to the action wall. One of the outlets shall be for a flow meter/humidifier, and the second oxygen outlet shall be used for quick disconnect plug-in devices not requiring humidification. Outlets shall be adequately marked and identified (see 3.7.11) and not interfere with the suction outlet. The entire system shall be leak tested in accordance with AMD Standard 015 (see 4.4.6).

#### **3.12.1.1 OXYGEN PRESSURE REGULATOR AND FLOWMETER.**

The medical, oxygen pressure reducing and regulating valve with inlet filter at the cylinder shall have line relief valve set at 1378 kPa (200 psi) maximum, and a gauge or digital monitor with a minimum range of 0 to 17225 kPa (0 to 2,500 psi) [27,560 kPa (4,000 psi) tested] with the gauge or display scale graduated in not more than 100 PSI increments. The regulator shall be easy to connect and preset, with a locking adjustment, at 344 +/- 34 KPa (50 +/- 5 psi) line pressure, permitting a minimum 100 LPM flow rate at a bottle pressure of 689 kPa (150 psi) (empty). In order to show actual oxygen flow rate, the flow meter, when specified (3.15.4 M7), shall be a pressure compensated type (with floating ball indicator-Thorpe type). It shall have calibrations and be continuously adjustable over a minimum range of 0 to 15 liters per minute (LPM). The flow meter shall withstand a minimum 1378 KPa (200 psi) inlet pressure without failure or damage. Flowmeter(s) shall be installed vertically and shall be readable from the EMT seat and squad bench. Both the oxygen regulator and flowmeter, when specified (see 3.15.4 M7), shall have standardized connections, be electrically conductive from inlet to outlets (rated hose), and incorporate an inlet filter. These devices shall maintain accurate readings and calibrations



under ambulance operation and shall be unaffected by temperature conditions of 3.4.2. All settings, calibrations, safety valves, limiters for pressure, and flowmeters shall maintain accuracy to within +/- 10 percent. Servicing, parts, and instructional manuals shall be provided and included in 3.20. Each device shall be color coded green and also be approved for use by recognized national medical associations and societies. The oxygen regulator and flowmeter shall each be permanently identified with the manufacturer's name, model number, calibrated conditions, and specific markings including warning/caution information.

### **3.12.2 PORTABLE OXYGEN UNIT.**

When specified (3.15.4 M17), a portable oxygen unit of at least 300 liters ("D" size cylinder, see 6.7) shall be provided having a yoke regulator with pressure gauge, dual 344 kPa (50 psi) ports, regulator/dial type flowmeter, delivery tube, and oxygen mask(s). The unit shall be capable of delivering an oxygen flow of at least 15 liters per minute through the flowmeter and 100 liters per minute to the manually triggered, oxygen (resuscitator) valve in 3.12.2.2.

A full spare cylinder of oxygen for this unit shall be furnished and stored. Portable cylinder(s) and kit shall be secured and, when located in patient compartment, shall include a crash stable, quick release bracket that meets the test requirements in the AMD Oxygen Tank Retention Standard 003. A quick release mounting bracket(s) shall also be provided for the portable oxygen unit and spare bottle(s) when located in a secure compartment (see 3.11.1.2) or other purchaser specified (see 6.2-mm) location not requiring a crash stable mounting system..

#### **3.12.2.1 SQUEEZE BAG-VALVE-MASK SYSTEM.**

When specified (3.15.4 M6), a portable squeeze bag-valve-mask kit shall be furnished. The bag-valve-mask system shall comply with the following:

a. Two self-refilling bags without sponge rubber inside. One bag of 1,000 cc +/- 10% volume for adults and one bag of about 700 cc, but not more than 750 cc volume, for children and infants.

### **56**

KKK-A-1822 E

b. Three see through inflatable face-masks, one each in adult, child, and infant sizes. Two masks covering the full range of adult through pediatric sizes may be furnished in lieu of three masks.

c. Standard 15 mm/22 mm fittings.

d. A true non-breathing valve.

e. An oxygen reservoir system for delivery of 80-100 percent oxygen through an ancillary oxygen inlet. The system shall be capable of accepting at least 15 liters/min. of oxygen without valve jam.

#### **3.12.2.2 OXYGEN POWERED, MANUALLY TRIGGERED (RESUSCITATOR) VALVE.**

When specified (3.15.4 M20), an oxygen powered manually triggered (resuscitator) valve shall be provided. This device shall have a see through inflatable face mask, interface with the action wall outlet, via the specified quick disconnect device, and/or the dual port regulator/ flowmeter of the portable oxygen system, and meet the following requirements:

a. Provide oxygen for breathing and non-breathing patients.

b. Provide manually triggered flow rates in accordance with the American Heart Association

(AHA), ASTM, or other recognized medical/standards organization(s).

c. Provide not less than 85 percent oxygen.

d. Be equipped with a safety valve having a release pressure setting of 60 cm of water for adults.

### **3.12.2.3 AUTOMATIC RESUSCITATOR.**

When specified (3.15.4 M29), an automatic resuscitator/volume ventilator shall be furnished.

The device's features and performance shall conform to AHA or other medical/standards organization requirements. The device shall be furnished with a connection hose and ambulance and/or portable oxygen system compatible quick disconnect fittings.

### **3.12.3 SUCTION ASPIRATOR, PRIMARY PATIENT.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2 nn), an electrically powered suction aspirator system shall be furnished with an illuminated switch and a panel mounted, labeled, quick disconnect inlet device on the EMT panel. The suction pump shall be located in an area that is accessible but sound and vibration insulated from the patient compartment. The pump shall be vented to the vehicle's exterior. When specified by the purchasers (see 6.2) for gasoline powered vehicles, an engine powered suction system may be furnished and shall include a hospital type self sealing plug-in outlet. The system shall include a corrosion resistant reservoir having a volume of not less than 10.5L (640 cu. in.) which is connected to the engine manifold through a check valve. All components, electrical, pressure and/or vacuum, and other lines and accessories, shall be securely mounted yet readily accessible. The electric type aspirator system shall be connected per Figure 5A or 5B. The aspirator system shall provide a free air flow of at least 30 LPM and achieve a minimum of 300 mm (11.81 in.) Hg vacuum within four seconds after the suction tube is closed. The rate of flow and pressure of the engine vacuum aspirator system shall be attainable continuously during the entire normal range of vehicle operation (i.e., accelerating, decelerating, at rest, climbing hills, etc.). A vacuum control and a shut-off valve, or combination thereof, shall be provided to adjust vacuum levels and to discontinue aspiration instantly. A vacuum indicator gauge of 76 mm +/-13 mm (3" +/-0.5") in diameter, with numerical markers at least every 100 mm Hg and a total range of 0 to 760 mm Hg, shall be provided. The collection bottle or bag shall be nonbreakable and transparent with a minimum 1,000 ml capacity. The following accessories shall be furnished: one suction rinsing water bottle; one semi-rigid pharyngeal suction tip, with thumb suction control port, (nonmetallic) of sufficient diameter to allow aspiration of semi-solid gastric contents; a 3 meter (10 foot) length of transparent or translucent, non-kinking suction tubing which shall not collapse under high suction; and a minimum of ten spare collection bags when the bag type system is furnished.. To assure high air flows and free passage of aspirate, minimum inside diameter for the suction tubing and tubing connectors shall be at least 6.4 mm (1/4 in.). The other suctioning catheters shall be provided by the user. An operator's manual containing clearly illustrated instructions for operation, cleaning, assembly/disassembly, decontamination/sterilization, troubleshooting, parts list, etc., shall be provided. The apparatus shall be clearly marked with manufacturer's name, address, and any applicable standards ratings (see 3.20).

### **3.12.4 PORTABLE SUCTION ASPIRATOR.**

When specified (3.15.4 M18), a portable suction aspirator having the following characteristics shall be provided. The unit shall be capable of operation from the vehicle's 12 volt DC electrical system (see Figure 7). It shall also operate from an integral battery supply which is rechargeable and which will allow the unit to meet the air flow and suction requirements of this paragraph for at least 20 minutes of continuous operation. Gas powered portable suction aspirators are acceptable if they meet the performance requirements specified herein. The portable suction aspirator shall provide an air flow of at least 30 liters per minute at the end of the suction tube and a vacuum level of at least 300 mm Hg to be reached within 4 seconds after the tube is clamped. The portable aspirator shall be provided with the following accessories: one suction rinsing water bottle, one nonmetallic pharyngeal suction tip with thumb suction control port of sufficient diameter to allow aspiration of semi-solid gastric contents. The suction tubing shall be translucent and shall not kink or collapse under high suction. The inside diameter of the tubing shall be at least .64 mm (1/4"). The other suctioning catheters shall be provided by the user. The internal battery supply shall be rechargeable from the vehicle's 12 volt DC electrical system, (see Figure 7) and from 115 volts AC. The 115 volt AC charging system need not be integral to the portable suction unit. The unit shall be provided with applicable power cords and plugs (see 3.7.7.3). If the military style plug is furnished, the polarity shall be as follows: Pin A (+12 volts), Pin B (ground), Pin C (not used). An operator's manual containing clearly illustrated instructions for operation, cleaning, assembly / disassembly, decontamination/sterilization and troubleshooting, parts list, etc., shall be provided. The apparatus shall be clearly marked with manufacturer's name, address, and any applicable standards ratings (see 3.20).

### **3.13 ENVIRONMENTAL: CLIMATIC AND NOISE PARAMETERS.**

#### **3.13.1 ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS.**

All ambulances shall be equipped with a complete climate environmental system(s) to supply and maintain clean air conditions and specified level of inside temperature in both driver and patient compartments. The various systems for heating, ventilating, and air conditioning may be separate or combination systems which shall permit independent control of the environment within each compartment. All ambulances shall be equipped with heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems that can be made to collectively operate using re-circulated air and outside ambient air and shall be capable of maintaining interior temperature of 20° C to 26° C (68° F to 78° F) when operated between -18° C to 35° C (0° F to 95° F) outside ambient temperature. Ambulance shall be tested in accordance with AMD Standard 012. The air systems shall be high volume capacity with low velocity delivery for minimum draft circulation while providing a positive pressure within each closed compartment (positive pressure may be attained through the fresh air ventilation system either apart from or as an integral part of the heating/air conditioning system). Environmental system components shall be readily accessible for servicing at the installed location(s). Connecting hoses for heating and the air conditioning system shall be supported by rubber insulated metal clamping devices at least every 30 cm (12 in.). The driver and patient compartment environments shall not in any way be dependent upon each other.

#### **3.13.2 DRIVER'S COMPARTMENT ENVIRONMENTAL EQUIPMENT.**

The driver's compartment shall be furnished with the chassis manufacturer's hot water,

fresh air, high capacity, heater, defroster, and air conditioning system. The patient compartment heater shall be installed in a manner that does not adversely affect the chassis manufacturer's FMVSS 103 performance certification for windshield defrosting.

### **3.13.3 PATIENT COMPARTMENT ENVIRONMENTAL EQUIPMENT.**

The patient compartment shall be heated, ventilated, and air conditioned in accordance with the criteria specified herein. During the performance testing (see 4.4.2) of the heating and air conditioning systems, the use of fans or blowers, within the test chamber, is only permitted to provide air circulation to help maintain the required ambient test temperature.

The use of these fans or blowers to direct air through the vehicle's radiator and/or condenser(s) is not permitted.

### **3.13.4 HEATING CRITERIA.**

The heating system(s) shall have sufficient capacity to simultaneously raise the temperature at the midpoints, in each compartment, to a minimum dry bulb temperature of 20° C (68°F), at all twelve test points (9 patient compartment and 3 cab) within 30 minutes. Test conditions: the ambulance (with doors open) shall be cold soaked for three hours in an ambient temperature of (0° F), then the engine started and allowed to run at the high-idle setting (see 3.7.6) while the transmission is in park or neutral. Three verification readings shall be made (start, middle, and final) by nine equally spaced test thermocouples in the patient compartment, and three in the cab compartment. Heating equipment may be in the recirculating mode and all compartment openings, including partition doors/windows and exhaust vents, shall be closed. Heater(s) furnished shall comply to applicable Motor Carrier Safety Regulation 393.77. Heater(s) shall, to the maximum extent possible, be connected to the chassis manufacturers furnished interconnection points. When interconnection points are not furnished, chassis manufacturers unused engine water pump supply ports shall be utilized. All added heater hose shall meet or exceed chassis manufacturers requirements and when specified (see 6.2-fff), silicone hoses shall be furnished.

### **3.13.5 AIR CONDITIONING CRITERIA.**

The air conditioning system(s) shall have sufficient capacity to simultaneously lower the temperature at the midpoints in each compartment to a maximum dry bulb temperature of 26° C (78° F), at all twelve (9 patient compartment plus 3 cab) test points within 30 minutes. Test conditions: the ambulance (with doors open) shall be heat soaked for three hours in an ambient temperature of 35° C (95° F), then the engine started and allowed to run at high-idle setting (see 3.7.6), while the transmission is in park or neutral, with test verification and thermocouples placement as specified in 3.13.4. Air conditioning equipment may be in the recirculating mode and all compartment openings, including partition doors/windows, shall be closed. When available, chassis manufacturers interconnection points shall be utilized.

#### **3.13.5.1 AUXILIARY AIR CONDITIONING CONDENSER.**

When specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-oo) or required for high temperature geographic areas or furnished as standard equipment, an auxiliary condenser shall be provided which will allow for maximum system performance, based on the air conditioning and ambulance manufacturer's recommendations. If the condenser is located above the cab, it shall not block the emergency lights. All added refrigeration lines and fittings shall be mechanical fittings compatible with OEM components

furnished by the chassis manufacturer. An auxiliary condenser may be furnished or specified to function in lieu of the chassis manufacturer's condenser provided it meets or exceeds all other system performance requirements.

### **3.13.6 VENTILATION CRITERIA.**

Ventilation system(s) of the driver and patient compartments shall provide a complete change of ambient air within each compartment at least every two minutes with the vehicle stationary. Ventilation shall be separately controlled within each compartment. Fresh air intakes shall be located towards the front of the vehicle and exhaust vents shall be located on the upper rear of the vehicle. Exhaust vents may be located on the rear lower half of the module/body, provided the vent/device incorporates a reverse flow damper to prevent backdraft and intrusion of vehicle engine exhaust, dust, dirt, or road spray. The patient compartment shall be ventilated by the air delivery system of the environmental equipment (heater-air conditioner) or by separate system(s), such as power intake, exhaust ventilator(s).

### **3.13.7 ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.**

Adjustable, manual or thermostatically operative controls shall permit heating and/or air conditioning and ventilation in either compartment without affecting the other compartment. Switches and controls shall be located in EMT's panel and/or remote panel and identified for function and operating position (see 3.7.9 through 3.7.11). Switches, wiring and control components shall be rated at a minimum of 125 percent of the maximum electrical load of the blower(s) and other components (see 3.7.2). Blower or fan system shall have at least three speeds (excluding "OFF"). Separate non-corroding brass, bronze, stainless steel, plastic or other inherently corrosion proof shutoff valves, for the patient compartment hot water heating system, shall be provided to allow servicing and shutoff. The use of vacuum operated shutoff valves is acceptable provided the above criteria is met and the valve provides inherent sealing when vacuum is removed. This sealing shall prevent engine cooling system pressure and water pump pressure from causing any leakage when vacuum is removed. Air systems shall have adjustable louvers to direct the flow of air.

### **3.13.8 PATIENT COMPARTMENT SOUND LEVEL CRITERIA.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-pp) by Federal or State regulations, the patient compartment decibel level shall not exceed 80 dB and shall be tested in accordance with AMD STANDARD 006.

**60**

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.14 COMMUNICATIONS.**

#### **3.14.1 COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT.**

The ambulance and console(s) shall be configured for two-way radio(s) (mobile and portable), intercom, public address, electronic siren, and telemetry system(s). These systems, when specified (see 6.2-qq), herein or purchaser furnished/specified shall be installed and ready to use. Switches and controls shall be panel mounted and conform to 3.7.9 thru 3.7.11. Communications equipment shall meet the applicable FCC rules and required state and local area EMS radio communications.

#### **3.14.2 RADIO (MOBILE) PROVISIONS.**

All ambulances shall be provided with sufficient ventilated space for a two-way radio (including convenience features), antenna openings, ground plane, terminal wiring for 12V



power and ground, and mounting panels (see 3.14.3) required for the installation and servicing of mobile radios. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-qq), the consignee will locally install mobile radio unit(s) or shall provide any additional data, equipment and a coordinator to insure compatibility of specified systems.

### **3.14.3 ANTENNA, CABLE, AND MOUNTING.**

The contractor shall provide each ambulance with a ground plane, antenna opening, and coaxial lead-in wire from the ventilated radio storage area/compartments to a temporarily sealed antenna port. The antenna and/or mounting shall be on the centerline of the patient compartment roof. An antenna port shall be provided in the patient's compartment directly under the mounting area. The port shall provide at least a 10 cm x 10 cm (4" x 4") opening, and be marked as specified in 3.7.11. All nonmetallic roofs shall be equipped with at least a 102 cm x 102 cm (40" x 40") metal ground plane molded into the roof (see 3.10.6). A conduit and fish lead shall be provided when necessary to fish the cable from the antenna to the radio. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-qq), the antenna cable (lead-in) shall be a labeled, RG/58U or equal. Approximately 46 cm (18") of extra cable shall be provided at the antenna base (port) and at least 91 cm (3 feet) at/in the radio compartment provided with a PL-259 connector soldered to the end of the cable. Purchaser shall specify any changes or additional requirements.

### **3.14.4 TWO-WAY (MOBILE) RADIO EQUIPMENT.**

When specified (see 6.2-qq), a solid state, mobile, two-way radio, meeting all purchaser requirements, shall be furnished. The transmitter power output shall be as specified.

### **3.14.5 INTERCOM SYSTEM.**

When specified (3.15.3-4), solid state intercom equipment shall be provided between the driver and patient compartments. The driver shall have the capability to place the patient compartment in standby "talk" mode and to control any necessary talk/listen switching. The intercom system shall be independent of the two-way radio equipment. Cab compartment intercom shall be mounted in accordance with 3.7.9 and patient compartment intercom in accordance with 3.7.10, and comply to 3.7.11.

**61**

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.14.6 SIREN - PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM.**

A combination electronic siren with integral public address system and other upgrading features, including radio interface capability, shall be provided. Dual speakers shall be installed, outside the vehicle, in the bumper/hood area. Speakers shall not protrude beyond the face of the bumper or bumper guards. The microphone shall be a noise canceling type. The siren's control shall permit the following sounds, Manual, Wail, and Yelp. Other applicable sounds such as "Rapid Yelp", "Air Horn" or composite type sounds, etc. may be specified (see 6.2-rr) or furnished. The system shall provide plug-in connections and connecting cables; with control capability from the passenger seat and driver's horn ring by means of a siren/horn switch or, when specified (see 6.2-rr), by a foot switch; and all other necessary hardware for the siren/ public address operation. The public address amplifier shall be independent of the two-way radio, except that a common microphone and control housing group may be employed. The illuminated (in siren mode) "Horn/Siren" switch shall be provided on the driver's console, or the siren may be switched automatically with the use of the emergency light switch.

The siren, with the exception of cancellation effects due to dual speakers, when tested in a full anechoic chamber that conforms to ANSI Standard S1.13-1971, with test equipment and methods conforming to California Administrative Code, Title 13, Article 8, shall be capable of producing a continuous warning sound at a minimum level of 123 dB, A-weighted, at 3 meters (10 feet) on axis in the "Wail mode" with "Yelp" falling within 1 dba with 13.6 volts +/- 1% input, at a fundamental frequency in the range of 500 to 2,000 Hz maximum. The output over the sweep range shall not drop to less than 116 dba. The speakers shall be located in the configuration that is representative of the vehicle on which they will be mounted. In the "Wail" mode the siren shall have a sweep rate of 10-18 cycles per minute and in the "Yelp" mode, a sweep rate of 150 to 250 cycles per minute. All sweep modes shall cover a range of at least one octave. In voice (P.A.) operation, the unclipped sine wave output shall be at least 55 watts RMS into a resistive load matching the nominal speaker system impedance at 1000Hz. The frequency response of the amplifier shall be from 500 to 3,000 Hz +/- 3 dB, when measured from 1,000 Hz reference. Total harmonic distortion shall not exceed 10 percent, at 20 watts RMS, over the specified frequency range when measured with the load shown above. In addition, the electronic siren furnished with the exception of cancellation effects attributable to dual speakers shall comply to all the other requirements included in the State of California Vehicle Code Section 1020 thru 1029, Title 13, Article 8, the latest issue for Class A sirens. The electronic siren shall be tested, approved, and listed with the Automotive Manufacturers Equipment Compliance Agency (AMECA).

#### **3.14.7 AIR HORNS.**

When specified (3.15.3-36) by the purchaser, air horn(s) shall be furnished. Horns shall be activated as specified by the purchaser. Horn(s) shall be mounted forward of the cab compartment.

**62**

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.15 ADDITIONAL SYSTEMS, EQUIPMENT, ACCESSORIES, AND SUPPLIES.**

#### **3.15.1 ADDITIONAL AND OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT.**

When specified (see 6.2-ss), additional or optional system(s), equipment, accessories, and supplies shall be furnished, in addition to the standard ambulance component systems and devices specified herein. These items shall be selected by the purchasers. Optional items may be further described in authoritative procurement documents. In no event shall the specified or furnished optional item(s) reduce the quality and intent of the ambulance but shall enhance its design and purpose. The materials, devices, items, and fabrication, if not specifically described, shall be not less in quality, strength, performance, and service than those normally provided by the most reputable manufacturers.

#### **3.15.2 STANDARD MANDATORY MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT.**

Unless otherwise precluded in the contract, each ambulance shall be equipped with, but not limited to the following: a. Fire extinguishers: Two, ABC dry chemical, carbon dioxide) minimum 2.3 kg (5 lb.) unit, in a quick-release bracket, one mounted in the driver/cab compartment or in the body reachable from outside the vehicle and one in the patient compartment. When located in either the driver or patient compartments, the mounting bracket shall be a stable design.



- b. "No Smoking Oxygen Equipped" and "Fasten Seat Belts" signs: Conspicuously placed in the cab and patient compartment.
- c. Overhead grabrail, minimum 152 cm (60 in.) long, maximum 10.2 cm (4 in.) depth, on the ceiling over the primary patient. Grabrail shall be stainless steel, aluminum, or other corrosion resistant material, and have padded or curved up ends, and rounded corners. Mounting brackets shall be chromed, stainless steel, polished cast aluminum or other corrosion resistant materials. The grabrail(s) shall be installed in a manner that precludes loosening and shall meet a 136 kg (300 lb.) pull test in all three axis. The grabrail shall be tested in accordance with AMD Std. 008.
- d. Backup alert alarm, (audible warning device) activated when the vehicle is shifted into reverse. Device must meet OSHA and SAE J994 requirements, and shall be rated (SAE) for Type C or B (97 or 107 dba at 122 cm (4 feet)) or purchaser may specify (see 6.2-ss) alarms that automatically adjust to ambient noise levels.

**63**

KKK-A-1822 E

**1. Reserved.**

**2. Tachograph;** 145 km/ hour (90 mph), with 24-hour chart, warning light, and siren recording.

**3. Intercom, Silent;** The system shall consist of amber, red, and green lights in the driver's compartment controlled by the EMT. It shall include an alerting buzzer in the driver's compartment.

**4. Intercom;** voice intercommunication system between driver and technician compartments as per paragraph 3.14.5.

3.7.7, similar to Delco/ Delphi, Gould, or equal.

**5. Batteries;** 12VDC, heavy-duty "high cycle life," maintenance-free automotive type per 1.

**6. 115 VAC;** onboard electric power supply, Inverter (specify brand or equal) per 3.7.8.3.

**7. 12 VDC battery charger or conditioner and portable equipment battery charging circuit;** specify conditioner or charger, and locations of additional portable equipment battery charging circuit lead termination point(s) per 3.7.7.1, 3.7.7.2, and 3.7.8.

**(\*)8. High intensity cot light;** with flexible or adjustable shaft located near head of primary cot per 3.1.5.1.

**9. Checkout lights;** for patient compartment (see 3.8.5.2).

**10. Patient fan;** located near primary cot, minimum 250 CFM rating, 12VDC.

**11. Rear step storage compartment;** for Types I and III when available on specified chassis.

**12. Window;** tinted, right side panel of patient compartment, minimum 2774 sq. cm (430 sq. in.) per 3.10.14.

**13. Reserved.**

**(\*) 14. Drug kit compartment;** locking, security compartment located near primary patient with piano hinge and non-exposed fasteners, door with key lock, minimum size 56 cm (22")W x 36 cm

(14")D x 46 cm (18")H per 3.1.5.1.

**15. Stone/mud guard;** to protect lower front end of body (for Type I and III) (see 3.9.7.4).

**16. Power plant heaters;** minimum -34° C (- 30° F) startability per 3.6.3.2.1 for severely cold areas only per 3.6.3.2.1.

**17. High altitude operations;** engine adjustments and/or emission control(s), and test if available and applicable per 3.6.4.3.

**18. Extrication equipment;** specified in 3.11.2.1. (This equipment may normally be carried on the ambulance unless it is routinely accompanied by a rescue vehicle. Select which items, (a through jj) and fully detail specific items wanted by brand, model, size, quantity, as required.

**19. Body rubrails;** for Types I and III, as specified in 3.9.7.5.

**20. Automatic transmission heavy-duty oil cooler;** additional unit (for very hot areas only), per 3.6.5.2.1 when not furnished from the chassis manufacturer.

**21. Folding style step;** at ambulance body rear loading doors, per 3.9.6.

**22. Front bumper override;** grille, and radiator protection, per 3.9.6.1 (grille guard) and 3.9.6.2 (bumper guards).

**23. Emergency safety kit;** in sturdy metal/plastic carrying case containing: 3 bi-directional reflective triangles (approved FMVSS 125), 6 fuses, minimum 15 minutes each with holders, 2 sets of chassis circuit electrical system spare fuses.

**24. Towing devices;** not less than 2 towing devices on the front of the vehicle. (if permitted by chassis manufacturer).

**25. Spotlight;** 360 degree horizontal and 90 degree vertical adjustment, remote controlled per 3.8.4.

**26. Radio-Chassis manufacturers;** AM/FM, as specified. Additional speakers shall be furnished as specified.

**27. Reserved.**

**(\*)28. Seat;** on left, street side of vehicle (right side of patient) (see 3.1.5.1 & 3.11.4).

**29. Cab Console;** between driver and passenger seat. Purchaser shall specify layout and dimensions (see 3.9.2 & 3.10.15.2).

**30. Running boards;** (see 3.9.7.2).

**31. Mud flaps;** (see 3.9.7.3).

**32. Interior/exterior compartment;** two shelves, at the front right corner of the body with exterior access per 3.11.1.2 (for Types I & III).

**33. Map light;** dash or ceiling mounted as required by the purchaser and shall be separately switched. Purchaser shall specify type or model required (see 3.8.5).

**34. Siren system;** Specify features e.g. foot switch

or other requirements (see 3.14.6).

**35. Audible warning indicator;** in the cab, that sounds only when the patient or equipment compartment(s) are open and when the vehicle is placed in forward or reverse gear.

**36. Air horns;** (see 3.14.7)

### **3.15.3 OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT.**

When specified (see 6.2-ss), the ambulance shall be equipped with, but not limited to the following. Additional weight, resulting from specified options, shall be deducted from the specified payload allowance (see 3.5.2).

(\*) **Items furnished as standard equipment when Configuration "A" (ALS) is specified (see 3.1.5.1).**

**64**

**KKK-A-1822 E**

**M12. Emergency medical jump kit or drug kit;** specify model (case only).

**M13. Scoop stretcher;** specify model.

**M14. Backboards;** wood, aluminum, or plastic, one long-minimum size 183 x 41 cm (72 x 16 in.), one short minimum size 81 cm x 41 cm (32 x 16 in.) with three straps. Boards shall be translucent to X Rays. Specify type and quantity.

**M15. Reserved**

**M16. Combination stretcher;** in lieu of folding stretcher (see 3.11.5.1 & 3.11.4).

**M17. Oxygen;** portable unit (see 3.12.2).

**M18. Suction aspirator;** portable; battery or gas powered (see 3.12.4). Specify type.

**M19. Mast;** pneumatic trouser kit, compartmentalized individually inflatable sections, complete with carrying case. Specify adult, pediatric and model.

**M20. Oxygen-powered;** manually triggered, positive pressure valve with mask (see 3.12.2.2). Specify type of valve and quick disconnect fitting required.

**M21. Dual position cot fastener mounting assembly;** quick detachable type for center and side positions. Specify type (see 3.1.5 & 3.11.7).

**M22. Extrication device, adult, vest type;** (wrap around) extrication device to provide spinal immobilization for seated patient, complete with all necessary belts, head straps, padding, etc., and case. Specify type.

**M23. Extrication collar;** specify type and size (pediatric, extra small, short, medium, tall, etc.).

**M24. Automatic external defibrillator (AED) or monitor defibrillator;** (specify desired model)

**M25. Cardiac Monitor/defibrillator mounting bracket.** Specify type of bracket.

**M26. Pediatric, spinal immobilization/ transport device;** with cot interface capability. Device shall be complete with all straps, attachment devices, and case. Specify desired model (see 3.11.8.2).

**M27. Reserved.**

**M28. Infant/ child carrier;** per 3.11.8.2.

**M29. Automatic Resuscitation/ ventilator;** (see

3.12.2.3). Specify type desired and type oxygen system interface device (see 6.2-II).

#### **3.15.4 MEDICAL, SURGICAL, AND BIOMEDICAL EQUIPMENT.**

Ambulance purchaser's and operating authorities should, at a minimum, provision their ambulances (for ALS or BLS) with durable equipment and disposable supplies as recommended by the American college of Emergency Physicians,(ACEP), and the National EMSC Resource Alliance (see section 2.2 for addresses).

When specified (see 6.2-ss), the ambulance shall be equipped with the following:

**M1. Rail system;** a medical device(s) attaching aluminum rail, with quick release mounting mechanisms, fastened securely in the action area at the side of the primary cot. Rail length 152 cm to 229 cm (60 to 90 in.) long. Medical devices shall be rail mounted, and 3 spare mounting devices supplied per 3.11.1.1.

**M2. I.V. telescoping pole;** for primary cot (see 3.11.9).

**M3. Electric clock;** 12 volt DC chassis powered, with sweep second hand, illuminated (when module is turned on), 10 cm (4 in.) minimum dial. Clock shall be located on the action wall and shall be visible to the EMT from both the EMT seat and squad bench. Other types of clocks as specified or approved by the purchaser may be furnished.

**M4 {Reserved}**

**M5. Sphygmomanometer;** 15 cm (6 in.) dial type, wall mounted or rail mounted, when M1 is specified, cuff, stethoscope, inflating bulb and mounting. Specify size, obese, adult, child, or pediatric.

**M6. Squeeze bag-valve-mask system;** portable, for artificial ventilation (see 3.12.2.1).

**M7. Oxygen flowmeter;** (pressure compensated) and humidifier (see 3.12.1.1), with specified disconnect fittings. Specify quantity.

**M8. Remote oxygen indicator;** for main bottle. Specify type (see 3.12.1).

**\*M9. Oxygen outlet;** A second, self sealing, duplex oxygen outlet for the secondary patient to be located at patients head area (see 3.12.1). Additional outlets may also be specified.

**M10. Cot;** for primary and secondary patients (per 3.11.5). Specify desired models. Cot straps per 3.11.8.1.

**M11. A lower-extremity traction splint;** with all necessary straps, attachments, and case. Specify type and adult, pediatric size or universal type).

**(\*) Items furnished as standard equipment when Configuration "A" (ALS) is specified (see 3.1.5.1).**

65

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.16 PREPARATION FOR PAINTING, COLOR, AND MARKINGS.**

#### **3.16.1 PREPARATION FOR PAINTING.**

Ambulance body and all attached equipment exterior surfaces, except polished metal parts, shall be thoroughly cleaned, treated, and coated with a firm primer and preservative with rust inhibiting properties, and painted in the finish color as specified (see 6.2-tt). Ferrous metal interior surfaces shall be painted or, when not exposed for painting, shall be treated or coated to resist corrosion. Chassis and chassis frame components shall be preserved and finished in accordance to industry's standard practice.

#### **3.16.2 COLOR, PAINT, AND FINISH.**

Unless otherwise specified, (see 6.2-tt), the exterior color of the ambulance shall be gloss white in combination with a solid uninterrupted orange stripe and blue lettering and emblems. The stripe should be as close to parallel as possible with the road but a stripe transition angle is acceptable to connect the module beltline stripe with the chassis stripe. The exterior finish on painted metal modular bodies and metal roofs on Type II ambulances shall be an acrylic composition urethane or polyurethane paint. The final stage manufacturer's painted components shall have a paint film not less than 1.25 mils. thick and a minimum total thickness of 4 mils., including primers. The orange stripe shall not be less than 15 cm (6 in.) wide, nor more than 36 cm (14 in.) wide and shall encircle the entire ambulance body at the belt line below the bottom edge of cab windows but may exclude the front of the hood panel. The orange stripe, as specified by the purchaser (see 6.2-tt) may be reflective tape conforming to Para. 3.16.4 or be painted and may be edged/pin striped in black or blue. This single, solid band (except when interrupted by windows, locks, etc.), when viewed horizontally, shall appear as a stripe near parallel to the road. The interior finish shall be the manufacturer's standard light color harmonizing with the color of upholstery. The final film of painted surfaces shall be smooth and uniform, free of grit, streaks, blushing, runs, sagging, blisters, "fish-eyes", "orange peel", pinholes, or other surface irregularities. Exterior finish paint shall not be required on the underbody and inside surface of the body skirting.

**NOTE: USERS SHOULD AVOID SPECIFYING DARKER OR ALTERNATE COLORS BECAUSE OF THE ADVERSE EFFECT ON VEHICLE VISIBILITY, AND INCREASED HEAT LOAD THAT THE DARKER COLORS IMPOSE ON THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM. SPECIFICALLY, THE WHITE/ORANGE COMBINATION PROVIDES THE MOST VISIBLE VEHICLE UNDER DIFFERENT LIGHT CONDITIONS, (E.G. MERCURY AND SODIUM VAPOR LIGHTS), AS WELL AS PROVIDING, ON AN INTERNATIONAL BASIS, THE MOST EASILY RECOGNIZED COLOR CONFIGURATION.**

##### **3.16.2.1 COLOR STANDARDS AND TOLERANCES.**

The exterior surface including the wheels shall be manufacturer's standard gloss white. The ambulance colors orange, stripe or band and blue markings shall be the same as specified Orange and Blue in American National Standard Z535.1, Safety Color Code. They shall comply with the tolerances expressed in terms of Munsell hue, value (lightness), and chroma (saturation).

**66**

KKK-A-1822 E

Color tolerance charts containing the color standards and tolerances for Ambulance Orange and Ambulance Blue are available from the Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, <http://hazmat.dot.gov/commsupp.htm>

**3.16.3 SALT SPRAY RESISTANCE.**

Treated exterior sheet metal of the ambulance body (except OEM Type II van) shall be capable of withstanding 250 hours of salt spray tested in accordance with ASTM B 117-64. The specimen used for the salt spray test shall be run through all steps of the cleaning and treating process, including priming. The primed specimen shall be scored from corner to corner using a sharp knife. After the test, the specimen panels shall exhibit no failure and not more than 3 mm (1/8 in.) rust or blister creepage from the scored lines.

**3.16.4 EMBLEMS AND MARKINGS.**

The material for the emblems and markings shall be applied using reflectorized material conforming to Federal Specification L-S-300, Type I, Class 1 or 3 reflectivity 1. The reflective color used shall be blue (color a) and white (color i) when applicable. The emblems and markings shall be of the type, size, color, and location as follows:

**A. Front markings**

1. The word "AMBULANCE", mirror imaged, shall be in block, blue, die cut style letters, not less than 10 cm (4 in.) high, centered above the grille, on the orange or white background. The placement of the word ambulance on the curved surface of the hood or on a flat plastic type bugscreen is permitted.
2. A "Star of Life" in 7.6 cm (3 in.), blue, die cut style, with a white border, conforming to Figure 4 (size A) shall be located both to the right and left of the word "AMBULANCE."

**B. Side and rear markings**

1. The word "AMBULANCE" shall be in block, blue, die cut style letters of not less than 15 cm (6 in.) in height, centered, with a white border, alongside or under the "Star of Life" on each side and rear of the vehicle body.
2. A "Star of Life", not less than 40.6 cm (16 in.), in blue, die cut style, with a white border, conforming to Figure 4 (size C), on the right and left side panels. A "Star of Life" emblem, size B, shall be provided on each rear door.
3. All additional lettering and markings (required by the purchaser) should be below the word "AMBULANCE", except the units abbreviated identification lettering/number, which may be located on the uppermost white space of the front, rear, and sides.

**C. Top markings**

A "Star of Life", of not less than 81 cm (32 in.) (size D) in blue, die cut style, conforming to Figure 4 (may be without the white Staff of Aesculapius), shall be provided on the ambulance rooftop.

**67**

KKK-A-1822 E

**3.17 UNDERCOATING.**

Unless the ambulance is rustproofed, the vehicle shall be undercoated for sound deadening, corrosion,

and stone damage protection. A commercial, sandless, petroleum base undercoating or other materials providing equivalent protection, shall be applied to the underbody and under chassis sheet metal surfaces to a thickness of 1.6 mm to 3.2 mm (1/16 to 1/8 in.), except to the drive shafts, drain holes, lubrication points, engine/transmission oil pans, fuel tanks, heavy castings, suspension components, heat shields, heat diffusing devices, catalytic converters, and areas 30.5 cm (12 in.) or less from the exhaust system(s) as well as other areas specifically excluded by the chassis manufacturer. These areas shall be kept free of coating material. Chassis frame, underside of engine compartment hood, and underbody surfaces in excess of 3.2 mm (1/8 in.) thickness, or that are inaccessible without removing vehicle fuel tank(s) or other major components shall not require undercoating.

### **3.18 RUSTPROOFING**

When specified (see 6.2-uu), ambulance shall be rustproofed in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 297.

### **3.19 MARKINGS, DATA PLATES, WARRANTY NOTICE, ETC.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-vv), final stage manufacturer's caution plates and identification plates shall be conspicuously installed for all equipment, etc., furnished requiring such notices. Other than the manufacturer's trademark(s) names, no other identification than that authoritatively specified shall be shown on exterior of the vehicle. The ambulance/vehicle manufacturer's "Star of Life" certification shall be provided on a placard or label as shown below, permanently affixed and easily visible in the ambulance oxygen compartment (see 4.3).

#### **CERTIFIED "STAR OF LIFE" AMBULANCE**

MFG DATE OF

BY \_\_\_\_\_ MANUFACTURE MO, YR \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

CITY \_\_\_\_\_ STATE \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_

This Ambulance conforms to Federal Specification KKK-A-1822 in effect on the date of manufacture shown above.

AMBULANCE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

TYPE - CLASS - FLOOR PLAN - SERIAL NO.

CURB WEIGHT PAYLOAD MAX GROSS WT. MAX

\_\_\_\_\_  
kg/lbs. kg/lbs. kg/lbs.

#### **SAMPLE LABEL**

**68**

KKK-A-1822 E

### **3.20 MANUALS, AND HANDBOOK OF INSTRUCTION.**

The supplier shall furnish with each ambulance, at the time of ambulance's acceptance, one copy of the reference handbook as specified in 6.8 and herein. This reference handbook shall provide instructions for the operation, care, and repair for all ambulance related accessory, component equipment, and system(s) furnished as part of the emergency medical care vehicle. This handbook shall also contain all installation instructions, drawings, schematics wiring diagrams, illustrations, and safety precautions to insure proper



management, operation and maintenance. The chassis manufacturer's repair manual and parts book shall be furnished when specified (see 6.2-ww).

### **3.21 PREDELIVERY INSPECTION AND SERVICING.**

The supplier prior to acceptance and inspection of the ambulance(s) shall service and inspect each vehicle in accordance with the chassis manufacturer's approved predelivery form, and the ambulance manufacturer's predelivery (test, inspection, and road test) form. A signed copy of these forms (check sheets) shall be furnished with the vehicle (see 6.8).

Servicing shall comply to ambient temperatures and conditions applicable with the route of transport to the consignee's ultimate destination (see 5.1). Servicing shall include all tank(s) full of fuel; checking to determine satisfactory and complete operation of all mechanical and electrical features, equipment and system; elimination of rattles, noises, and squeaks; cleaning the interior and exterior. Thus the vehicle shall be delivered ready to use.

### **3.22 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS.**

Purchaser shall specify (see 6.2-xx) additional requirements and state unusual operating conditions, miscellaneous items, permissible exceptions, marking, etc., not specified herein. If in conflict with the manufacturer's standards and options, those specified shall take precedence. Contractor shall comply to the requirements of paragraph 6.3.

#### **3.22.1 OVERSEAS VEHICLE REQUIREMENTS.**

When specified (see 6.2-yy), the following equipment changes, items, devices, and adjustments to systems shall be furnished: a. Left dip headlights (as used on right-hand drive vehicles) adjusted for driving on the left side of the road (prior to shipment).

b. Speedometer-odometer, calibrated in kilometers.

#### **3.22.2 EXPORT VEHICLE SAFETY AND EMISSIONS REQUIREMENTS.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-yy), export vehicle(s) shall conform to applicable safety standards of U.S.A. Vehicles exported to countries marketing only leaded gasoline. Additionally, all ambulances shall display a decal or sticker providing at least the following information: contract number; purchaser order number; date of delivery, month and year; and the warranty time, in months and miles (GSA Form 1398 or equal). Apply this data to the right or left front door lock face or door jam after final inspection and acceptance by the purchaser. As specified (see 6.2vv) by the procuring activity for the appropriate military service, identification markings and data plates, shall be provided conforming with MIL-STD- 1223.

**69**

KKK-A-1822 E

Vehicle modifications needed for leaded fuel operation shall be made prior to shipment. Vehicle(s) being offered/supplied with catalytic converters shall be identified in each bid.

#### **3.22.3 TIEDOWN POINTS.**

When specified (see 6.2-yy), hard points (tow hooks, bumpers, axles, or other component points) suitable for use as tiedown points for the vehicle shall be identified. Identification of the points shall be provided by stenciling instructions and applying data plates to the vehicle or by supplementary instructions included with each copy of the owner's-operator's manual. Each identified tiedown or hard point shall be capable of withstanding its proportionate share of the GVWR.

##### **3.22.3.1 LIFT POINTS.**

When specified (see 6.2-yy), a minimum of four hard points for use as lift-points shall be identified. Identification of the points shall be provided by stenciling instructions and applying data plates to the vehicle or by supplementary instructions included with each copy of the owner's-operator's manual. Each identified hard point shall withstand without permanent deformation a working load equal to its proportionate share of the GVW and shall have an ultimate strength of at least 1.5 times the GVW. In addition, slinging provisions shall be located so that:

a. Attached sling legs shall converge over the center of gravity of the vehicle when at its GVW.

b. The attached sling apex does not exceed a height of 7.3 m (24 feet) above the lowest extremity of the equipment when suspended with each sling leg at a 45 degree maximum true angle.

### **3.23 WORKMANSHIP.**

Defective components shall not be furnished. Parts, equipment, and assemblies, which have been repaired or modified to overcome deficiencies shall not be furnished without the approval of the purchaser. Welded, bolted, and riveted construction utilized shall be in accordance with the highest standards of industry. Component parts and units shall be manufactured to definite standard dimensions with proper fits, clearances, and uniformity.

General appearance of the vehicle shall not show any evidence of poor workmanship. The following shall be reason for rejection:

1. Rough, sharp or unfinished edges, burrs, seams, sharp corners, joints, cracks, and dents.
2. Non-uniform panels. Edges that are not radiused, beveled, etc.
3. Paint runs, sags, orange peel, "fish eyes", etc., in addition to 3.16.2 and any other imperfection or lack of complete coverage.
4. Body panels that are uneven, unsealed, or have voids.
5. Misalignment of body fasteners, glass, viewing panels, light housings, other items with large or uneven gaps, spacing etc. such as door, body panels, and hinged panels.
6. Improper body design or interface with the chassis that could cause injury during normal use or maintenance.

### **70**

KKK-A-1822 E

7. Improperly fabricated and routed wiring or harnesses.
8. Improperly supported or secured hoses, wires, wiring harnesses, mechanical controls.
9. Loose, vibrating, abrading body parts, components, subassemblies, hoses, wiring harnesses or trim.
10. Interference of chassis components, body parts, doors, etc.
11. Leaks of any gas or fluid lines, (AC, coolant, oil, oxygen, etc.)
12. Noise, panel vibrations, etc.
13. Sagging, non-form fitting upholstery or padding.
14. Incomplete or incorrect application of rustproofing.
15. Inappropriate or incorrect use of hardware, fasteners, components, or methods of construction.
16. Incomplete or improper welding, riveting.
17. Visual deformities.

18. Lack of uniformity and symmetry where applicable.

19. Unsealed appurtenances or other body components, gaskets, etc.

In addition, any deviation from specification requirements or any other item, whether or not stipulated herein, that affects form, fit, function, durability, reliability, safety, performance or appearance shall be cause for rejection.

**71**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **4.1 RESPONSIBILITY FOR INSPECTION AND TESTS.**

The contractor is responsible for the performance of all inspections and test requirements specified herein. The supplier may use his own or any other facilities suitable for the predelivery and acceptance inspections unless disapproved by the purchaser. The purchaser reserves the right to perform any of the inspections and tests set forth in the specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to assure supplies and service conform to the specification and contract. The contractor shall provide the purchaser's inspection representatives with the manufacturers readily available instruments and all such assistance as they may find necessary.

##### **4.1.1 PURCHASER VERIFICATION.**

Quality assurance operations performed by the supplier will be subject to purchaser verification at unscheduled intervals. Verification will consist of observation of the operations to determine that practices, methods, and procedures of the supplier's inspection are being properly applied. Failure of the supplier to promptly correct observed deficiencies shall be cause for suspension of acceptance of the ambulance(s) until conformance to specification criteria has been demonstrated.

#### **4.2 CLASSIFICATION OF INSPECTION (FOR PURCHASER'S ACCEPTANCE).**

Purchasers should select either or both of the following methods of inspections (to specify see 6.2-zz):

1. Source inspection (see 4.2.1).
2. Destination examination (see 4.2.2).

##### **4.2.1 SOURCE INSPECTION.**

Ambulance(s) shall be inspected upon completion by the purchaser prior to shipment from manufacturer's factory or assembly plant and may consist of the following:

- a. Workmanship inspection (see 3.23).
- b. Quality conformance inspection (see 4.2.3)
- c. First production ambulance inspection (see 4.2.5).

## **Quality Assurance Provisions 4.**

##### **4.2.2 DESTINATION EXAMINATION.**

When specified (see 6.2-zz), the contracted ambulance shall be examined at the destination.

The vehicle(s) shall be visually examined to determine compliance to the contract

requirements and the quality conformance inspection of 4.2.3. Vehicle component chassis failures and other minor defects may be accepted subject to correction by the contractor/ manufacturer of those points.

#### **4.2.3 QUALITY CONFORMANCE INSPECTION.**

Quality conformance inspection applies to all ambulance(s) offered for acceptance under the contract. Quality conformance inspection shall consist of (a) through (d) as follows:

- a. Workmanship inspection (see 3.23).
- b. Operational checks (see 4.2.4).
- c. Water spray test (see 4.4.5).
- d. Examine ambulance handbook (see 3.20).

#### **4.2.4 OPERATION CHECKS.**

Operational checks of the ambulance shall cover all controls, electrical systems, and devices, doors, windows, cabinets, accessories, in and outside the ambulance.

Ambulance shall be driven at highway speeds, turns made at minimum radii, brakes tested for dependability, checked for rattles and squeaks, and compliance to 3.21. All controls and mechanisms shall function and operate as intended.

#### **4.2.5 FIRST PRODUCTION AMBULANCE INSPECTION.**

When specified (see 6.2-aaa), the first production ambulance of each Type and Class specified under contract shall be inspected. This first ambulance shall be completely representative of the balance of the vehicles to be delivered under the contract. The purpose of the inspection shall determine vehicle conformity to the contract. The ambulance shall be inspected by the contractor at his plant under the direction and in the presence of purchaser's representative(s). Inspections shall be conducted during normal weekday working hours. The cost of inspections, examination, all tests, and vehicle support, exclusive of personal expenses incurred by participating purchaser's representatives shall be borne by the contractor. Acceptance of the first production vehicle shall not constitute a waiver by the purchaser of any rights under the provisions of the contract.

#### **4.2.6 INSPECTION FAILURE OF AMBULANCE(S).**

Failure of a production ambulance to have the certifications required or successfully complete the examinations and tests shall be cause for non acceptance of any of the contract quantity, until deficiencies and evidence of the corrective action preclude recurrence of similar deficiencies. Failure of the vehicle to successfully complete inspection shall not constitute an excusable delay in meeting scheduled deliveries.

#### **4.2.7 PRODUCTION SAMPLE.**

Upon acceptance of the first production ambulance, it shall remain at the manufacturing facility as a production sample and shall be the last vehicle shipped on the contract. The contractor shall maintain the vehicle in a serviceable condition for the duration of the contract. Vehicle shall be then cleaned, serviced, and refurbished to the extent required for delivery of a new vehicle to the purchaser.

#### **4.3 "STAR OF LIFE" CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.**

##### **4.3.1 QUALIFYING PROVISIONS.**

The manufacturer/supplier is obligated to certify to the Government/ purchasers that the ambulance bearing the "Star of Life," its components, and equipment meet or exceed all the requirements

and tests set forth in this specification. The certification and “Star of Life” label (3.19), verify that the ambulance conforms to this specification on the date of manufacture. Compliance for a “Star of Life” label is defined as certification backed by confirmed verifications of inspections and tests. The verifications shall be in possession of the issuer and presented if and when challenged. For the benefit of purchaser’s procuring activity evaluation and review, prior to or with each proposed bid (solicitation), the bidder/supplier shall provide and forward representative material of their “Star of Life” ambulance(s). This material shall include: a letter certified by a company officer, stating that the delivered ambulance(s) shall comply with paragraphs 4.3.2 thru 4.3.6. Failure to provide certification, at the time the vehicle is presented for inspection, will deem the vehicle unacceptable and shall constitute grounds for termination in accordance with the terms of the contract. Also included shall be: general specification data, exterior and interior pictures, dimensional drawings/data, etc., and other information as requested.

#### **4.3.2 DOCUMENTATION OF “STAR OF LIFE” CERTIFICATION.**

The ambulance manufacturer shall compile complete certified documentation of verifications for all the tests required under 4.4 conforming to 4.3.4 and 4.3.6 in a booklet similar to that described in paragraph 6.8, for each Type and Class ambulance intended to be marketed to the Emergency Medical Care industry as a “Star of Life” ambulance.

#### **4.3.4 CRITERIA OF CERTIFICATIONS.**

The testing and inspection(s) required for certification shall be performed by either an independent testing facility or the ambulance manufacturer’s own testing facility. In-plant tests shall be supervised by a staff registered professional engineer, or consulting registered professional engineer. The individual certifications will remain valid so long as they are applicable to the vehicle model, component(s) and equipment offered as tested under this specification, and are furnished without alterations, for five years, then shall be recertified. Certifications that appear on the vehicle need not be re-submitted (i.e., Department of Transportation, (DOT); Environmental Protection Agency, (EPA), etc.). Certification(s) will be acceptable in lieu of actual verification test during inspections (4.2) providing supporting verifying data complying to 4.3.6 is on file for examination. Certification from chassis manufacturer and individual equipment manufacturers are acceptable providing they are not part of a system(s) or altered and in accordance with 4.3.5. Type certifications of individual components and equipment products are acceptable.

**74**

KKK-A-1822 E

#### **4.3.5 CERTIFICATION LETTER FORMAT.**

Certification letters submitted for the ambulance model, components, and equipment being certified shall contain the following information on supplier’s letterhead stationery: to whom certifying, date, units or items, manufacturer and address, date product tested, model number, and specification data, applicable specification references and test requirement, summary of the test report, a certifying statement, and official signature.

#### **4.3.6 CERTIFICATION VERIFICATION DATA REPORTS.**

The testing facility (see 4.3.4) for each certification shall supply supportive verification data and information on letterhead stationery, for whom tested, report date, name of sample product or device, manufacturer’s address, serial and model number(s),



specification referral and amendment number(s), and test requirement(s), test facilities used and location, test equipment used, test procedure, test results, verifying test data, photographs, test conclusion(s), witness(es), and authorized signature.

#### **4.4 TESTS.**

##### **4.4.1 TEST CRITERIA.**

The ambulance shall be prepared for operation in accordance with chassis manufacturer's recommendations and 3.21. The ambulance shall be manned and loaded when applicable, to simulate the maximum payload required for the Type, Class, and plan being tested. Road tests and test course(s) shall be documented with pictures and route map. Test room(s) designed and equipped to simulate ambient temperature environments shall be used to perform tests.

##### **4.4.2 PERFORMANCE TESTS.**

The following ambulance items, systems, and equipment shall be inspected, tested, and verified for conformance to the specification:

- a. Ambulance physical dimensions (see 3.4.11 through 3.4.11.6 and 3.10 to 3.11.4).
- b. Vehicle weight distribution (see 4.4.3 and 4.4.3.1).
- c. Road test and performance tests (see 4.4.4).
- d. Exterior mounted devices tested for temperature conditions (see 3.4.2).
- e. Cooling system (see 3.6.4.5).
- f. Electrical systems and components, inspect and verify compliance (see 3.7 to 3.8.5.2).
- g. Electrical generating system (see 3.7.6 through 3.7.6.3).
- h. Electromagnetic radiation and suppression (see 3.7.12), "type approval" is acceptable.
- i. Warning light and siren system(s) (see 3.8.2 to 3.8.2.3, and 3.14.6).
- j. Tests of ambulance body structure (see 3.10.5 and 3.10.9).
- k. Patient compartment interior surfaces, FMVSS 302 (see 3.10.17).
- l. Oxygen system and tests (see 3.11.3, 3.12.1, and 3.12.1.1).
- m. Litter fastener and anchorage test (see 3.11.7).
- n Suction aspiration system test (see 3.12.3 and 3.12.4).

#### **75**

KKK-A-1822 E

- o. Environmental systems tests (see 3.13.1 to 3.13.7, and 3.6.3.2).
- p. Patient compartment sound level test (see 3.13.8).
- q. Painting, color, and marking (see 3.16 to 3.16.4).
- r. Manuals and handbook (see 3.20 and 6.8).

##### **4.4.3 VEHICLE WEIGHTS.**

The vehicle shall be weighed to determine curb weight and distribution of curb weight on front and rear axle. The imposed loading on front and rear axle shall be computed using the curb weight and the payload as specified in 3.5 through 3.5.6. Calculated imposed loads on front and rear axle shall be utilized to ascertain that suspension, axles, and tires furnished are of adequate capacity to meet contract requirements.

##### **4.4.3.1 WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION TOLERANCE.**

The mathematical method to calculate the weight distribution shall be in accordance with AMD Standard 013.

- a. Find the curb weight on each wheel of a given axle;
- b. Divide the weight of each wheel by the total curb weight of both wheels (i.e., curb



- weight of the axle), times (X) 100 = percentage of weight on each side;
- c. Subtract the smaller percentage from the larger percentage;
  - d. This is the percent difference between the left and right side of the axle. If this difference is 5 percent or less, that particular axle's weight distribution has met the provisions of 3.5.4.

#### **4.4.4 ROAD TEST.**

The vehicle shall be subjected to a minimum 241 km (150 mile) road test of which 121 km (75 miles) shall be continuous miles on paved highways at highway speeds up to 113 km/hr (70 mph); 48 km (30 miles) on city streets; 24 km (15 miles) on gravel or dirt roads at speeds up to at least 56 km/hr (35 mph); and not less than 8 km (5 miles) in simulated or actual cross-country operation at speeds applicable to the terrain. Cross-country operation is defined as travel over open fields, rolling and side-sloping hills, rough and muddy terrain. Class 2 vehicles shall demonstrate cross-country operation in 4-wheel drive for an additional 32 km (20 miles). Ambulances shall meet performance requirements specified in 3.4.4 through 3.4.10 during road tests or by certification. Balance of the 241 km (150 miles) road test may be accumulated during other tests and checks requiring vehicle movements. After completion of the road test, vehicle shall be subjected to the water spray test (see 4.4.5). Road test may be performed at any ambient temperature.

##### **4.4.4.1 TEST FAILURE OF FIRST AMBULANCE.**

Vehicle utilized for the road test shall successfully complete 241 km (150 miles) of test. Rejection of the test vehicle shall be for deficiencies, including but not limited to the following:

- a. Damage caused by collision.
  - b. Failure of any major component.
  - c. Vibration due to misalignment of wheels, frame, driveshaft, or defective tires, etc.
- 76**  
KKK-A-1822 E
- d. Vibration due to type of body construction or mounting.
  - e. Evidence of abnormal tire wear due to misalignment or unbalanced wheels/tires.
  - f. Failure of any vehicular safety device such as brakes, steering assembly, windshield washers and wipers, or electrical circuits.
  - g. Evidence of structural weakness in any part of the vehicle, vehicle components, or accessories.
  - h. Loose mountings of parts or accessories due to workmanship or vehicular operation.
  - i. Failure of any vehicular performance requirements.

##### **4.4.5 WATER SPRAY TEST.**

The ambulance shall be subjected to a water spray test in accordance with AMD Standard 010 for a minimum of 15 minutes. The spray shall be delivered by nozzles operating at 172 kPa (25 psi) water pressure, sufficient in number and placed approximately 91 cm (3 ft) from the body to afford full coverage of sides, roof, front, rear, and undercarriage of the vehicle. Ambulance undergoing quality conformance inspection (see 4.2.3) shall be subjected to water spray test for not less than 2 minutes duration. Evidence of water leakage shall be cause for rejection until leaks are corrected.

##### **4.4.6 OXYGEN SYSTEM TEST.**

The installed medical oxygen piping and outlet system (see 3.12.1) shall be leak tested at 1033 kPa (150 psi) pressure, for a time period of four hours. The system shall be tested in accordance with AMD Standard 015 with dry air or nitrogen gas or equal and kept decontaminated. After the successful completion of tests, the system shall be capped then tagged with date and signature of person and firm performing the tests.

### **5.1 PREPARATION.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-bbb), the ambulance(s) shall be preserved and packaged for mobile delivery in accordance with the supplier's standard commercial practice, insuring carrier acceptance and safe delivery to destination in compliance with regulations applicable to the mode of transportation.

## **Preparation for Delivery 5.**

## **Notes 6.**

### **6.1 INTENDED USE OF SPECIFICATION.**

The intended use of this specification is to define and procure a certified "Star of Life" ambulance.

#### **6.1.1 FEDERAL SPECIFICATION COVERAGE.**

This Federal specification does not include all the varieties of Emergency Medical Services vehicles commercially available as may be indicated by the title of the document. This specification covers only the ambulances approved to display the "Star of Life" symbols and purchased, to provide ambulance services, under contract, and funded /authorized by the Federal and State Governments of the United States.

#### **6.1.2 PRECAUTIONS AND OBSERVATIONS..**

Purchasers should read the entire document before requisitioning an ambulance, in order to be knowledgeable of just what equipment is standard, and which options need to be exercised. Due to the variety of ambulance equipment or features, some options may be incompatible with the model desired (reference chassis and ambulance manufacturer's data books).

#### **6.1.3 DEFINITION OF GOVERNMENT-PURCHASER**

Government or purchaser as used in the context of this document means the Federal, State, or political subdivision Government, or any purchaser who cites this specification.

### **6.2 ORDERING DATA.**

Purchasers should prepare their procurement document(s) (specification, requisition, contract) in the following sequence. Select the preferred options and provide the necessary information requested:

- a. Title, number, and date of this specification and amendment number, if any.
- b. Quantity, Type (I, II or III, I-AD, III-AD), and Class (1 or 2), of the ambulance required (see 1.2.1) and chassis brand if desired.

See 3.1.2 thru 3.1.4.

c. Patient compartment configuration A (ALS) or B (BLS). B (BLS is standard on all types). If ALS is required (on Types I & III), specify Configuration A (see 3.1.5).

**79**

KKK-A-1822 E

**NOTE: TYPE II VEHICLES MAY BE ORDERED WITH SOME ALS FEATURES DEPENDING ON MANUFACTURER.**

d. Special performance requirements and/or other chassis that may be needed for special use applications such as carrying additional rescue/extrication equipment or heavily equipped patient/neonatal transport ambulances (see 3.4.1).

e. Fuel range. OEM manufacturers maximum fuel tanks shall be standard. Specify if reduced fuel capacity required (see 3.4.9 & 3.6.4.4).

f. Length. Standard maximum length is 671 cm (22 ft.). Specify if additional length is required for specific applications (see 3.4.11.1).

g. Width. For modular units, wide bodies on wide track axles are standard. Specify if a narrower body on a dual or single rear wheel chassis is required (see 3.4.11.2).

h. Height. 279 cm (110") is the maximum standard height. Specify if other heights are required, e.g. for air transportability (see 3.4.11.3).

i. Payload. Purchaser may specify additional payload if available from manufacturer for a specific model or a medium-duty chassis when available (see 3.5.2).

j. Engine power unit (diesel is standard). Only if absolutely necessary should a gasoline engine be specified (see 3.6.3 to 3.6.3.4).

k. Air pollution controls. Cite where ambulance will operate, State and county, and/or if for export, name country (see 3.6.4.3 and 3.22.2).

l. Drive train and transmission. Automatic transmission is standard for all models. Specify if a manual transmission or other drive train options are required, other than that specified. Check manufacturer's data (see 3.6.5 through 3.6.5.9).

m. Wheels/Axles. Wide, dual rear wheel axles are standard equipment on all Type I and III units (3.6.5.6). Specify if a narrow dual, or a single rear wheel axle is specifically desired. NOTE: Ambulance body widths are established in 3.4.11.2. Specify if narrow, modular type bodies with single or dual rear wheels is required.

n. Tires. "All Season" steel belted radials are standard for all models. Chassis manufacturer's O.E. mud and snow, or all purpose type tires may be desirable and specified on 4x4 vehicles (see 3.6.8 to 3.6.12).

o. Spare. Purchaser may state specific location of spare/wheel, when furnished, or delete requirement for spare tire. NOTE: Purchaser should consult with ambulance manufacturer since moving spare can affect weight distribution of the vehicle (see 3.6.10).

p. Intermittent wipers. Specify if required. See 3.7.4.

q. Electrical generating system. Suppliers are required to provide adequate generating capacity in ambulances as manufactured; if reserve generating capacity is desired for owner installed electrical devices beyond that already provided, specify minimum, additional, generating capacity required (see 3.7.6).

r. Battery location. Specify other locations (see 3.7.7).

**80**

KKK-A-1822 E

s. 12 Volt DC power. Specify if other than standard 12 volt DC outlets, military type connector, or higher current capacity is required to power medical equipment, etc. (see 3.7.7.3).

t. Patient compartment controls. Specify if other than standard EMT panel/controls, instruments, etc. are required (see 3.7.10).

u. Electromagnetic Radiation Type Certification by equipment and ambulance manufacturers is standard. Specify if entire vehicle shall be tested. (see 3.7.12).

v. Warning lights. Red, clear, and amber lights are standard. Specify other color(s) only if required by State or local regulations. Specify strobe, LED, HID, or quartz halogen. Specify if other automatic switching arrangements are required (see 3.8 through 3.8.2.5).

Specify if automatic primary to secondary mode and automatic day/night switching arrangements are required. Standard system includes manual "Primary" and "Secondary" mode switch and, on strobe systems, a day/night dimming switch (see 3.8.2.3). Specify if a second rear amber is required.

**NOTE: ADDITIONAL WARNING LIGHTS/ SYSTEMS ARE NOT NECESSARY AND SHOULD NOT BE SPECIFIED IN ORDER TO AVOID OVERLOADING THE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM, AND REDUCING USABLE PAYLOAD.**

w. Flood and Loading Lights. Specify if two flood lights per side and two patient loading lights on the rear are required. (See 3.8.3)

x. Seats. Specify if bench type seat is desired or permitted on Type I vehicles. Specify if high back bucket type seats are required and specify if other than vinyl type upholstery is desired or acceptable (see 3.9.3).

y. Mirrors. Specify if other than standard mirrors are required, e.g. West Coast, integral convex, heated mirrors, etc. (see 3.9.5).

z. Bumpers and steps. On Class 2 vehicles, specify if other than standard step height is necessary for increased departure angles, e.g. severe off road use, air transportability (see 3.9.6).

aa. Fenders. Required per specification. Specify type (see 3.9.7.1).

bb. EMT Seating. Specify other than standard requirements. Specify if integral EMT/ child safety seat is required (see 3.10.3).

cc. Patient compartment length. 310 cm (122") is minimum required. Specify additional requirements (see 3.10.4).

**NOTE: COMPARTMENT LENGTHS LESS THAN 310 cm (122") COULD RESULT IN REAR DOOR INTERFERENCE WITH TRACTION SPLINTS ON TALL PATIENTS.**

**81**

KKK-A-1822 E

dd. Patient compartment height. Minimum height of 152 cm (60") required, specify additional requirements (see 3.10.4).

ee. Body construction. Aluminum is standard for modular ambulances. Specify if other materials are required or permitted (see 3.10.5 and 3.10.6).

ff. Dual hinged doors are standard on Type II. Specify if sliding door is required (see 3.10.8). Specify if other door opening widths/configurations are required for specific applications.

gg. Windows. Specify if other than standard, tinted, or when opening windows are

required or permitted (see 3.10.14).

hh. Walkthru on Type II & III is standard. Specify if walkthru deletion is required (see 3.10.15 thru 3.10.15.2). When walkthru is deleted, a pass thru window shall be furnished and additional compartments above and below the window can be furnished as specified by the purchaser.

ii. Interior and exterior storage accommodations. Specify any specific additional requirements (see 3.11.1 to 3.11.4).

jj. Stretchers, cots, and litters. Specify specific cot fastening device, item(s) required, and any upgrading features preferred (see 3.10.1, 3.11.5 to 3.11.7, and 3.15.4 M10, M16, M21). Cots are optional and not standard with vehicle. Cot fastener is standard. Specify specific model.

kk. Oxygen system (on board). Specify if other than "M" size bottle and other than manufacturer's standard location (see 3.12.1).

ll. Oxygen. Quick disconnect fitting for action wall and specified accessories. Specify type (see 3.12.1)

mm. Portable oxygen unit. Specify location of portable oxygen unit and spare bottle if other than location in 3.12.2.

nn. Suction aspirator system, electrically powered type, is standard. Gasoline powered vehicles may use engine vacuum systems (see 3.12.3 to 3.12.4).

oo. Air conditioning. Auxiliary Condenser. Specify if auxiliary condenser is required (see 3.13.5.1).

pp. Patient compartment sound level criteria. Specify if more stringent patient compartment sound level limits are required (see 3.13.8).

qq. Communication equipment. Two-way radio, telemetry modulator (local purchase of radio equipment and installations is recommended). Specify if contractor is to furnish and install the radio(s), and cite brand(s) acceptable, power output, frequencies needed, etc. Give complete details and provide a coordinator name, address, and telephone number (see 3.14 to 3.14.4). One antenna lead is standard. Specify additional antenna leads and locations. Specify location(s) of portable radio battery charging circuit leads (see 3.7.7.1, and 3.7.7.2).

rr. Siren. Specify if foot switch, or other siren upgrading features are required (see 3.14.6).

## **82**

### **KKK-A-1822 E**

ss. Additional systems, equipment, accessories, and supplies (see 3.15 through 3.15.4). Cite additional parameters, brand, model numbers, and/or equal, and details. User should be aware that additional equipment reduces usable payload capacity and if electrically operated reduces spare or reserve capacity that may be available and requires additional generating capacity (see 3.15.1).

1. Specify if automatically adjustable backup alarm is required. (Fixed sound level is standard) (see 3.15.2 d.)

2. Select optional vehicle equipment desired (see 3.15.3).

3. Select optional medical equipment desired (see 3.15.4).

tt. Paint. White-Orange is standard. Only if absolutely necessary, specify other requirements. Reflective tape may be specified for the orange band (see 3.16.2).

uu. Rustproofing. If required. Undercoating is standard, (see 3.18).

vv. Markings, data plates, and warranty notices. Specify if additional or military markings

are required (see 3.19).

ww. Manuals and handbooks. State if chassis manufacturer's complete repair manual and/or parts book(s) are required (see 3.20).

xx. Special requirements. State any other additions and permitted changes or deletions in the specification (see 3.22).

yy. Overseas vehicle requirements. Select requirements (see 3.6.3.4 and 3.22.1 through 3.22.3.1), include tiedown points, liftpoint requirements, additional safety requirements and fuel requirements for the consignees location.

zz. Quality assurance provisions. Specify classification of inspection desired (see 4 through 4.2.7).

1. Source inspection (see 4.2.1) or

2. Destination examination (see 4.2.2).

aaa. First production ambulance inspection. State if required. If quantity contract see 4.2.5.

bbb. Preparation for delivery. Specify if different (see 5.1). State mode of delivery preferred.

ccc. Procurement requirements (see 6.3). Specify other purchaser's contractual requirements.

ddd. Foreign use. State any additional or different warranty requirements for foreign use applications see 6.4.3).

eee. Statement of origin. Specify if other ownership documents are required and locations to which they shall be forwarded.

fff. Light Emitting Diodes (LED) Stop, Tail, Directional, and Marker Lights (see 3.8.1). Specify LED lighting for reduced current draw and lifetime durability.

ggg. Automatic tire chains. Specify if an automatic tire chain system is required. (see 3.6.11).

**83**

KKK-A-1822 E

### **6.3 PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENTS.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-ccc) in the invitation for bids, contract, or orders, the following are contractual requirements (see 6.4 through 6.6), except in those instances where it is determined by the purchaser that inclusion thereof would not be to the best interests of the Government or purchaser.

### **6.4 WARRANTY.**

#### **6.4.1 WARRANTY COVERAGE.**

The contractor shall warrant the vehicle and furnished equipment against parts failure or malfunction due to design, construction, or installation errors, defective workmanship, and missing or incorrect parts (exceptions, see 6.4.4) for a minimum period of 12 months, and 15 months for vehicles outside the contiguous (48) United States and District of Columbia from date of acceptance\*, or 12,000 miles of operation, exclusive of any authorized accumulated driveway mileage, whichever occurs first. However, if the contractor received from any supplier or subcontractor additional warranty on the whole or any component of the vehicle, in the form of time and/or mileage, including any prorate arrangements, or the contractor generally extends to his commercial customers a greater or extended warranty coverage, the Government/purchaser shall receive corresponding warranty benefits.

\*The warranty begins when the Government/purchaser accepts the vehicle from the



contractor FOB point of origin/destination (see 3.19).

**6.4.2 DOMESTIC USE.**

When vehicles are used within the 50 States of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, the warranty shall include the furnishing, without cost to the Government/purchaser (FOB contractor's nearest dealer or branch to vehicle's location or station) new parts and assemblies to replace any that failed or malfunctioned within the warranty period. In addition, when the Government/purchaser elects to have the work performed at the contractor's plant, branch, dealer, or with the contractor's approval, (i) to correct the defect itself or (ii) to have it corrected by a commercial facility, the cost of the labor involved in the replacement of the failed or malfunctioned parts or assemblies shall be borne by the contractor.

**6.4.3 FOREIGN USE.**

Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-ddd), when vehicles are used outside the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, the warranty shall include the furnishing of new parts or assemblies to replace any returned to the contractor which failed or malfunctioned within the warranty period. The replacement parts or assemblies shall be delivered by the contractor to the port of embarkation in the United States designated by the purchaser. The contractor shall not be required to bear the cost of the labor involved in correcting defects in vehicles operated in foreign countries.

**84**

KKK-A-1822 E

**6.4.4 WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS.**

Unless within the additional coverage under 6.4.1, the following items are considered normal maintenance and repair for which the contractor need not assume liability for reimbursing the Government/purchaser regardless of the vehicle age or mileage:

- a. Abuse, negligence, or un-approved alteration of original parts;
- b. Damage from accidents;
- c. Standard brake and clutch adjustments;
- d. General tightening, headlamp adjustments;
- e. Wheel alignment or tire balancing;
- f. Tires, batteries, medical supplies and equipment, and radio(s) (if warranted by their manufacturers;
- g. Miscellaneous expense such as fuel, towing, telephone, travel, lodging, or loss of personal property.

**6.4.5 WARRANTY EXTENSION.**

In addition to the warranty provisions specified, the following shall also apply:

- a. The ambulance chassis, chassis components (power train, etc.) and applicable body and cab shall be warranted and implemented in accordance with the original chassis manufacturer's standard warranty.
- b. For vehicle(s) located within a country which has branch, dealer, or approved contractor service facilities, the cost of labor, parts, and materials involved in correcting warranted defects shall be borne by the contractor (see 6.4.3).
- c. If action to effect repairs under warranty (except item a, chassis above) is not initiated within seven (7) working days by a dealer or supplier and completed within a reasonable length of time, or if the contractor does not have repair facilities in the city or county in which the vehicle operates, and in the event of emergency or dire

need for the vehicle, the Government/purchaser reserves the right to make such repair, and be reimbursed by the contractor as follows:

If work is performed at a Government/purchaser facility, at the rate of \$25.00 per hour for labor based on the manufacturer's flat rate time schedule, and full cost of expenditures for parts and material; or actual labor time and materials, for repairs of nonscheduled operations, or when warranty services are performed at a commercial facility because no contractor facility is available, the new cost of the correction will be billed to the contractor.

#### **6.5 REPAIR PARTS AND SERVICE.**

As a continuous operation of the vehicle described by this specification is of utmost importance for the successful bidder to be in a position to render prompt service and to furnish replacement parts. Accordingly, bidders shall indicate the extent of their ability to render prompt service by furnishing a list of branch offices or agencies where complete stocks of repair parts are maintained and can be secured within a reasonable time after

**85**

**KKK-A-1822 E**

ordering by part number from the manufacturer's part book and at such discount as may be quoted from year to year by the manufacturer of the vehicle purchased under this specification.

#### **6.6 STATEMENT OF ORIGIN OR BILL OF SALE.**

A manufacturer's Statement of Origin or Bill of Sale showing the applicable purchase order number is required for each vehicle procured under this specification. Unless otherwise specified (see 6.2-eee), such documents shall be forwarded to the consignee.

#### **6.7 OXYGEN TANKS.**

Following are the approximate dimensions, weights, and capacities of the various size oxygen cylinders referenced in this specification:

#### **6.8 REFERENCE HANDBOOK.**

The handbook and all the material referenced in this specification (see 3.20) for the model ambulance furnished shall be provided in an 21.6 x 28 cm (8 1/2 x 11 in.), 3-ring, hard cover, loose-leaf binder, inscribed with the complete address and telephone number of the manufacturer and shall contain the following:

1. Table of contents.
2. Copy of supplier's invoice/date of delivery including chassis.
3. Manufacturer's "Star of Life" certification of compliance statement.
4. Ambulance manufacturer's illustrative, pictorial literature and a copy of predelivery inspection/test form signed by inspector.
5. Complete specification KKK-A-1822E and all amendments including purchaser's specifications and modifications, in effect for date of manufacture.

#### **OXYGEN CYLINDERS D M H**

Outside diameter (cm/inch) 11/4.5 18/7 23/9

Overall Heights, without valve (cm/inch) 51/20 119/47 142/56

Capacity (gallons) 95 800 1,825

Capacity (liters) 360 3,000 6,900

Capacity, flow @ 10 liters/min. (minutes) 30 325 700

Capacity (cubic feet) 13 106 244

Weight, empty (kg/pounds) 5.9/13 34/75 54/119

Weight, full (kg/pounds) 6.3/14 37.6/83 61.3/135

**86**

KKK-A-1822 E

6. Conditions of sale and contract (unless otherwise specified).
7. Shipping papers.
8. List of ambulance manufacturer's service points (see 6.5).
9. Copy of chassis manufacturer's warranty and owner manual.
10. Final stage manufacturer's components and equipment information (hardware, fixture, etc.) including supplier's part numbers.
11. Complete wiring diagrams and schematics (3.7.2).
12. Manufacturer's operating and servicing instructions for the entire ambulance, electrical system(s) of the ambulance, components, devices, and equipment aboard, etc., including each equipment manufacturer's data.

All contents of the handbook that cannot be punched with three holes shall be secured in plastic leaves.

#### **6.9 CHANGES AND AMENDMENTS.**

When a using agency or purchaser considers that this specification requires revision, a written request for change or additions to the document supported by adequate justification should be sent to the General Services Administration, Automotive Center, Engineering Division (FFAE), Washington, DC 20406, for appropriate action. The agency will be informed of action taken. New and revised information regarding this specification may be issued from time to time under an amendment to the Federal Specification. These amendments are identified by the same number and title as the document and are on green paper. Amendments should be retained until such time as the entire document is revised.

#### **Military Coordination Activity: Custodian & Preparing Activity:**

Army - AT GSA-FSS-FFAE

#### **Activities: Civil Agency Activities:**

Air Force - 84-99 USDA - APHIS

Army - AT-EL-CR-ER-MD Interior - BIA

Navy - YD-MC State Department - AID

DOT - NHTSA-EMS

DOE

HHS-EMS-IHS

VA-OSS

DC Government

Federal Interagency Committee on Emergency

Medical Services (FICEMS)

#### **Non-Federal Activities:**

Ambulance Manufacturers

Division, National Truck

Equipment Association

(AMD/NTEA);

American Ambulance

Association (AAA)